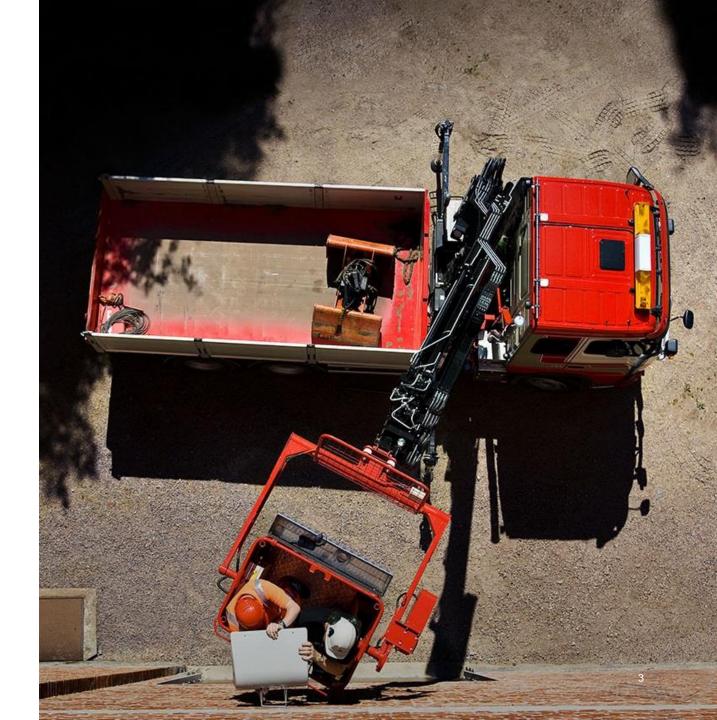


Content

- 1. Cargotec in brief
- 2. Investment highlights
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor
- 6. Recent progress
- 7. Appendix





Cargotec in brief





Strong global player with well-balanced business

Sales:

EUR 3,683 million

EBIT: 7.2%

Kalmar

Sales: **EUR 1,723 million** EBIT: **9.4%** (EUR 161.8 million)

Hiab

Sales: EUR 1,350 million

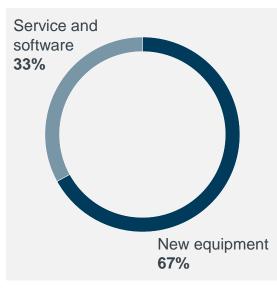
EBIT: 12.6% (EUR 170.2 million)

MacGregor

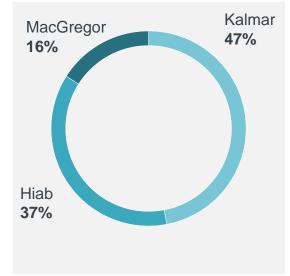
Sales: EUR 611 million

EBIT: -4.6% (EUR -28.2 million)

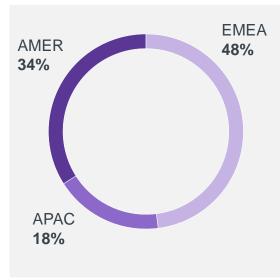
Sales split: new equipment vs service and software



Sales by business areas



Sales by geographical area



Strengths we are building upon

Leading market positions in all segments

Strong brands

Loyal customers

Leading in technology



Key competitors

Cargotec is a leading player in all of its business areas











WHYSTER-YALE



LIEBHERR







Other competitors



kinz





























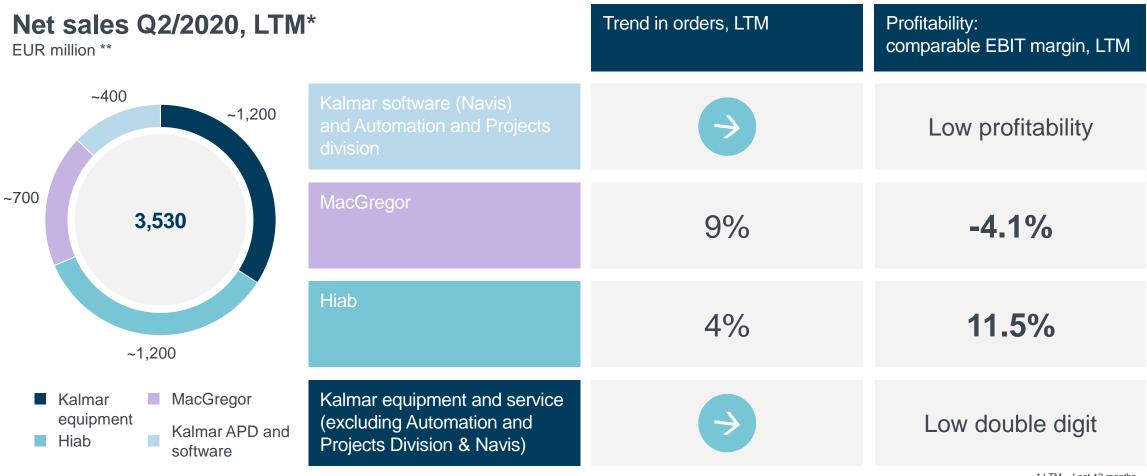








Currently two businesses performing well

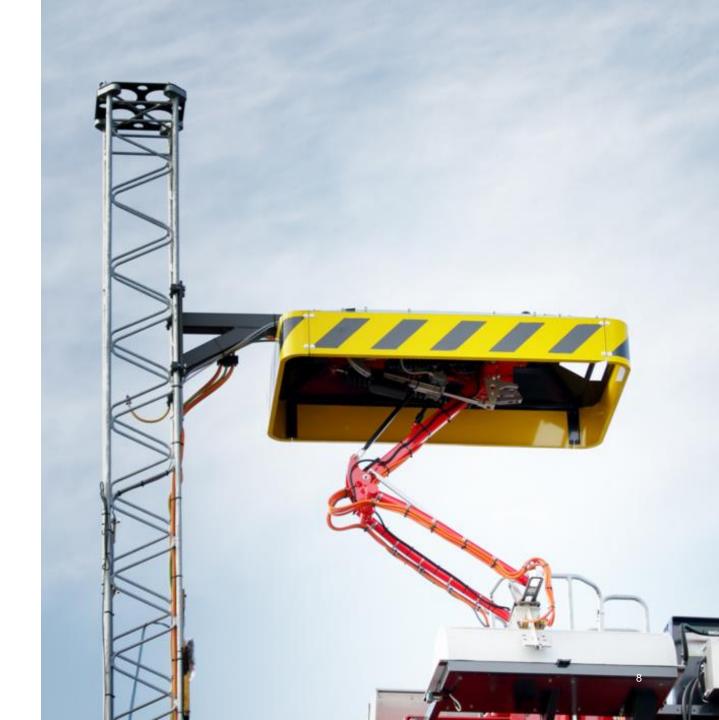




* LTM = Last 12 months

** Figures rounded to closest 100 million

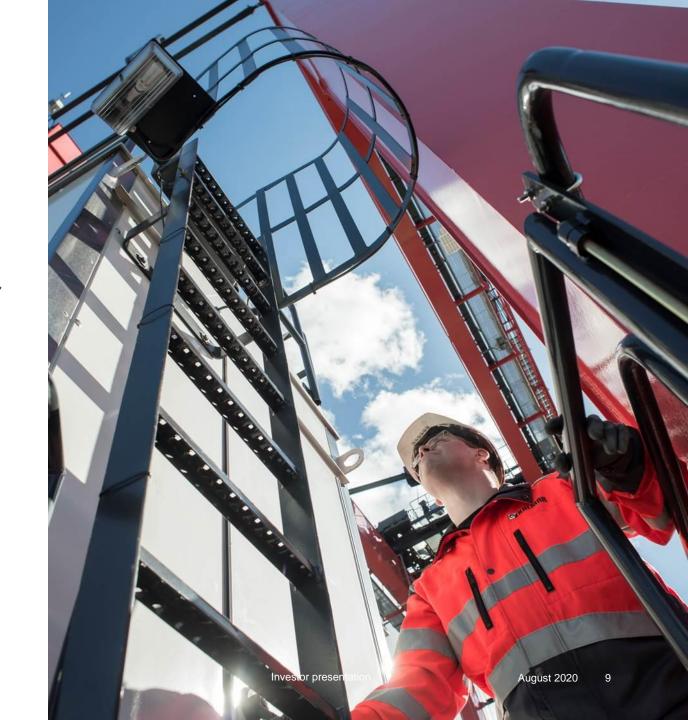
Investment highlights





Investment highlights: Why invest in Cargotec?

- Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential
- 2. Our vision is to become the global leader in intelligent cargo handling
- 3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability
- 4. Capitalising global opportunities for future automation and software growth
- 5. On track for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets





1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential

Global megatrends

- Globalisation and trade growth
- Urbanisation
- Growing middle class

Growth drivers

- Container throughput growth
- Construction activity
- Automation
- Digitalisation

Competitive advantages

- Strong brands
- Full automation offering
- Technology leadership

Market position

#1 or #2 in all major segments



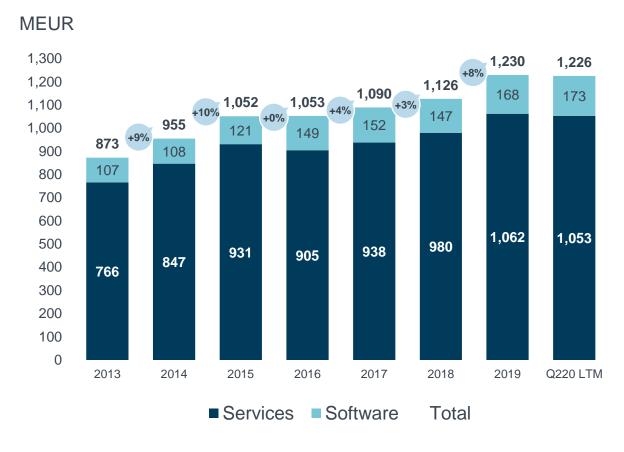
2. Our vision is to become the global leader in intelligent cargo handling

VISION	GLOBAL LEADER IN INTELLIGENT CARGO HANDLING		
	WIN THROUGH CUSTOMER CENTRICITY	ACCELERATE DIGITALISATION	
MUST-WIN	We help our customers achieve their goals by aligning our offering and way of working to serve them better.	We build and expand our digital solutions to offer a great customer experience and more efficient business processes.	
BATTLES	ADVANCE IN SERVICES	PRODUCTIVITY FOR GROWTH	
	We extend our offering towards intelligent solutions that enable us to serve our customers wide across their lifecycle.	We focus on activities that add value and benefit our customers and us by developing our business operations and common platforms.	



3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability

Service and software* sales



Asset-light business model with a flexible cost structure

- Kalmar and Hiab: efficient assembly operation
- MacGregor: efficient project management and engineering office: > 90% of manufacturing and 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced
- No in-house component manufacturing

Next steps to increase service and software sales:

- Improve service offering through digital solutions
- Build on Navis position as industry leader
- Increase spare parts capture rates
- Boost service contract attachment rates



4. Capitalising global opportunities for future automation and software growth

Industry trends support growth in port automation:

- Only 40 terminals (out of 1,200 terminals) are automated or semiautomated currently globally
- Ships are becoming bigger and the peak loads have become an issue
- Increasing focus on safety
- Customers require decreasing energy usage and zero emission ports
- Optimum efficiency, space utilization and reduction of costs are increasingly important
- Shortage and cost of trained and skilled labour pushes terminals to automation

Significant possibility in port software:

- Container value chain is very inefficient: total value of waste and inefficiency estimated at ~EUR 17bn
- Over 50% of port software market is in-house, in long term internal solutions not competitive
- Navis has leading position in port ERP

Customers consider their automation decisions carefully

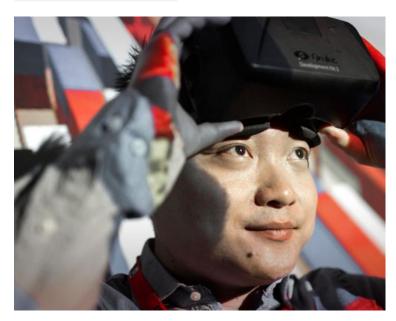
- Shipping line consolidation
- Utilisation rates of the existing equipment base
- Container throughput volumes
- Efficiency of the automation solutions

Automation creates significant cost savings*

Labour costs	60% less labour costs

Total costs 24% le

Profit increase 125%



* Change when manual terminal converted into an automated operation



5. Clear plan for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets

Growth

Target to grow faster than market

- Megatrends and strong market position supporting organic growth
- M&A potential

Service and software

Targeting service and software sales 40% of net sales, minimum EUR 1.5 billion in 3-5 years*

Balance sheet and dividend

Target gearing < 50% and increasing dividend in the range of 30-50% of EPS, dividend paid twice a year

Profitability

Target 10% operating profit and 15% ROCE in 3-5 years*

Higher service and software sales key driver for profitability improvement

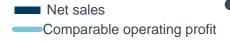
Cost savings actions:

 2020 EUR 30 million (indirect purchasing and new Business Services operations)

Product re-design and improved project management

Sales and comparable operating profit development





 Comparable operating profit margin

*Target announced in September 2017



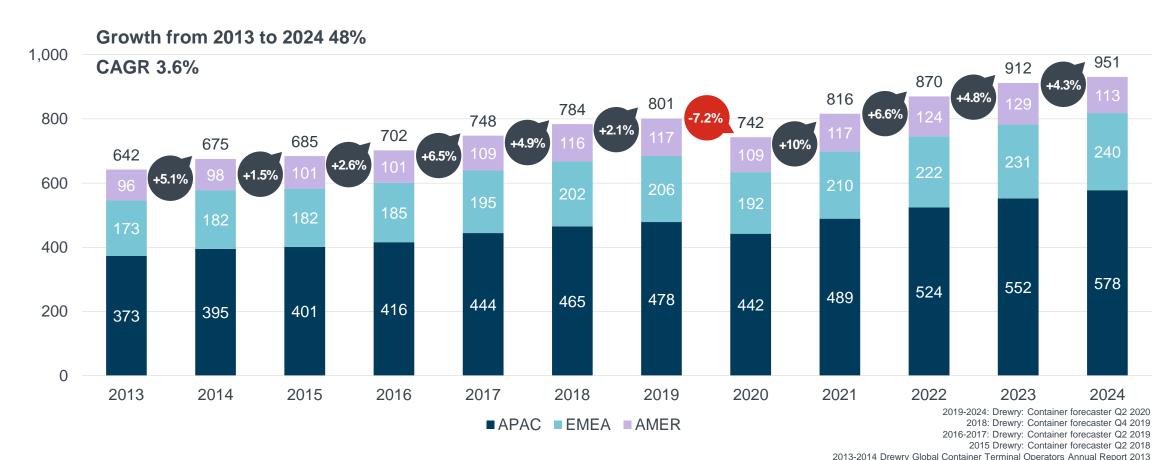
Kalmar





Container throughput to be impacted by COVID-19 situation but forecasted to recover

TEU million





Cargotec to evaluate strategic options for Navis business

- Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the evaluation is paused and we return to it later (situation 17 July 2020).
- Cargotec will review alternative development paths including new ownership structures and a potential sale of Navis business
- The aim of the strategic evaluation is to secure best possible growth and value creation for the next development phase for Navis
- Cargotec's investment since 2011 has enabled Navis to become the market leader in terminal operating systems (TOS), and more than doubled revenue to EUR 115 million in 2019
- Cargotec's other software business will not be part of the evaluation





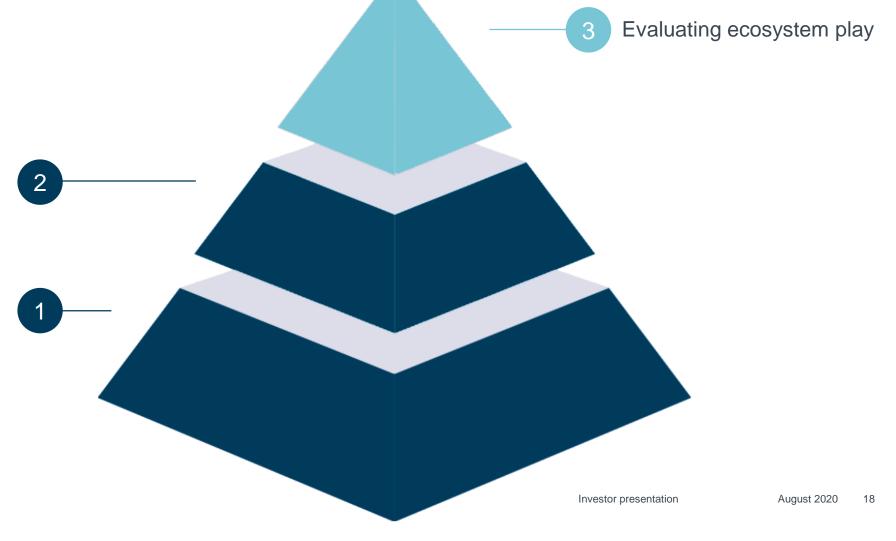
Committed to become the leader in intelligent cargo handling – evaluating future options for value creation

Increased focus on intelligent solutions and system level optimisation.

Availability and performance-based solutions and services

Advanced robotics

Continuous development of equipment, spare parts and maintenance services

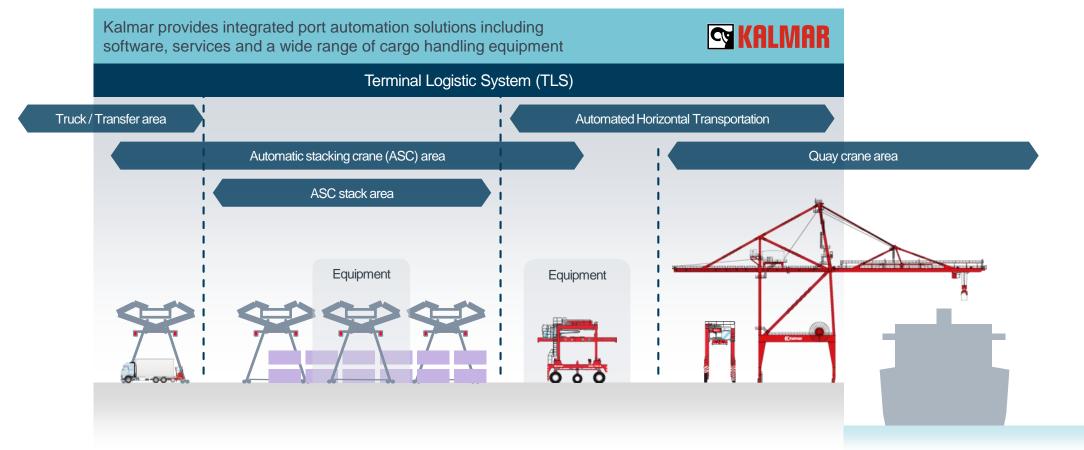




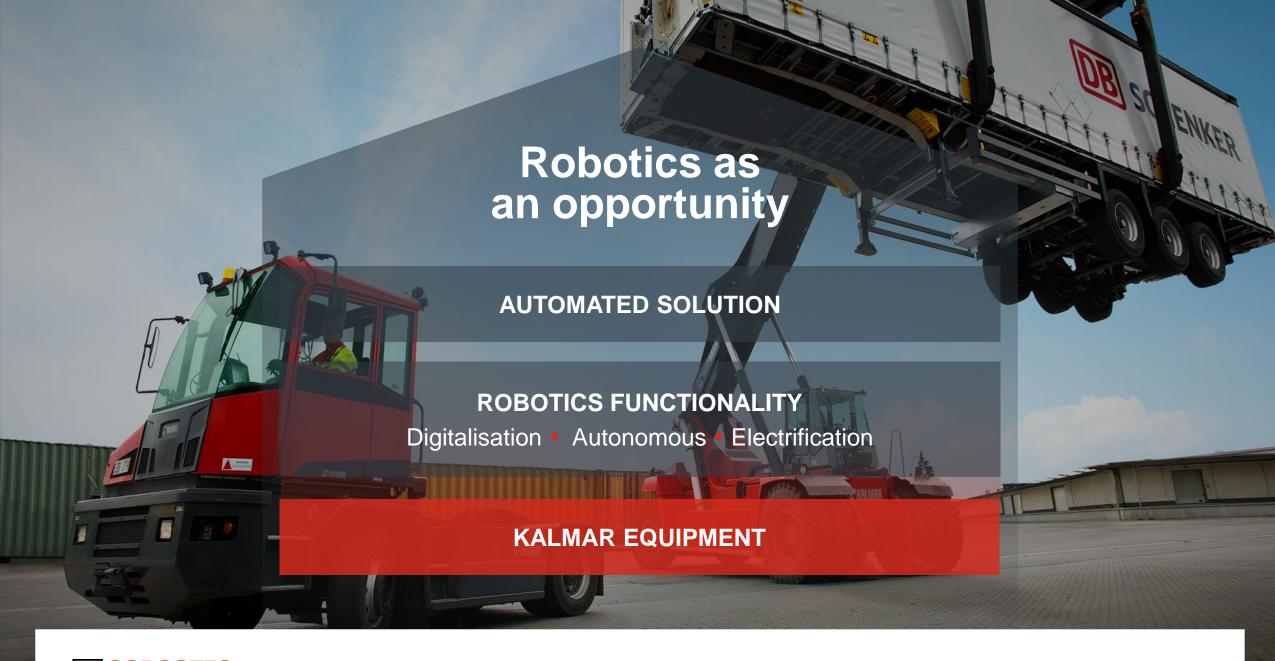
Kalmar provides integrated port automation solutions also after potential divestment of Navis

Terminal Operating System (TOS) coordinates and optimizes the planning and management of container and equipment moves











Towards new business models



Virtual capability

engineering



Validated output



High-speed commission



Connected services



De/Re commission

Simultaneous

Optimised solution

Faster return on capital

Increased uptime

Replacement upgrade

A digital life of the customer



Services provide our biggest medium-term growth opportunity



Market share

Equipment & Projects

20-30%



Software

20-30%



Services

3-5%

Market size

6B€

0.5-1B€

8B€



Automation deals highlight our successful investments in automation

Kalmar and Navis to deliver world-first intermodal automation solution to Sydney, Australia

Greenfield intermodal terminal, Qube's Moorebank Logistics Park

First fully automated intermodal terminal in the world

Kalmar OneTerminal contract, including Navis N4 TOS

All equipment can be operated electrically on local solar power

Order value EUR 80 million, booked in Q2 2018

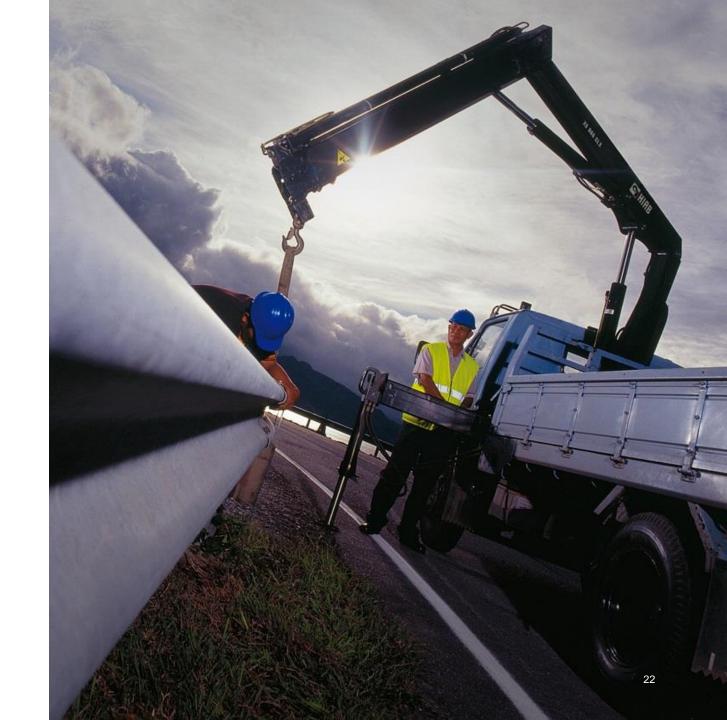
Fully digitalised and autonomous container handling solution with software and services to Yara

Solution enables autonomous, cost efficient and emission-free operations of the Yara Birkeland container ship in Norway



Hiab

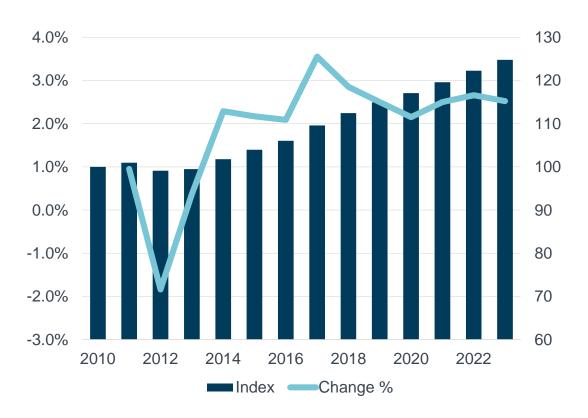




Construction output driving growth opportunity

EMEA construction output

y/y change (%)



AMER construction output

y/y change (%)







Strong global market position and customers across diverse industries



Industry segment indicative sales mix 2018 Most important segments Construction and **Building Material Delivery Logistic** Waste & Recycling Timber, Paper & Pulp Defense Logistic Road & Rail Other



Attractive megatrends and growth drivers

MEGA TRENDS

MARKET GROWTH

KEY SEGMENTS

PRODUCT OFFERING

SERVICE SOLUTIONS



- Urbanisation and Consumption growth driving needs for efficiency
- Digitalisation and Connectivity enabling new business solutions
- North America and main European markets continue to grow
- Developing markets strong load handling equipment penetration potential
- Construction, Waste & Recycling, Logistics and Governmental business segments show continued growth projection
- New applications market and segment growth potential
- Developing for increasing demand in Electrification and Automation
- Growing demand for comprehensive life-cycle service offerings and tailored business solutions



Hiab's key growth drivers



Cranes

Gain market share in big loader cranes and crane core markets



Tail lifts

Enter fast growing emerging markets and standardise and globalise business model



Truck-mounted forklifts

Accelerate penetration in North America and Europe

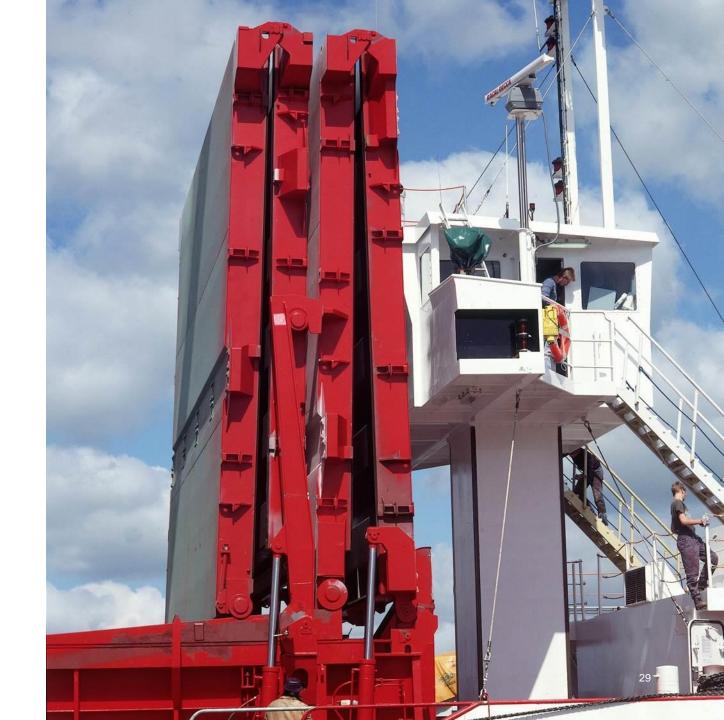


Services

Increase spare parts capture rates driven by connectivity and e-commerce



MacGregor





We are an active leader in all maritime segments

~2/3 of sales ~1/3 of sales

Merchant Cargo Flow



- Container cargo
- Bulk cargo
- General cargo
- Liquid cargo
- RoRo cargo

Marine People Flow



- Ferry
- Cruise
- Superyachts

Naval Logistics and Operations

#1-2

- Naval & Military
 Supplies Logistics
- Naval & Military Operations Support
- Ship-to-ship transfer

Offshore Energy



Marine Resources & Structures

#1-2

- Oil & Gas
- Renewables

- Research
- Fishery
- Aquaculture
- Mining

Lifecycle Services













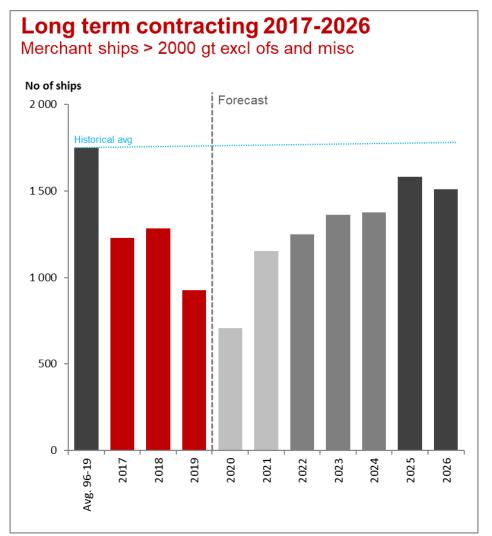


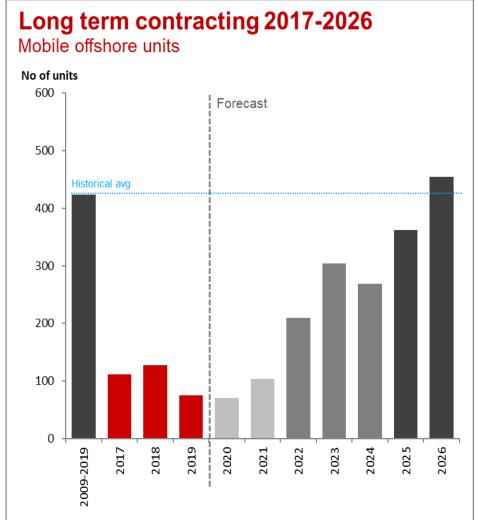
Picture: Equinor



Merchant Ships and Offshore contracting – short-term challenges

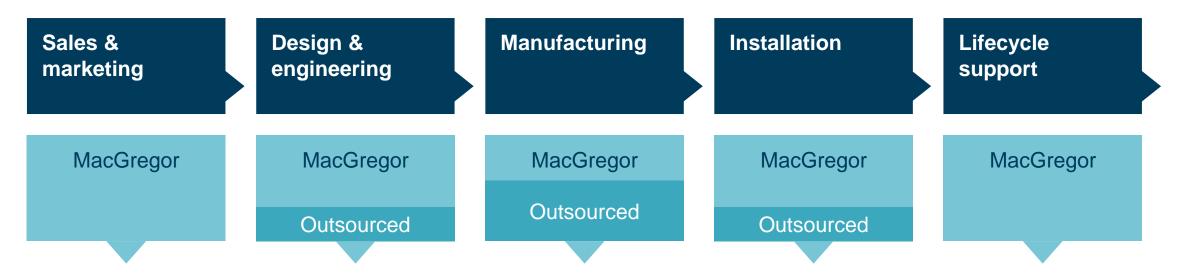
Increased uncertainty and weakening global economy limit ship owners' interest to invest







MacGregor's asset-light business model gives flexibility



Cost-efficient scaling

90% of manufacturing outsourced

30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced



Planned MacGregor cost savings

The potential cost savings in 2020 are estimated to be around EUR 18 million. 7 MEUR from cost savings achieved during H1, remaining 11 MEUR expected for H2

Potential cost savings from the TTS integration

- EUR ~12 million in 2020
- EUR ~10 million in 2021
- EUR ~5 million in 2022–2024

TTS integration cost synergy components

- Roles/Positions
- Facilities
- Supply chain





Recent progress





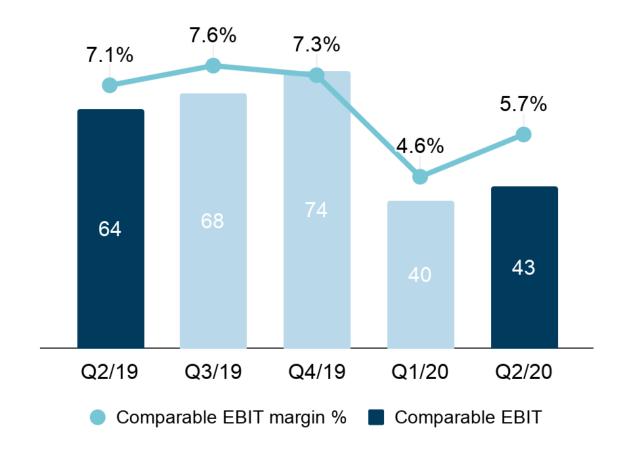
Highlights of Q2 2020 – Strong Covid-19 impact in early Q2, gradual improvement throughout the quarter

Orders received decreased by 27%

Sales decreased by 17% compared to Q2/2019 level

Comparable operating profit decreased by 33%

- Kalmar -7 MEUR from Q2/2019
- Hiab -26 MEUR from Q2/2019
- MacGregor +7 MEUR from Q2/2019





The coronavirus pandemic affected Cargotec in Q2/20

Safety of our personnel and customers top priority

Group-wide focus on safeguarding business continuity, cash flow and adjusting cost structure

Temporary cost savings effective, approximately 10 MEUR per month

Demand recovering month-by-month

- Uncertainty and restrictions set by authorities slowed decision making and weakened orders received
- No major order cancellations
- Europe and APAC more robust than Americas
- Services and software relatively stable

Our delivery capability improved during the course of Q2

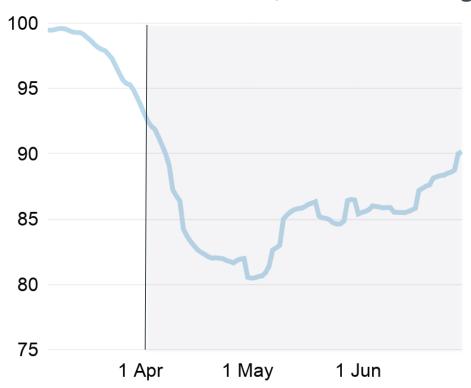
- All assembly units back in operation by June
- Component supply normalising
- Some delays in delivery schedules, limited access for specialists





Hiab loader cranes usage on February level in Europe, Kalmar's equipment data shows steady recovery

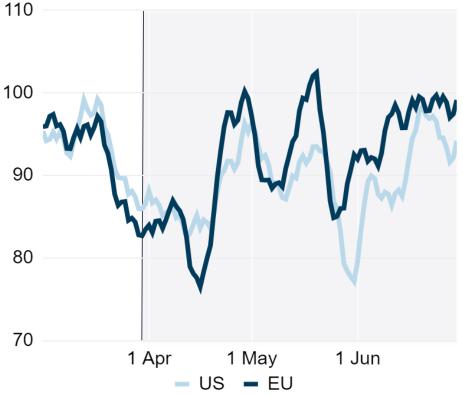
Kalmar Mobile Solutions, indexed running hours¹



¹Global running hours of Kalmar Mobile Solutions' connected equipment. 28 day indexed average comparison with February 2020 average.

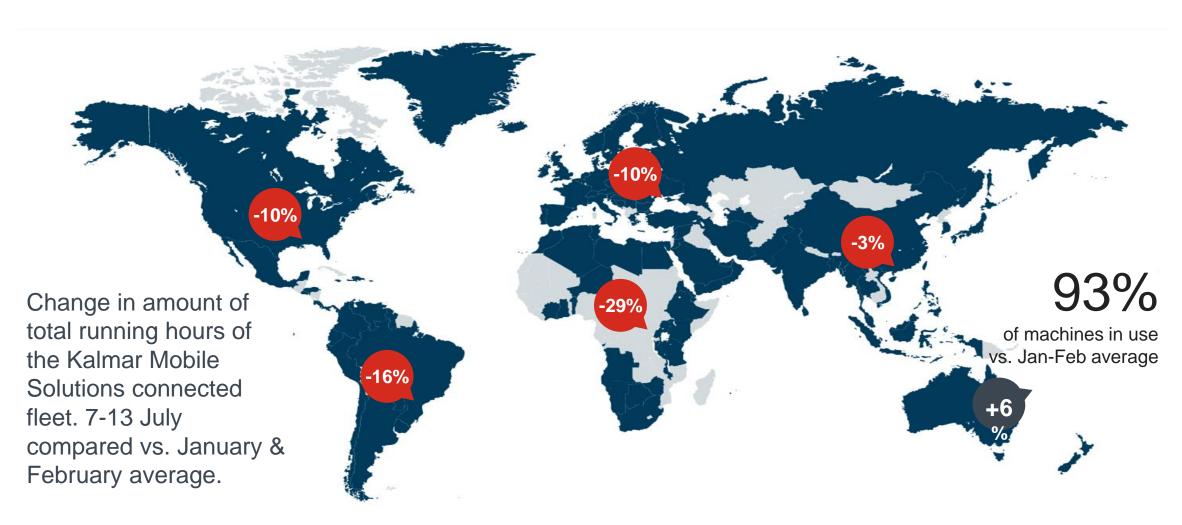
CARGOTEC

Hiab, loader cranes' activity index²



37

Gradual improvement in equipment running hours





Market environment

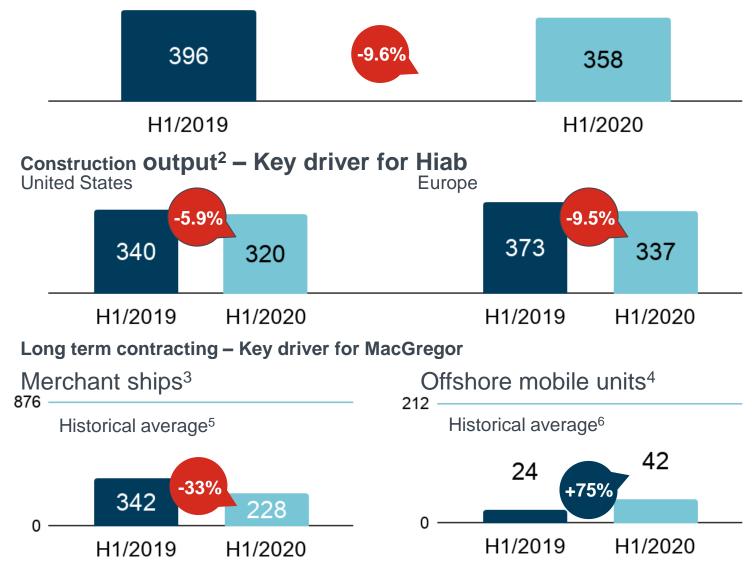
Number of containers handled at ports declined

 Customers are postponing decision-making in major investments

Construction activity decreased in Europe and US

In the merchant sector orders and activity decreased from an already low level while offshore remained at a historically low level

Global container throughput (MTEU)¹ – Key driver for Kalmar





Source: Drewry

Source: Oxford Economics

> 2,000 dwt/gt (excl. ofs & misc) Source: Clarkson Research

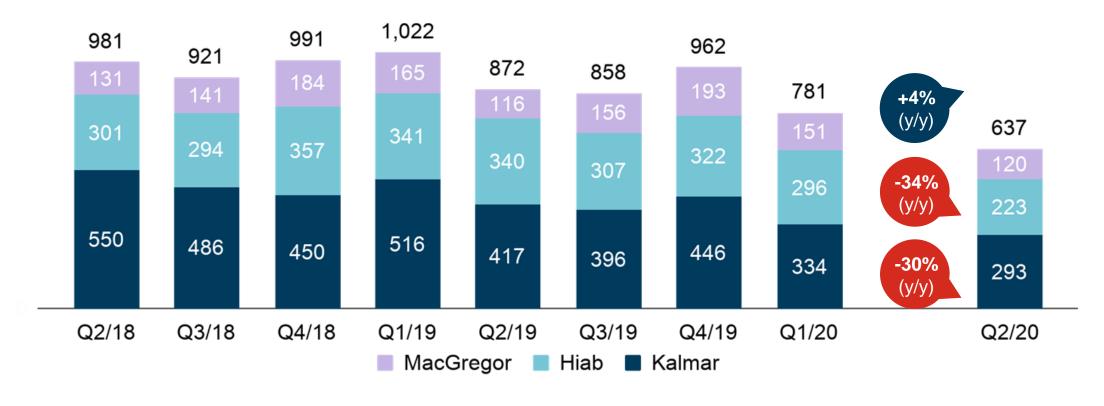
Source: Clarkson Research

Indicative 1996-2019 average

6) Indicative 2009-2019 average

Orders expected to have reached bottom in Q2

MEUR

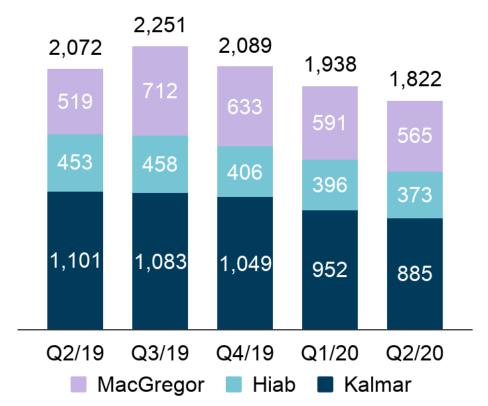




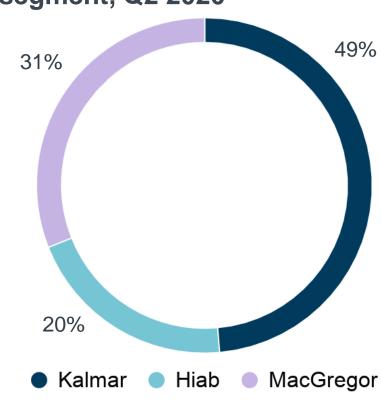
Order book on a good level in all business areas







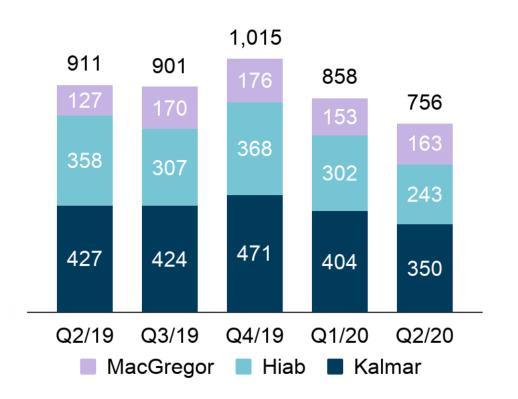
Order book by reporting segment, Q2 2020



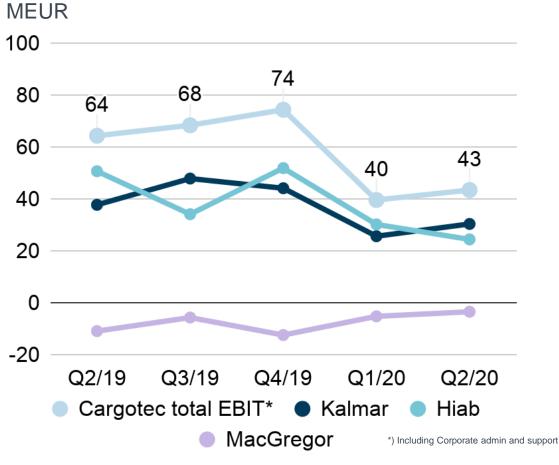


Sales decreased, gradual recovery during the quarter





Comparable operating profit

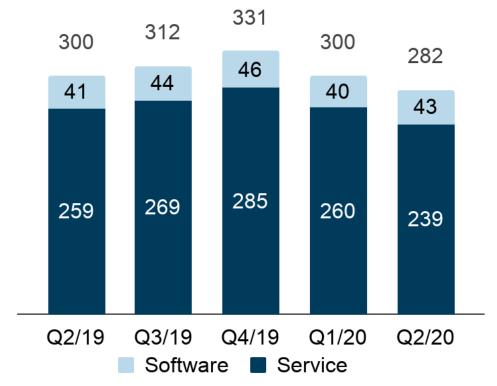




Software sales increased, Services resilient

Service and software* sales

MEUR



*Software sales defined as strategic business unit Navis and automation software

Q2/20 service sales -8%

- Kalmar -7%
- Hiab -18%
- MacGregor +7%

Decline in Hiab due to reduction in installations and accessories, driven by lower new equipment sales

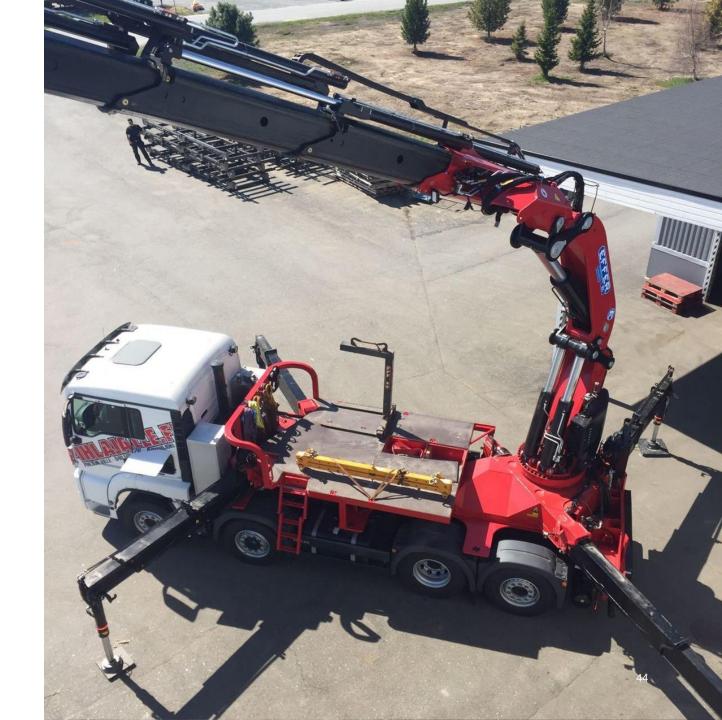
Software sales +5%

Service and software 37% of total sales



Business areas

Cargotec's half year financial report January–June 2020





Kalmar Q2 – Recovering customer activity towards the end of the quarter

Orders received declined in Automation & Projects and mobile equipment

Sales increased in Automation and Projects but decreased in mobile equipment

Service sales decreased by 7%, software sales increased by 5%

Comparable operating profit margin remained stable

- Sales mix
- Productivity improvements
- Temporary cost savings

MEUR	Q2/20	Q2/19	Change
Orders received	293	417	-30%
Order book	885	1,101	-20%
Sales	350	427	-18%
Comparable operating profit	30	38	-20%
Comparable operating profit margin	8.6%	8.8%	-20bps





Hiab Q2 – Good comparable operating profit margin despite of decline in sales

Orders received and sales decreased in all regions

Service sales decreased by 18%

Comparable operating profit decreased to 24 MEUR due to lower volumes

Comparable operating profit margin remained at a good level

- Higher share of Services and asset light operating model support margin
- Productivity improvements
- Temporary cost savings

MEUR	Q2/20	Q2/19	Change
Orders received	223	340	-34%
Order book	373	453	-18%
Sales	243	358	-32%
Comparable operating profit	24	51	-52%
Comparable operating profit margin	10.0%	14.1%	-410bps





MacGregor Q2 – Comparable operating profit improved

Orders received increased by 4%

Sales increased by 28%

Service sales +7%

Comparable operating profit increased

- Restructurings savings
- Merchant solutions sales increased

Productivity improvements ongoing

- 2020 savings target 18 MEUR
- 7 MEUR from cost savings achieved during H1, remaining 11 MEUR expected for H2

MEUR	Q2/20	Q2/19	Change
Orders received	120	116	4%
Order book	565	519	9%
Sales	163	127	28%
Comparable operating profit	-4	-11	68%
Comparable operating profit margin	-2.2%	-8.7%	650bps





Financials and outlook

Cargotec's half year financial report January–June 2020





Key figures – Q2 comparable operating profit on good level

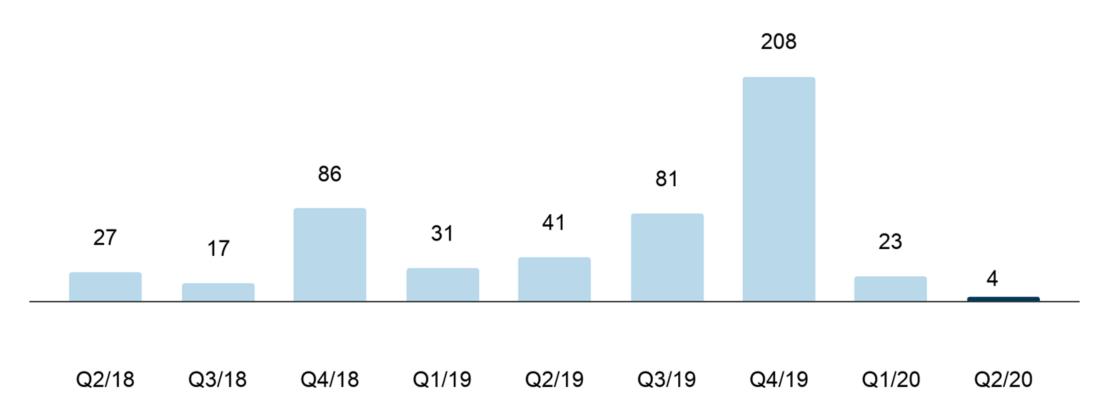
	Q2/20	Q2/19	Change	H1/20	H1/19	Change
Orders received, MEUR	637	872	-27%	1,417	1,894	-25%
Order book, MEUR	1,822	2,072	-12%	1,822	2,072	-12%
Sales, MEUR	756	911	-17%	1,614	1,767	-9%
Comparable operating profit,						
MEUR	43	64	-33%	83	122	-32%
Comparable operating profit, %	5.7%	7.1%	-130bps	5.1%	6.9%	-180bps
Items affecting comparability,						
MEUR	-63	-11	<-100%	-76	-18	<-100%
Operating profit, MEUR	-20	53	<-100%	7	104	-93%
Operating profit, %	-2.6%	5.8%	-840bps	0.4%	5.9%	-550bps
Net income, MEUR	-36	29	<-100%	-25	60	<-100%
Earnings per share, EUR	-0.56	0.45	<-100%	-0.39	0.93	<-100%
Earnings per share, EUR*	-0.30	0.57	<-100%	0.01	1.12	-99%
ROCE, %**	3.4%	9.6%	-620bps	3.4%	9.6%	-620bps



^{*)} Excluding items affecting comparability and adjusted with related tax effect

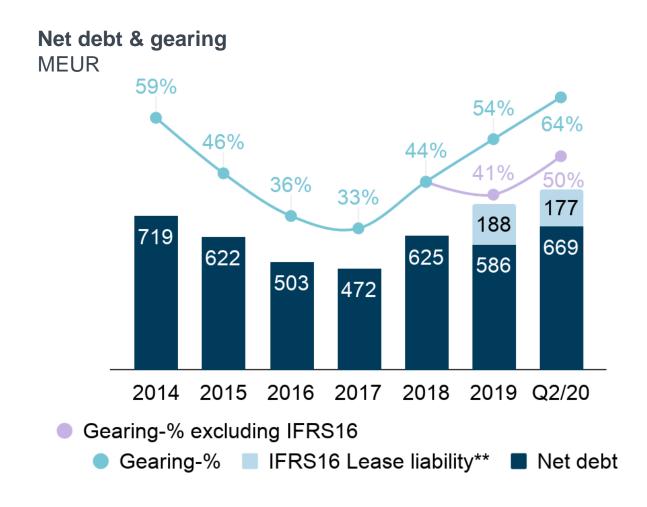
Cash flow remained positive

Cash flow from operations before financing items and taxesMEUR

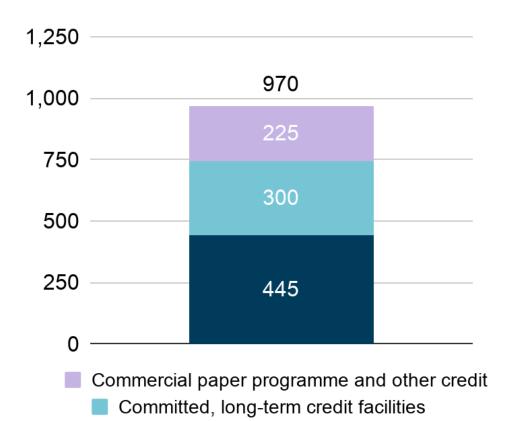




Strong financial position and liquidity



Total liquidity, 30 June 2020



Cash and cash equivalents

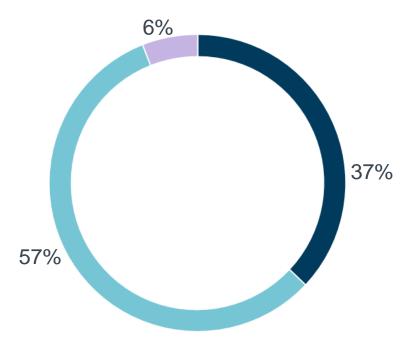
^{*}Cargotec adopted the IFRS 16 standard on 1 Jan 2019.



Investor presentation August 2020 51

Balanced debt portfolio - no major repayments in the coming years

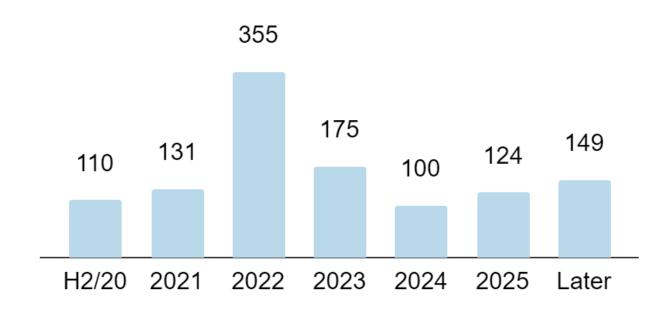
Loan structure, 30 June 2020



- Bilateral bank loans
- Bonds and Schuldschein loans
- Commercial papers and bank overdrafts

Repayment schedule of interest-bearing liabilities excluding finance lease

MEUR





Outlook for 2020

Visibility towards the end of the year is still weak
In the current exceptional situation Cargotec estimates
that it is not able to give a guidance for the year 2020
Cargotec estimates its business and operating
environment to develop in H2/20 as follows:

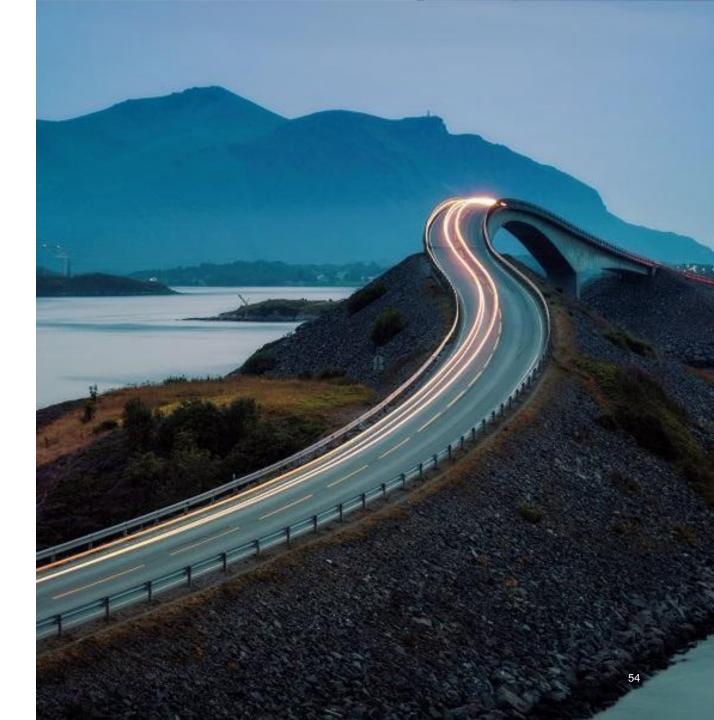
- The recovery of market activity continues
- The delivery capability of Cargotec and its supply chain continues to improve
- Productivity improvements support profitability in the future as well





Strategic progress and climate ambition

Cargotec's half year financial report January–June 2020





We continue executing our strategy

Driving our productivity

- Sale of joint venture Rainbow-Cargotec
- Contract manufacturing of Indital products and closing of Bangalore multi-assembly unit
- Headcount reduced by 429 during H1
- External workforce reduction approximately 1 MEUR per month
- Restructuring costs 72 MEUR in Q2

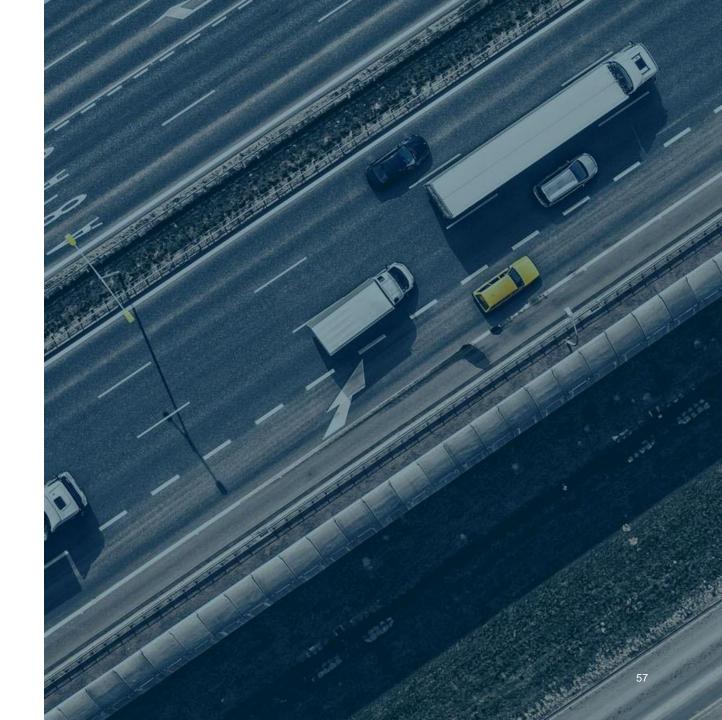
Enabling sustainable long-term value creation

- Commitment to UN's Business
 Ambition for 1.5°C
- Signing of Uniting Business and Governments to Recover Better statement
- Increased investments in electrification, automation, software and robotics



Appendix

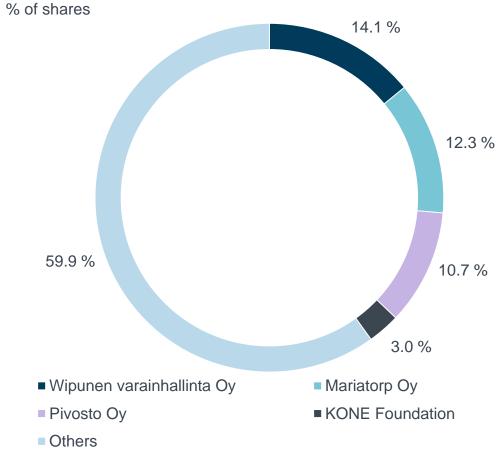
- 1. Largest shareholders and financials
- 2. Sustainability
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor





Largest shareholders 31 July 2020

		% of shares	% of votes
1.	Wipunen varainhallinta Oy	14.1	23.7
2.	Mariatorp Oy	12.3	22.9
3.	Pivosto Oy	10.7	22.2
4.	KONE Foundation	3.0	5.5
5.	Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company	2.2	0.9
6.	The State Pension Fund	1.2	0.5
7.	Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.2	0.5
8.	Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.2	0.5
9.	Mandatum Life Insurance Company Ltd.	0.9	0.4
10.	Herlin Heikki Juho Kustaa	0.6	0.3
Non	ninee registered and non-Finnish Iers	23.72	
Tota	I number of shareholders	38 086	





38,086

Examples of our wide equipment offering





Reachstacker



Terminal tractor



Straddle carrier

Container handler

Automatic stacking crane





Loader crane



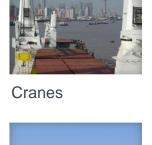
Hooklift, Skiploader



Truck-mounted forklift



Taillift









MACGREGOR

Marine self-unloaders



Offshore load handling



Recycling and forestry cranes



Deck machinery



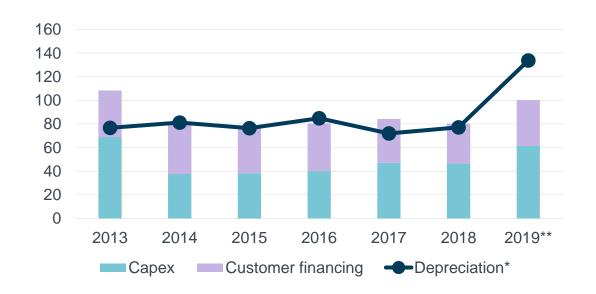
Mooring systems



Forklift truck

Capex and R&D

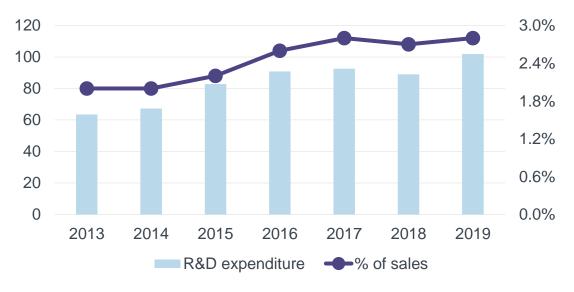
Capital expenditure



Main capex investments:

- Kalmar innovation centre in Ljungby, Sweden
- Investments in multi-assembly units in Kalmar and Hiab
- Intangible assets, such as global systems to improve efficiency in operational activities and support functions

Research and development



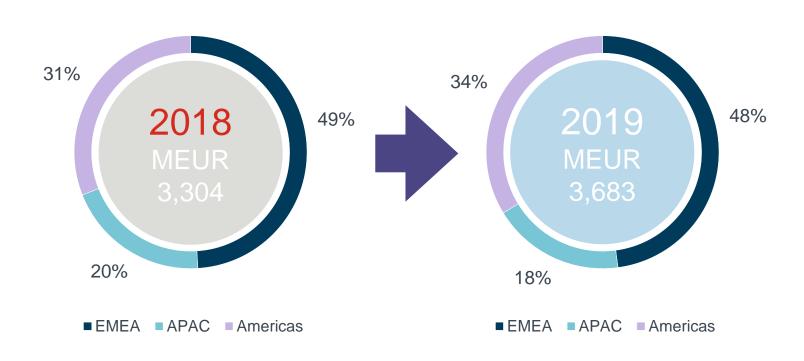
R&D investments focused on

- Digitalisation
- Competitiveness, cost efficiency and eco-efficiency of products

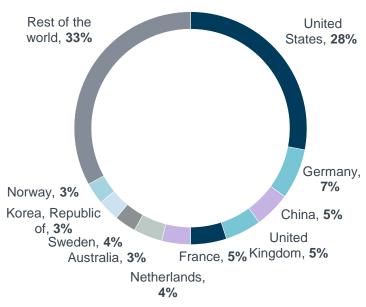
*) Including amortisations and impairments **) depreciation increased due to IFRS 16 implementation



Well diversified geographical sales mix

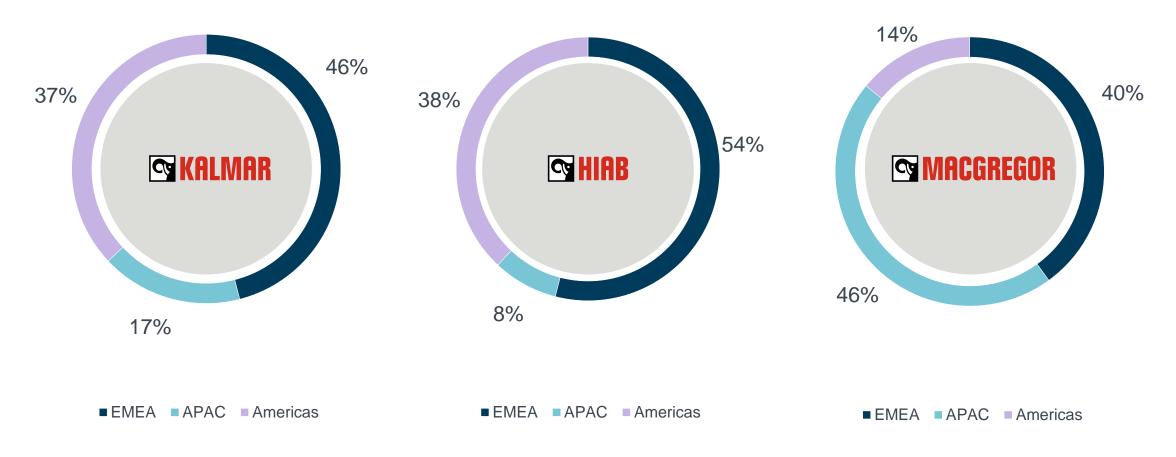


Top-10 countries by customer location





Sales by geographical segment by business area 2019





Cargotec's R&D and assembly sites



EMEA

- Arendal, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Argelato, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Averøy, Norway (Macgregor prod + R&D)
- Kristiansand, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Dundalk, Ireland (Hiab prod. + R&D)
- Witney, UK (Hiab prod.)
- Whitstable, UK (MacGregor prod.)
- Zaragoza, Spain (Hiab prod.)
- Uetersen, Germany (MacGregor prod. + WS + R&D)
- Schwerin, Germany (MacGregor prod.)
- Stargard Szczecinski, Poland (Kalmar + Hiab prod.)
- Bispgården, Sweden (Hiab prod.)
- Örnsköldsvik, Sweden (MacGregor WS + WH + R&D)
- Hudiksvall, Sweden (Hiab R&D)
- Kaarina, Finland (MacGregor R&D)
- Minerbio, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Raisio, Finland (Hiab prod.)
- Statte, Italy (Hiab/Effer)
- Tampere, Finland (Kalmar WS + R&D)
- Ljungby, Sweden (Kalmar R&D)

APAC

- Chungbuk, South Korea (Hiab prod.)
- Bangalore, India (Kalmar prod. + R&D)
- Chennai, India (Navis–Kalmar R&D)
- Ipoh, Malaysia (Bromma prod.)
- Shanghai, China (Kalmar prod. + WH)
- Busan, South Korea (MacGregor prod.)
- Singapore, (R&D)

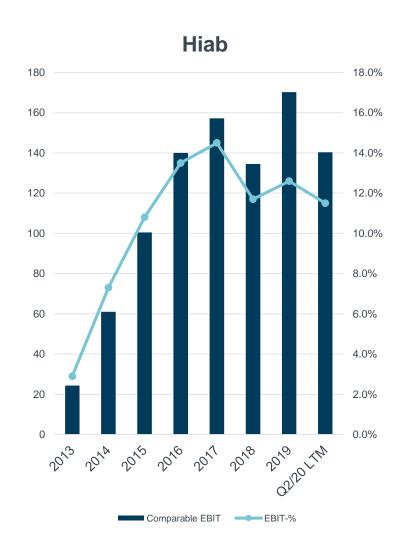
Americas

- North America
 - Ottawa, Kansas (Kalmar prod.)
 - Oakland, California (Kalmar R&D)
 - Tallmadge, Ohio (Hiab prod.)
- South America
 - Santo Antonio da Patrulha, Brazil (Hiab prod.)



Comparable operating profit development

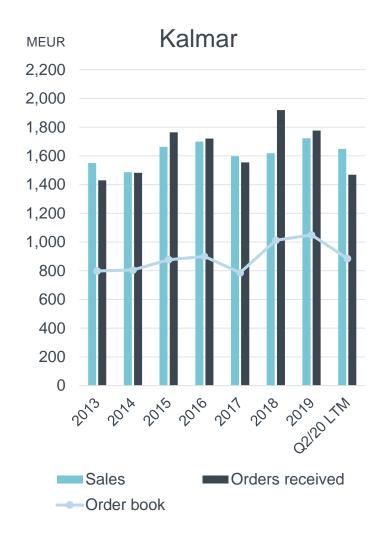


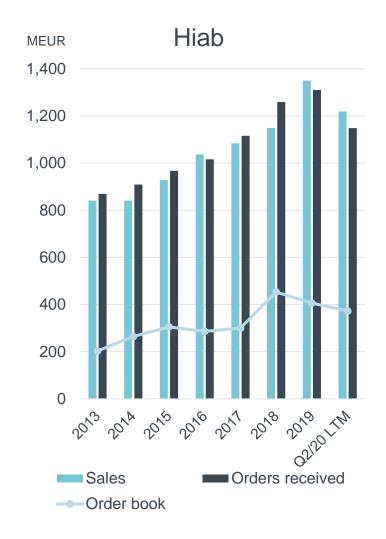


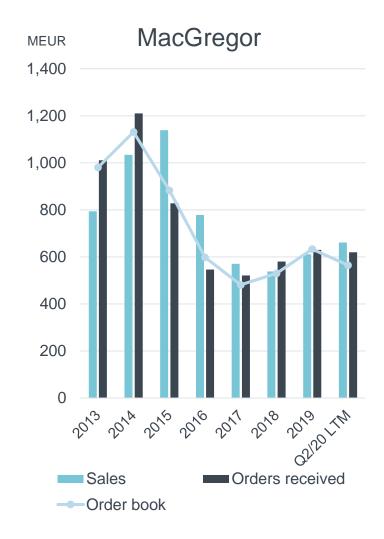




Sales and orders received development

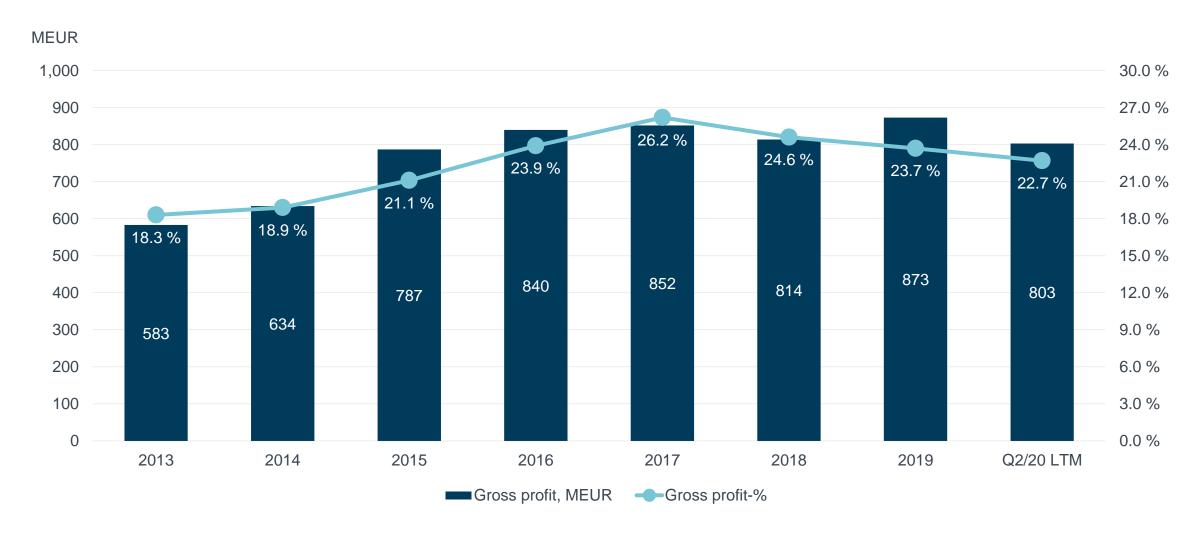






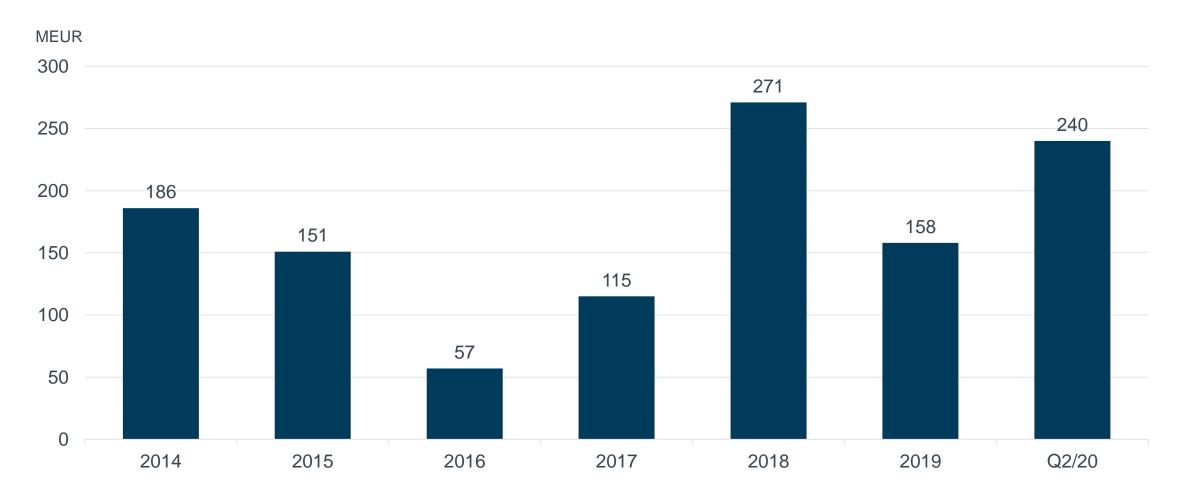


Gross profit development



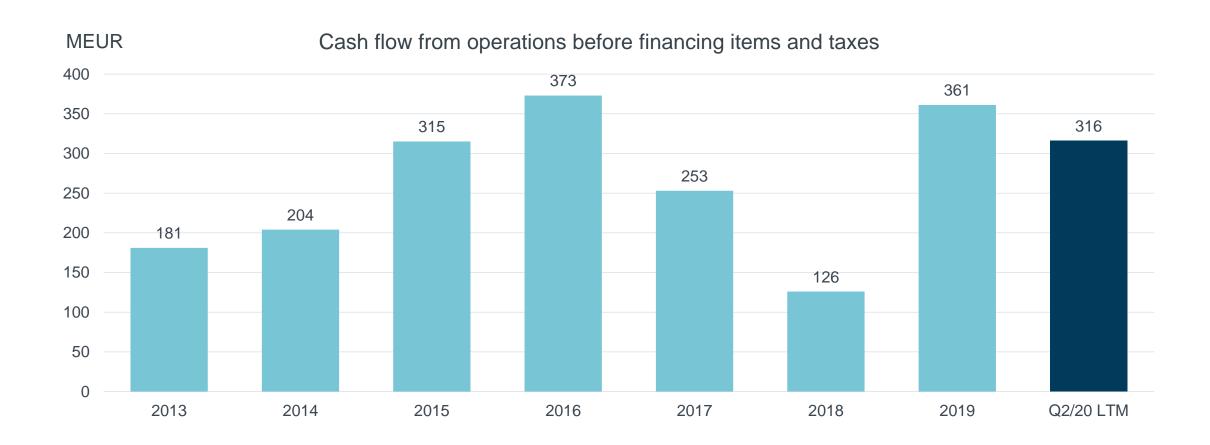


Net working capital increased due to decrease in accounts payable and increase in inventories





Cash flow from operations development





Income statement Q2 2020

MEUR	Q2/20	Q2/19	Q1-Q2/20	Q1-Q2/19	2019
Sales	755.8	911.4	1,614.0	1,767.3	3,683.4
Cost of goods sold	-592.9	-694.5	-1,261.1	-1,344.1	-2,810.3
Gross profit	162.9	216.9	353.0	423.2	873.1
Gross profit, %	21.6%	23.8%	21.9%	23.9%	23.7%
Other operating income	15.9	7.6	26.4	16.4	33.5
Selling and marketing expenses	-46.2	-58.5	-103.4	-119.3	-238.4
Research and development expenses	-26.8	-26.5	-56.4	-51.5	-105.6
Administration expenses	-52.2	-67.5	-119.4	-131.4	-269.3
Restructuring costs	-72.1	-11.0	-78.5	-16.7	-80.1
Other operating expenses	-3.9	-7.8	-17.1	-15.6	-33.8
Costs and expenses	-185.3	-163.6	-348.5	-318.1	-693.7
Share of associated companies' and joint ventures' net income	2.9	-0.2	2.4	-1.1	0.6
Operating profit	-19.5	53.0	7.0	104.1	180.0
Operating profit, %	-2.6%	5.8%	0.4%	5.9%	4.9%
Financing income and expenses	-8.5	-8.2	-15.3	-16.4	-34.1
Income before taxes	-28.1	44.9	-8.4	87.7	145.9
Income before taxes, %	-3.7%	4.9%	-0.5%	5.0%	4.0%
Income taxes	-8.4	-15.9	-16.8	-27.7	-56.5
Net income for the period	-36.5	29.0	-25.1	60,0	89.4
Net income for the period, %	-4.8%	3.2%	-1.6%	3.4%	2.4%
Net income for the period attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent	-36.3	29.0	-25.0	59.9	89.4
Non-controlling interest	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.1	0.0
Total	-36.5	29.0	-25.1	60.0	89.4
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holder	ers of the par	ent:			

-0.56

-0.56

0.45

0.45

-0.39

-0.39

0.93

0.93

1.39

1.39



Earnings per share, EUR

Diluted earnings per share, EUR

Balance sheet 30 June 2020

ASSETS, MEUR	30 Jun 2020	30 Jun 2019	31 Dec 2019
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	1,036.7	994.7	1,058.5
Other intangible assets	276.3	257.2	296.1
Property, plant and equipment	454.6	465.7	489.7
Investments in associated companies and joint ventures	53.7	100.4	120.8
Share investments	30.0	0.3	0.3
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	27.2	34.8	29.1
Deferred tax assets	128.1	137.7	131.2
Derivative assets	0.0	-	-
Other non-interest-bearing assets	13.3	8.0	10.3
Total non-current assets	2,019.9	1,998.7	2,136.0

Current assets

Inventories	763.8	752.1	713.0
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	1.5	1.4	1.3
Income tax receivables	22.3	39.5	24.1
Derivative assets	7.9	10.2	8.5
Accounts receivable and other non-interest-bearing assets	782.7	888.7	924.3
Cash and cash equivalents*	445.3	156.0	420.2
Total current assets	2,023.6	1,847.8	2,091.4
Total assets	4,043.5	3,846.5	4,227.4

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES, MEUR	30 Jun 2020	30 Jun 2019	31 Dec 2019
Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent			
Share capital	64.3		
Share premium account	98.0	00.0	
Translation differences	-70.3		
Fair value reserves	-8.8		
Reserve for invested non-restricted equity	57.4	0	•
Retained earnings	1,182.7	1,228.1	1,247.1
Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the	4 000 0		
parent	1,323.3	1,406.0	1,424.5
Non-controlling interest	2.5	2.8	2.8
Total equity		1,408.8	1.427.3
. ,			
Non-current liabilities			
Interest-bearing liabilities*	1,155.4	724.5	953.3
Deferred tax liabilities	37.0	_0.0	
Pension obligations	110.4	92.2	
Provisions	5.9	8.0	7.0
Derivative liabilities	0.3		-
Other non-interest-bearing liabilities	61.0		66.0
Total non-current liabilities	1,370.0	914.2	1,175.8
Current liabilities			
Current portion of interest-bearing liabilities*	71.0	230.4	233.0
Other interest-bearing liabilities*	93.9	113.2	38.1
Provisions	105.9	87.3	114.3
Advances received	283.0	216.4	306.3
Income tax payables	23.8	13.8	21.1
Derivative liabilities	9.0	5.9	11.8
Accounts payable and other non-interest-bearing			
liabilities	761.1		
Total current liabilities	1,347.7	1,523.5	1,624.3
Total equity and liabilities	4 043 5	3,846.5	4 227 4
Total equity and nabilities	7,070.0	0,040.0	7,221.4

^{*}Included in interest-bearing net debt.



Cash flow statement Q2 2020

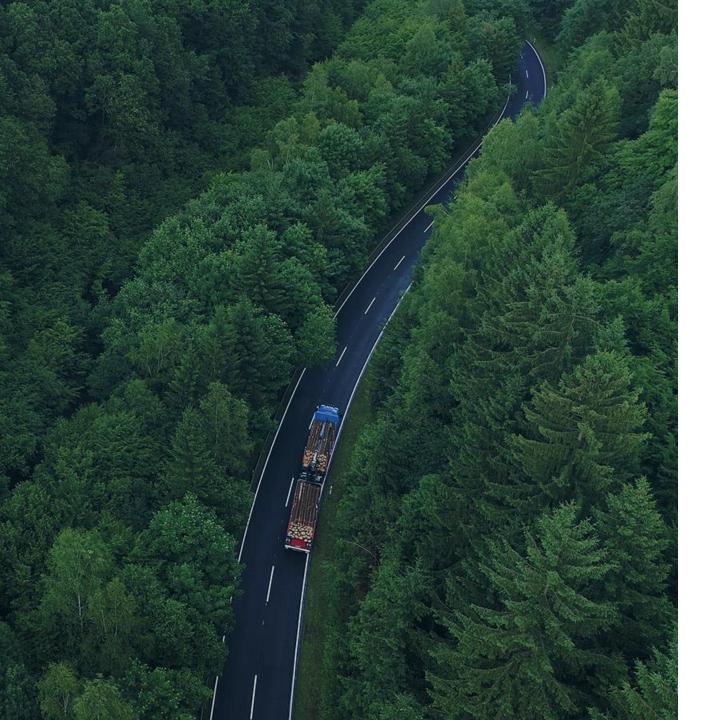
MEUR	Q1- Q2/20	Q1- Q2/19	2019
Net cash flow from operating activities			
Net income for the period	-25.1	60.0	89.4
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	74.8	58.1	133.8
Other adjustments	61.8	44.7	87.4
Change in net working capital	-85.1	-90.4	50.4
Cash flow from operations before financing items and			
taxes	26.4	72.3	361.1
Cash flow from financing items and taxes	-30.2	-56.0	-57.6
Net cash flow from operating activities	-3.8	16.3	303.5

Net cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	-11.6	-3.9	-109.5
Disposals of businesses, net of cash sold	1.4	-	0.3
Cash flow from investing activities, other items	-10.2	-24.4	-41.4
Net cash flow from investing activities	-20.4	-28.3	-150.6

Net cash flow from financing activities			
Treasury shares acquired	-	-2.2	-2.2
Repayments of lease liabilities	-22.0	-20.7	-45.5
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	249.5	50.0	298.1
Repayments of long-term borrowings	-198.6	-151.8	-168.3
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	82.0	115.0	271.6
Repayments of short-term borrowings	-30.7	-40.0	-257.8
Profit distribution	-35.2	-35.6	-71.0
Net cash flow from financing activities	45.2	-85.3	24.9

Change in cash and cash equivalents	20.9	-97.3	177.8
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the			
beginning of period	409.8	225.5	225.5
Effect of exchange rate changes	-1.8	3.3	6.6
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the			
end of period	429.0	131.4	409.8
Bank overdrafts at the end of period	16.4	24.5	10.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	445.3	156.0	420.2





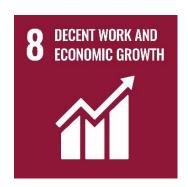
Sustainability as a driver for future growth

Climate solutions is our focus area in sustainability



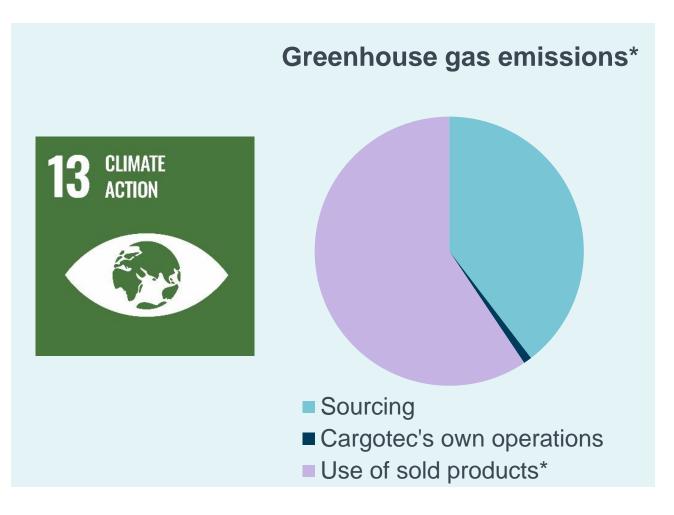




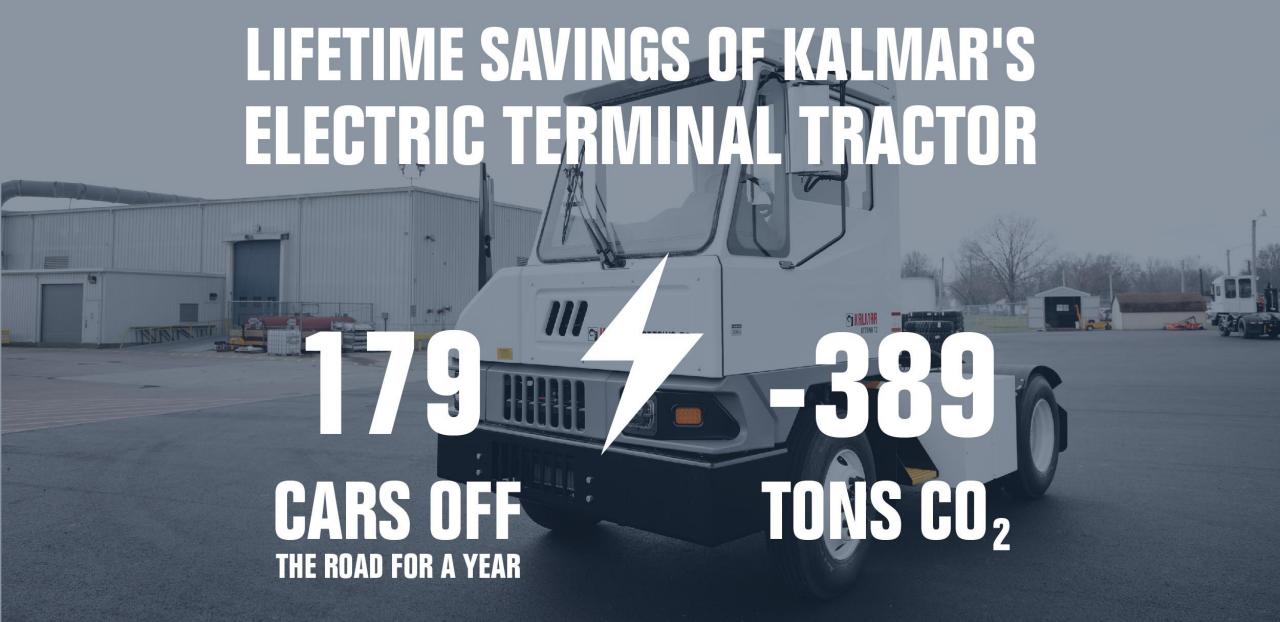


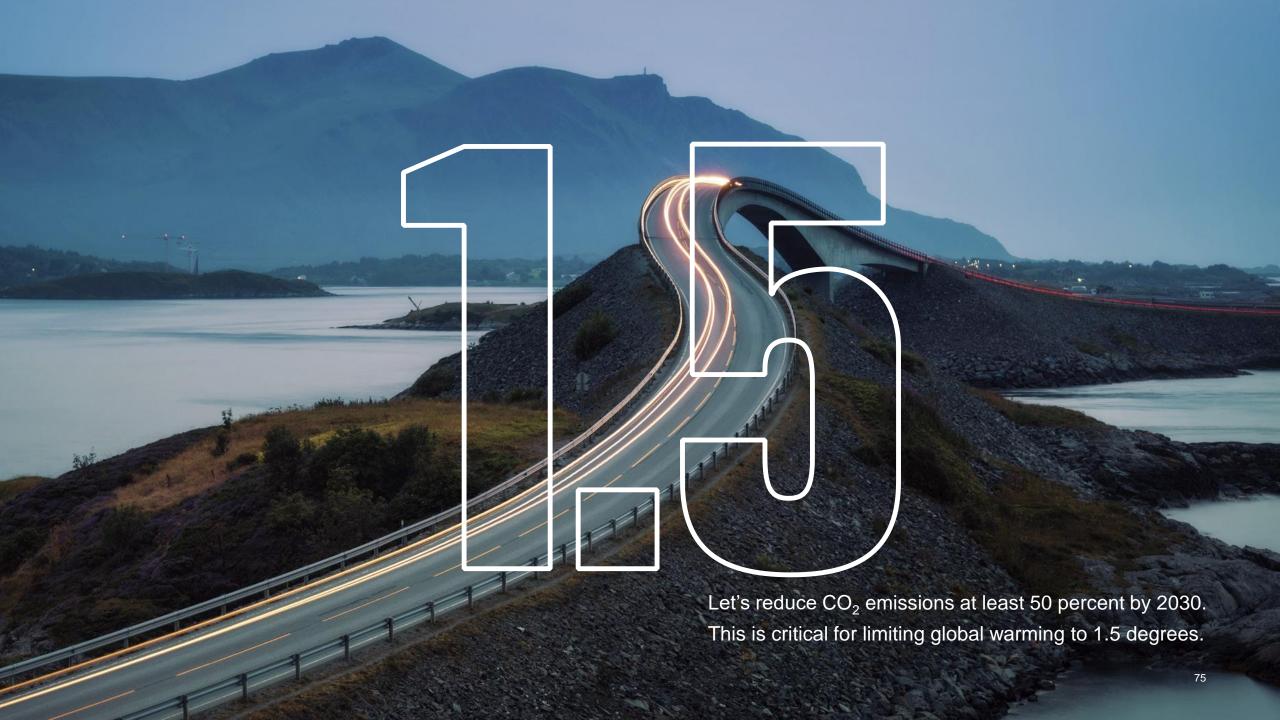












Sustainability is a great business opportunity

We serve an industry, which produces the majority of emissions as well as GDP in the world

- Inefficient industry with potential to improve

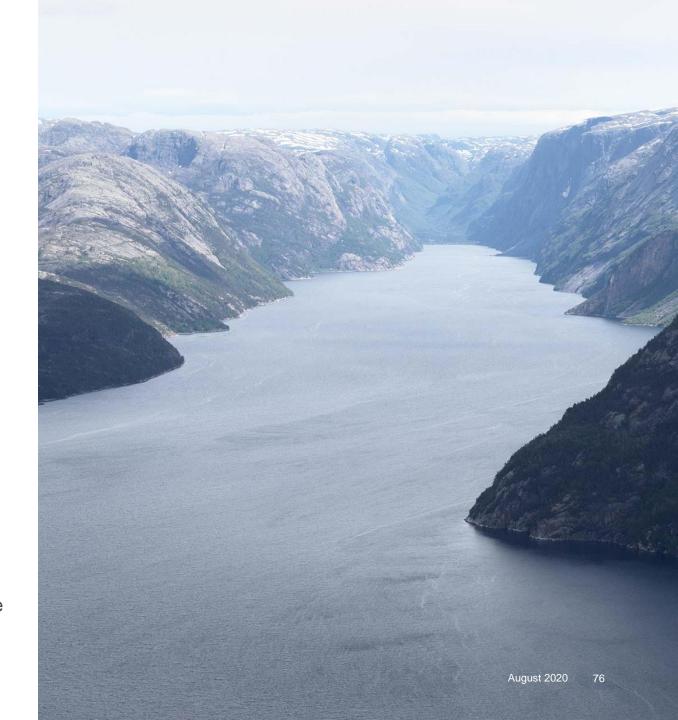
Our vision to be the leader in intelligent cargo handling also drives sustainability

- Increasing efficiency and life-time solutions

We are in a position to be the global frontrunner, setting the sustainability standards for the whole industry

- We are ready to shape the industry to one that is more sustainable







Sea Freight Transport is by far the most sustainable transport mode in terms of emissions

Compared to transportation of goods

- → by trains, sea freight emits~2-3 times less emissions
- → by trucks, sea freight emits ~3-4 times less emissions
- by air cargo, sea freight emits~14 times less emissions



Mitigating climate change with low carbon solutions for customers is a gret opportunity for us

Offering for eco-efficiency product group sales account for 21% of the total revenue in 2019

Systems efficiency

Efficiency for environmental industries

Emission efficiency

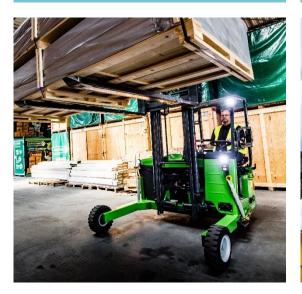
Resource efficiency



- Visibility to identify inefficient use of resources and fuel
- Software and design system



- Offering to support the operations in environmental industries
- Cargotec solutions for environmental industries



- Technology to enable fuel and emission efficient offering
- Products with features to decrease fuel usage and avoidance of maritime hydraulic oil emissions



- Service enabling the extended usage of products or new applications
- Product conversions and modernisations



Performance highlights 2019

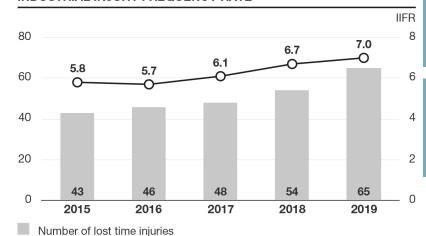
Code of Conduct panel and case investigation process in place

All new direct material suppliers have been audited against Cargotec Supplier Criteria

93 percent of the strategic suppliers were invited to the sustainability selfassessment tool process

89 percent of direct sourcing spend covered by Supplier Code of Conduct

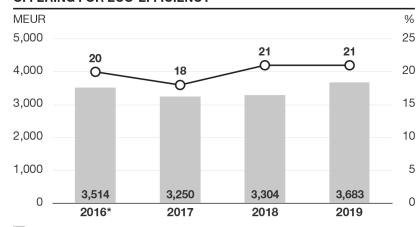




33% of our electricity use from certified renewable sources

Offering for eco-efficiency 21% of total sales

OFFERING FOR ECO-EFFICIENCY



Total sales

Offering for eco-efficiency, % of sales

* The 2016 share of sales is a company estimate and the figure has not been audited

Strategy formulation for managing climate-related risks and opportunities initiated



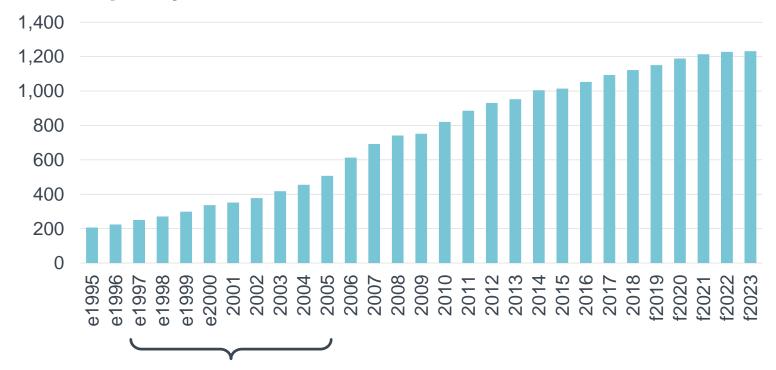
Cargotec IIFR**

Kalmar appendix



The current replacement market size for key terminal equipment is EUR 1 billion annually and the market is expected to double in the next decade

Total Capacity MTEU



The replacement market will grow in coming years, as the container terminal capacity has expanded significantly during the last two decades.

Average lifetime of type of equipment:

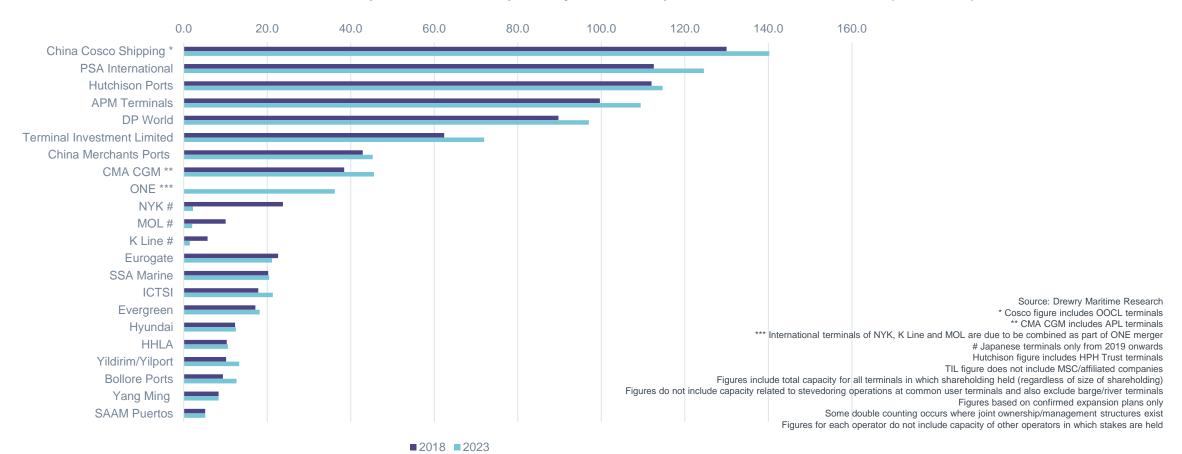
- STS 25 yrs
- RTG -15 yrs
- SC 8-10 yrs
- RS/ECH/TT 8 yrs

Replacement after lifetime of equipment



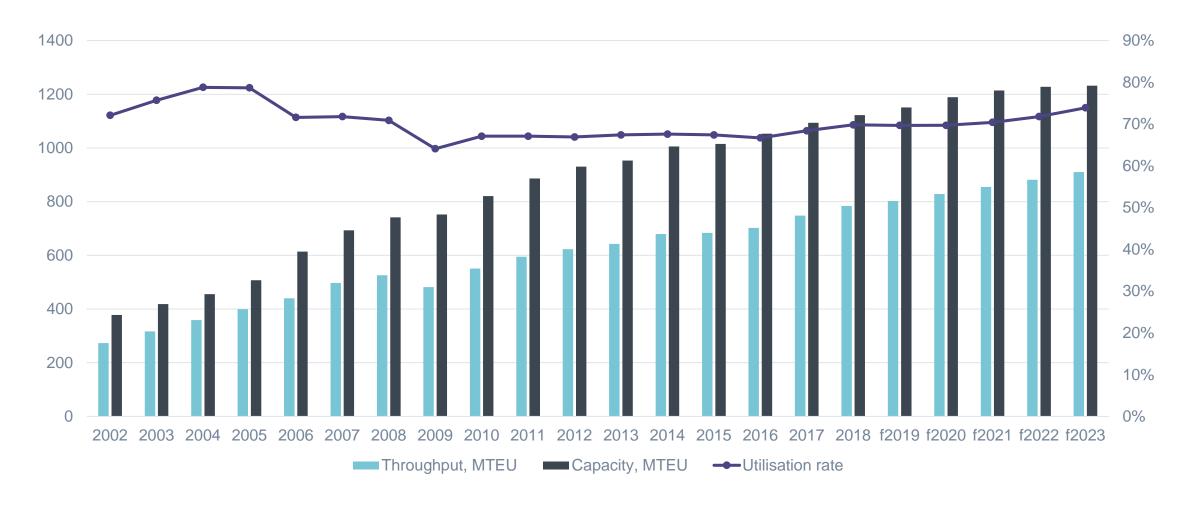
Global container terminal operators – Most capacity expected to be added by Cosco

Global/international terminal operators' capacity development, 2018-2023 (MTEU)





Global container throughput and capacity development

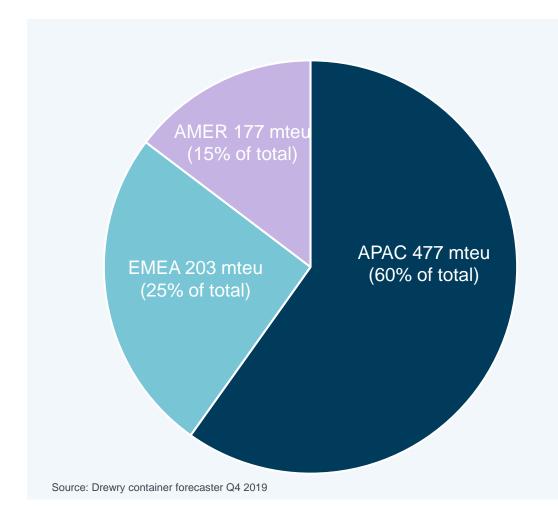




Throughput: Drewry container forecaster Q4/19

Capacity: Drewry Annual Global container terminal review 2019

60% of global container throughput is expected to take place in APAC in 2020



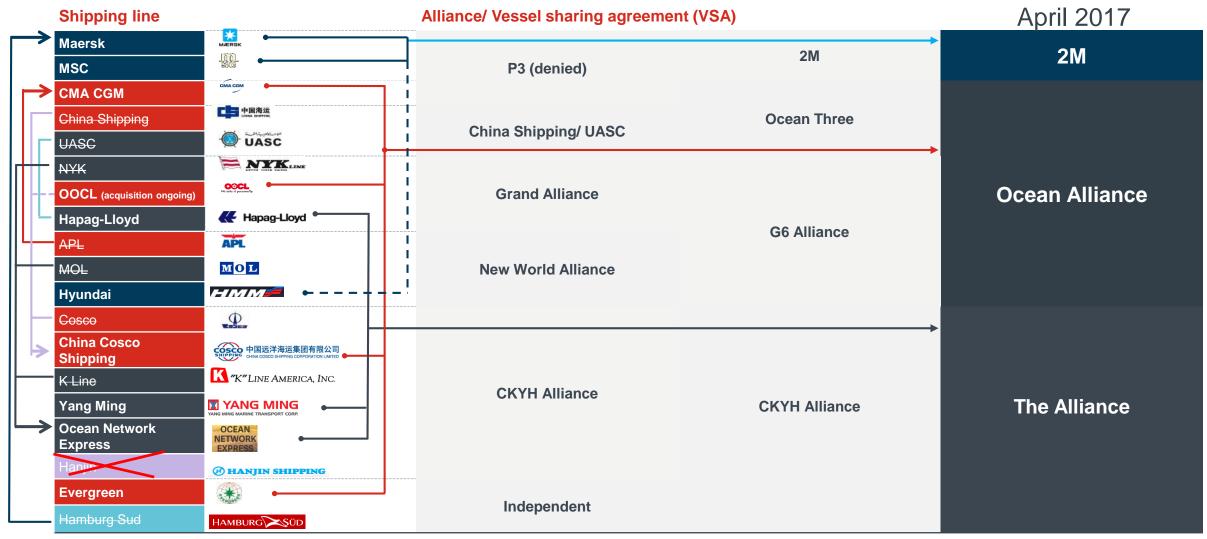
Global container throughput expected to decrease 0.5% in 2020

- APAC -0.2% (-1 mteu)
- EMEA -1.3% (-3 mteu)
- AMER -0.3% (-0 mteu)

→ Drewry states that its scenario is not a "worst-case" COVID-19 scenario and that a more significant decrease is possible



Three alliances controlling about 80% of global container fleet capacity



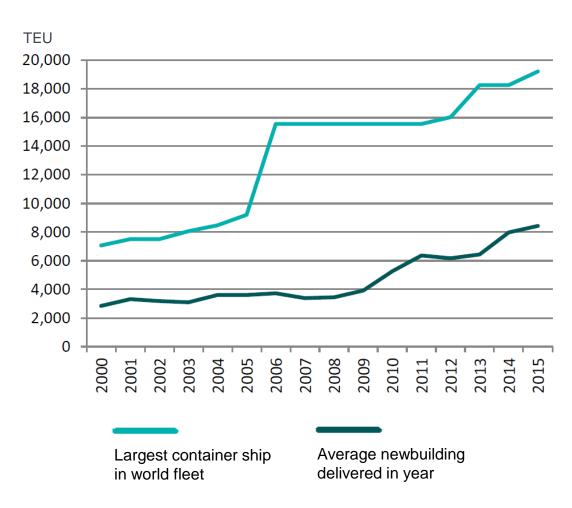
Total: 17 (9 after further consolidations)

- The arrows indicate changes, confirmed or planned, through M&A or JV over the last 18 months. Hanjin bankrupt. Hyundai isn't currently officially part of any alliance, but formed a cooperative relationship with 2M.
- Ocean Network Express (ONE) launch April 2018.
- COSCO Shipping's planned acquisition of OOCL expected to completed by the end of June
- Analyse excludes Zim, PIL and Wan Hai

Sources: Drewry, Alphaliner, Cargotec

Ship sizes increasing dramatically

- The largest containership in the fleet has nearly tripled since 2000
- The average size of new builds doubles between 2009 and 2014



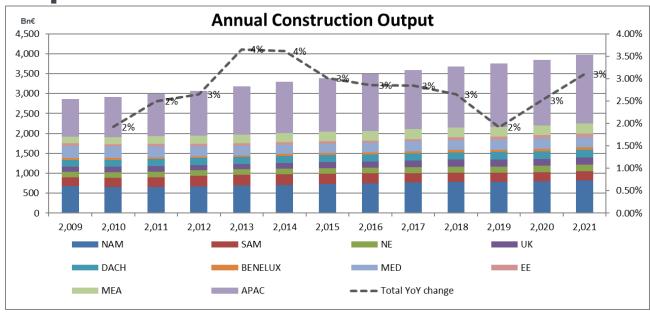
Source: Drewry November 2015



Hiab appendix



Construction output forecast



Percen	YoY changes										
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
NAM	1.2%	-0.5%	-0.8%	-0.3%	-0.2%	NAM	2.6%	2.0%	-0.1%	2.2%	2.1%
SAM	0.3%	0.4%	-1.2%	-1.8%	-1.0%	SAM	-3.3%	-1.4%	-2.1%	0.9%	2.4%
NE	-0.2%	-0.3%	-1.6%	-0.1%	-0.1%	NE	2.5%	5.1%	1.4%	1.9%	1.8%
UK	-0.7%	-0.7%	-0.2%	-1.3%	-0.3%	UK	6.7%	0.1%	2.0%	0.4%	1.4%
DACH	-1.9%	0.5%	0.5%	-0.6%	-0.2%	DACH	1.0%	3.3%	2.7%	0.9%	1.1%
BENELUX	2.0%	1.2%	-0.8%	-0.6%	-0.1%	BENELUX	5.1%	6.3%	4.4%	0.9%	1.3%
MED	-0.4%	-0.9%	0.6%	-0.6%	-0.1%	MED	2.9%	2.1%	2.9%	1.7%	2.0%
EE	0.1%	-1.3%	2.4%	-0.1%	-0.1%	EE	4.7%	10.6%	6.7%	3.0%	2.9%
MEA	0.3%	-0.2%	0.0%	-0.2%	-0.2%	MEA	2.1%	-2.1%	-0.1%	2.7%	3.7%
APAC	0.0%	0.0%	-1.1%	-0.3%	0.3%	APAC	3.8%	4.1%	3.4%	3.6%	4.4%
Total	0.2%	-0.2%	-0.7%	-0.5%	0.0%	Total	2.8%	2.7%	1.9%	2.5%	3.1%



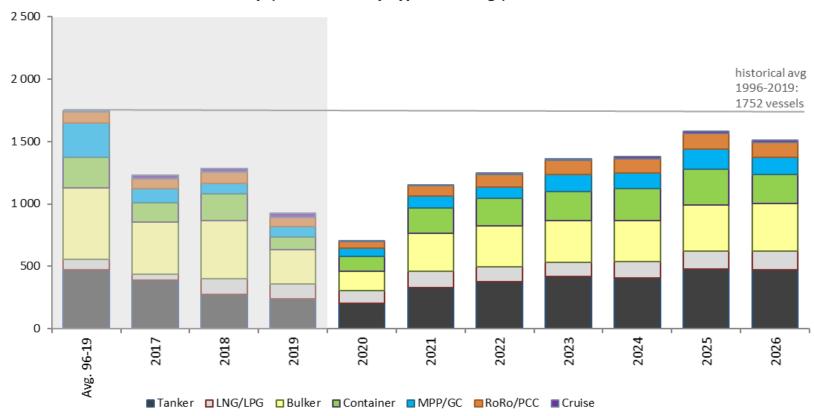
MacGregor appendix



Merchant ships: Contracting forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case

Contracting history and forecast March 2020 No. of ships, Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, excl ofs and misc

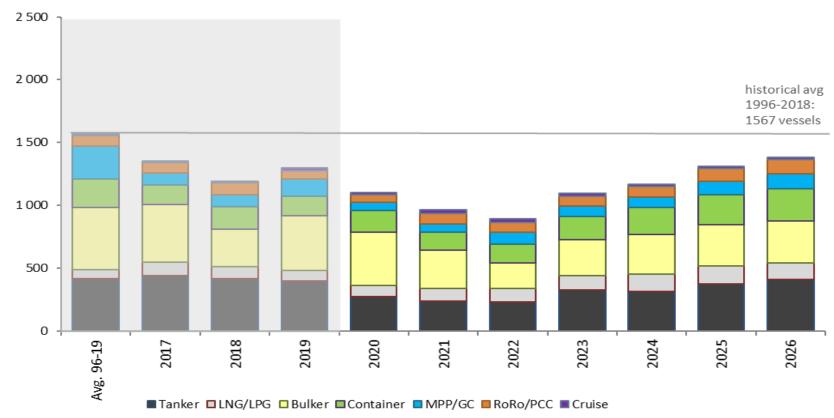




Merchant ships: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case

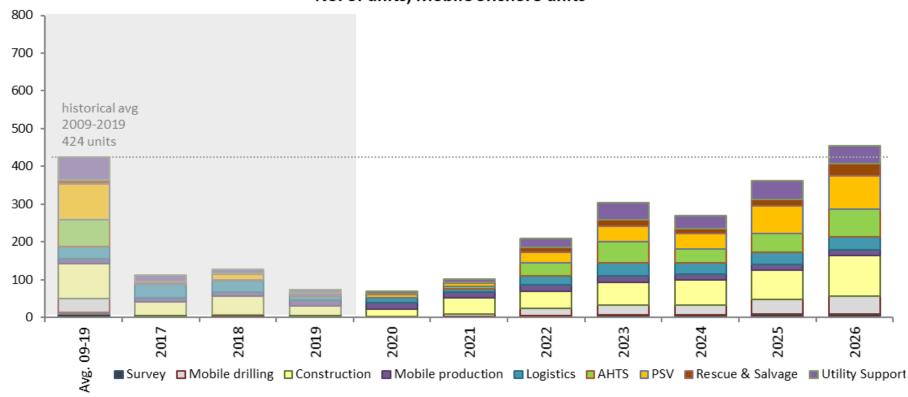
Deliveries history and forecast March 2020 No. of ships, Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, excl ofs and misc





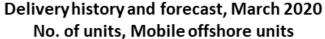
Offshore mobile units: Contracting forecast by shiptype (number of units)

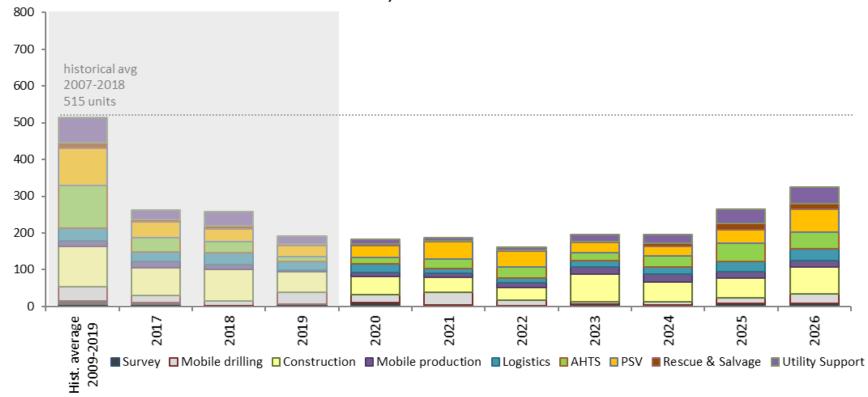






Offshore mobile units: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (number of units)







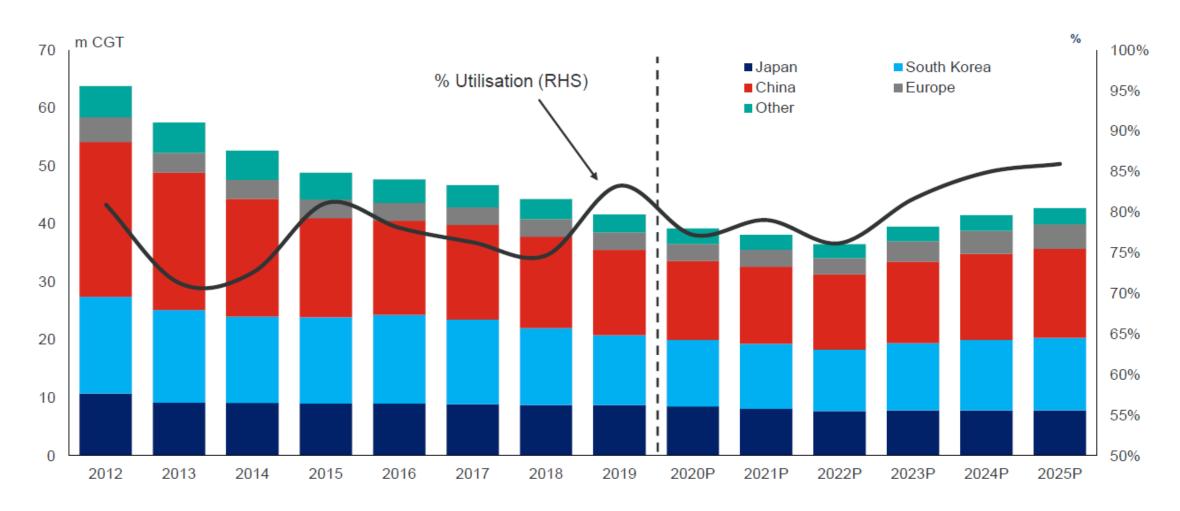
Shipbuilding - contracting ships >2000 gt/dwt

Global Contracting Activity (1st January 2020)												
3-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	No.				\$bn				m. CGT			
	2017	2018	2019	%y-o-y*	2017	2018	2019	%y-o-y*	2017	2018	2019	%y-o-y*
TOTAL (>2,000 Dwt/GT**)	1,290	1,358	899	-34%	71.5	79.1	74.0	-7%	29.8	35.0	25.7	-27%
Vessel Type			1				_		• 1			
Bulkers	423	467	252	-46%	12.4	14.2	8.2	-42%	9.1	9.7	5.2	-46%
Tankers	381	270	215	-20%	15.4	12.3	10.3	-16%	8.6	6.4	5.2	-18%
Containerships	154	216	97	-55%	6.1	11.2	6.5	-42%	4.0	6.2	3.4	-46%
Gas Carriers	48	126	118	-6%	4.3	15.3	14.1	-8%	1.8	6.8	5.7	-16%
Offshore	47	62	33	-47%	8.5	5.2	8.2	56%	8.0	1.1	1.1	0%
Others	237	217	184	-15%	24.9	20.9	26.7	27%	5.4	4.8	5.1	5%
Builder Country/Region	1											
China	611	526	370	-30%	20.0	20.8	20.2	-3%	12.2	10.6	8.5	-19%
South Korea	204	292	215	-26%	18.0	27.8	22.5	-19%	7.9	13.4	9.6	-28%
Japan	218	389	190	-51%	6.2	12.4	6.3	-49%	3.6	7.3	3.5	-53%
Europe	106	99	87	-12%	23.3	16.5	23.6	43%	4.1	2.9	3.5	22%
Other	151	52	37	-29%	4.1	1.7	1.4	-17%	2.0	0.8	0.5	-33%



Shipbuilding capacity and utilisation scenario

Capacity projected to reach low at end 2022

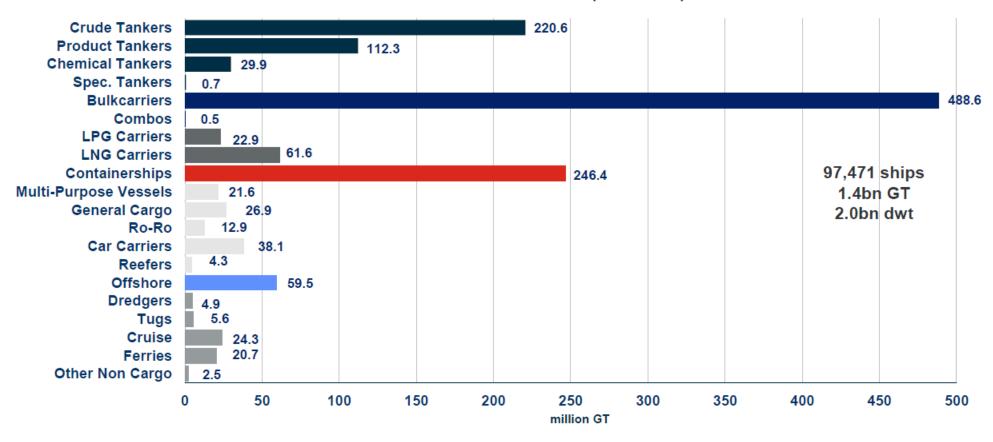




Shipping – The world fleet

World fleet comprises currently roughly 97,000 ships

World Fleet as at March 2020 (million GT)

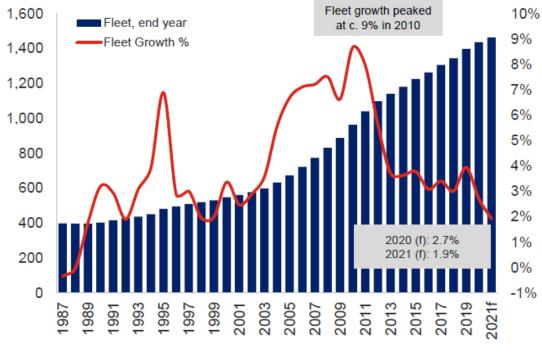




World fleet and order book development

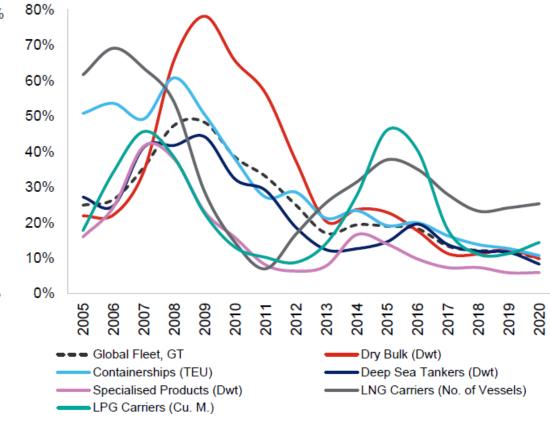
World fleet growth slowing; orderbook at historically low level at ~10% of the sailing fleet

Development of World Fleet, million GT



- · world fleet 65% larger than 2008
- · 35% more cargo being moved than 2008

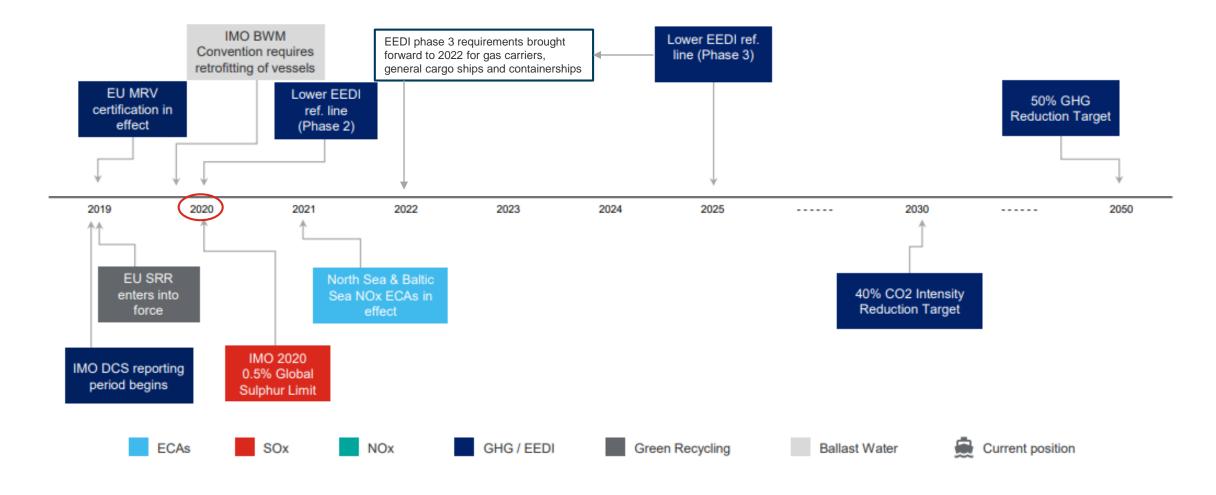
Orderbook as % of fleet - lowest for 20 years





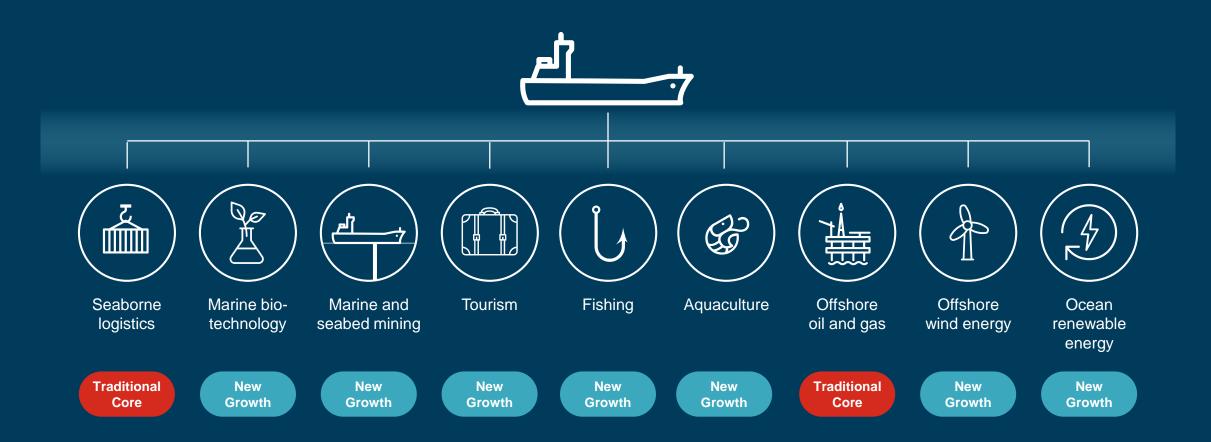
Environmental regulation continues to accelerate

Shipping decarbonisation high on the agenda





Blue Growth, aquaculture and offshore wind energy offer us new interesting growth opportunities



Disclaimer

Although forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based upon what management of the company believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. The company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's estimates or opinions should change except as required by applicable securities laws.

All the discussion topics presented during the session and in the attached material are still in the planning phase. The final impact on the personnel, for example on the duties of the existing employees, will be specified only after the legal requirements of each affected function/ country have been fulfilled in full, including possible informing and/or negotiation obligations in each function / country.



