Investor presentation, September 2021

Becoming the global leader in sustainable cargo flow



Disclaimer

Although forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based upon what management of the company believes are reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. The company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's estimates or opinions should change except as required by applicable securities laws.

All the discussion topics presented during the session and in the attached material are still in the planning phase. The final impact on the personnel, for example on the duties of the existing employees, will be specified only after the legal requirements of each affected function/ country have been fulfilled in full, including possible informing and/or negotiation obligations in each function / country.

Securities laws in the United States and in other jurisdictions restrict Cargotec from discussing or disclosing information with respect to the contemplated merger with Konecranes Plc that furthermore and in all circumstances is subject to approvals of competition authorities. Information regarding the contemplated merger can be found at www.sustainablematerialflow.com. Until the completion of the merger Cargotec and Konecranes will carry out their respective businesses as separate and independent companies. The information contained in this presentation concerns only Cargotec.

The merger and the merger consideration securities have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act, and may not be offered, sold or delivered within or into the United States, except pursuant to an applicable exemption of, or in a transaction not subject to, the U.S. Securities Act.



Merger with Konecranes

On 1 October 2020, Cargotec and Konecranes <u>announced</u> that their respective Boards of Directors have signed a combination agreement and a merger plan to combine the two companies through a merger. Read more on the merger website <u>www.sustainablematerialflow.com</u>



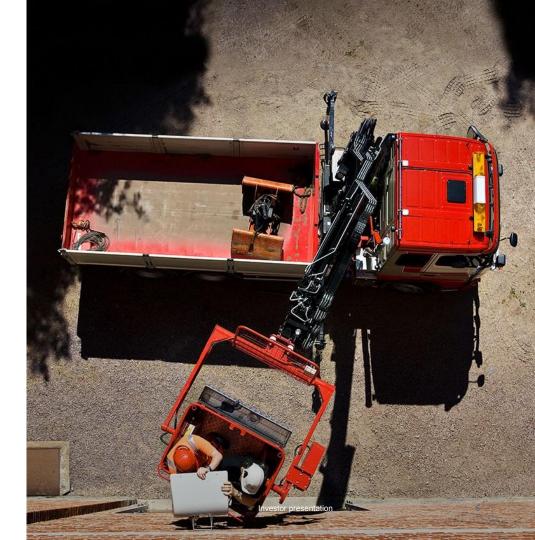




Content

- 1. Cargotec in brief
- 2. Investment highlights
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor
- 6. Recent progress
- 7. Appendix





Cargotec in brief





Strong global player with well-balanced business

Sales by

business area

Sales: Sales sp EUR 3,263 million EBIT: 6.9% and soft Service and

Sales: EUR 1,529 million EBIT: 8.2% (EUR 126 million)

Hiab

Sales: EUR 1,094 million EBIT: 11.8% (EUR 129 million)

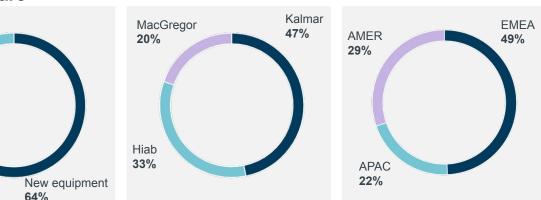
MacGregor

Sales: **EUR 642 million** EBIT: **1.0%** (EUR 7 million)

Sales split: new equipment vs service and software

software

36%



Strengths we are building upon Leading market positions in all segments Strong brands Loyal customers Leading in technology



Sales by

geographical area

Key competitors

Cargotec is a leading player in all of its business areas

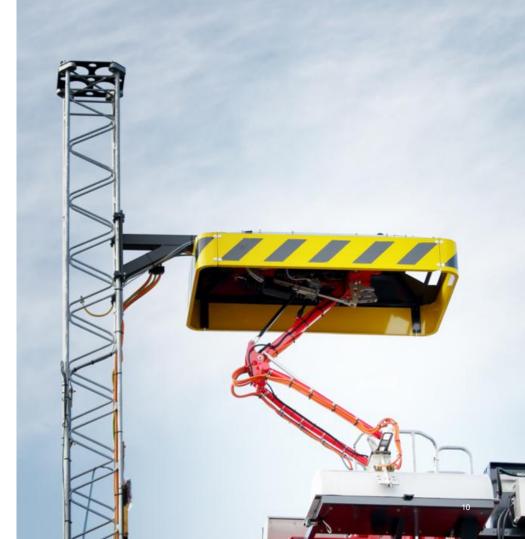




Currently two businesses performing well

Net sales Q2/2021, LTN EUR million **	*	Trend in orders, LTM	Profitability: comparable EBIT margin, LTM
~400	Kalmar Automation and Projects division & Navis***		Low profitability
~600 3,233	MacGregor	-8%	2.7%
~1,100	Hiab	+41%	13.7%
Kalmar Kalmar mobile APD and equipment software & service	Kalmar mobile equipment and service (excluding Automation and Projects Division & Navis)	2	Low double digit
Hiab MacGregor			* LTM = Last 12 months ** Figures rounded to closest 100 million solidation of Navis will end in Q3/21 after divestment of the business estor presentation September 2021 9

Investment highlights





Investment highlights: Why invest in Cargotec?

- Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential
- 2. Our vision is to become the global leader in sustainable cargo flow
- 3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability
- 4. Capitalising global opportunities for electrification and automation growth
- 5. On track for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets





1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential

Global megatrends

- Global growth and economic development
- Sustainability
- Digitalisation

Growth drivers

- Container throughput growth
- Construction activity
- Automation
- Digitalisation

Competitive advantages

- Strong brands
- Full automation offering
- Technology leadership

Market position

 #1 or #2 in all major segments

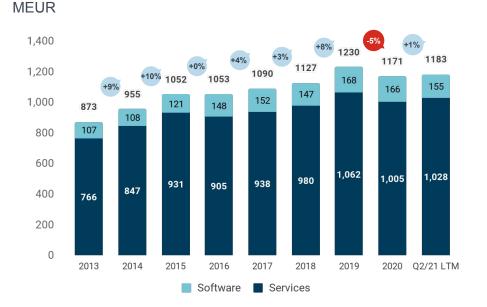
2. Our vision is to become the global leader in sustainable cargo flow

PURPOSE	\$	SMARTER CARGO FLOW FOR A BETTER EVERYDAY		
VISION		Global Leader in Sustainable Cargo Flow		
BREAKTHROUGH OBJECTIVES		Sustainability	Profitable Growth	
<u>CONCRETE</u> <u>TARGET</u>		Reduce 1 million tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent by 2024		
	Grow in core and r Solve customer cha and s Invest in industry inn	RE TO WIN adjacent businesses & narkets allenges in climate change ustainability novation and transformation fecycle services	HOW WE MEASURE Financial performance Absolute CO2 reduction Share of sales of eco-offering Leadership index Customer satisfaction scores	



3. Growing service & software business and asset-light business model are increasing stability

Service and software* sales



Asset-light business model with a flexible cost structure

- Kalmar and Hiab: efficient assembly operation
- MacGregor: efficient project management and engineering office: > 90% of manufacturing and 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced
- No in-house component manufacturing

Next steps to increase service and software sales:

- Improve service offering through digital solutions
- Increase spare parts capture rates
- Boost service contract attachment rates



4. Capitalising global opportunities for electrification

Industry trends support growth in electrification:

- End-customer demand for E2E sustainability in the logistic chain
- Lower operating costs lead to lower total cost of ownership
- Environmental regulation/investments support low-emission technologies
- Safety electric vehicles create less noise and vibration during operation
- Urbanisation promotes quiet and low-emission load handling solutions
- Increasing capital market incentives to ESG-focused companies
- Electrification often precedes automation and/or robotisation
- Air quality considerations more than 90% of European ports are in or close to urban areas*

Our competitive position in electrification:

- Pioneer with market leading solutions
- Innovative & modular charging solutions complement electric machines
- Lifetime support & training for fully electric systems
- Fully electric Kalmar offering available by the end of 2021
- Complete electric Hiab MOFFETT
 offering available from 2023

Customers consider their investments carefully

- Higher initial investment
- Infrastructure limitations around charging
- Limited in-house knowledge of high voltage systems among customers

Electrification creates significant cost and emission savings

ic medium forklift**
83% less annual costs
~3 years
97% less operational emissions
TT E-SERIES NX***
75% CO ₂ reduction
4 years
80% reduction

** Example case: Swedish customer, comparing an <u>electric medium forklift</u> against a comparable ICE forklift, both with a 5-year lease solution

*** MOFFETT e-Series (electric) compared against MOFFETT M-series (diesel)



4. Capitalising global opportunities for future automation growth

Industry trends support growth in port automation:

- Only 40 terminals (out of 1,200 terminals) are automated or semi-automated currently globally
- Ships are becoming bigger and the peak loads have become an issue
- Increasing focus on safety
- Customers require decreasing energy usage and zero emission ports
- Optimum efficiency, space utilization and reduction of costs are increasingly important
- Shortage and cost of trained and skilled labour pushes terminals to automation

Customers consider their automation decisions carefully

- Shipping line consolidation
- Utilisation rates of the existing equipment base
- Container throughput volumes
- Efficiency of the automation solutions

Automation creates	Automation creates significant cost savings*	
Labour costs	60% less labour costs	
Total costs	24% less costs	
Profit increase	125%	



* Change when manual terminal converted into an automated operation



5. Clear plan for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets

Growth

Target to grow faster than market

- Megatrends and strong market position supporting organic growth
- M&A potential

Service and software

Targeting service and software sales 40% of net sales, minimum EUR 1.5 billion in 3-5 years*

Profitability

Target 10% operating profit and 15% ROCE in 3-5 years*

Higher service and software sales key driver for profitability improvement

Balance sheet and dividend

Target gearing < 50% and increasing dividend in the range of 30-50% of EPS, dividend paid twice a year

Sales and comparable operating profit development



Net sales — Comparable operating profit

Comparable operating profit margin

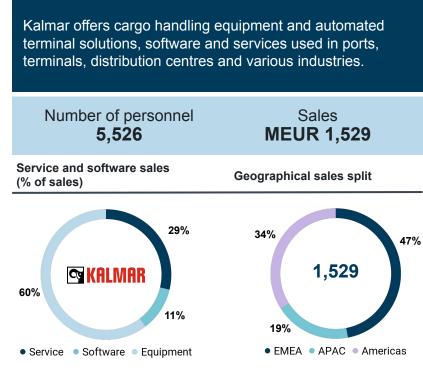


Kalmar

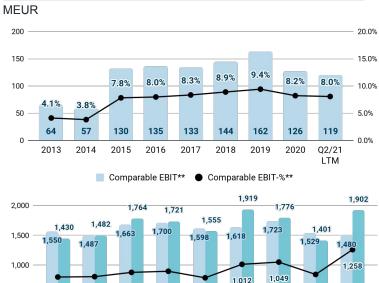




Kalmar is in unique position to benefit from the growth prospects in electrification and port automation



Development of historical financials



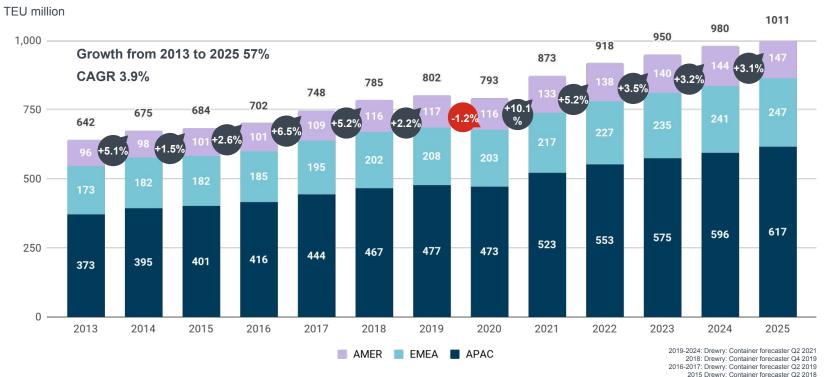


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*2020 figures

** defiinition changed 2021, figures 2020 onwards according to the new definition

Container throughput is estimated to continue to grow

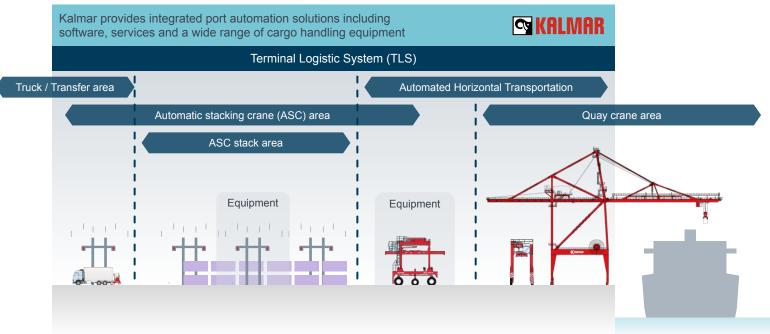




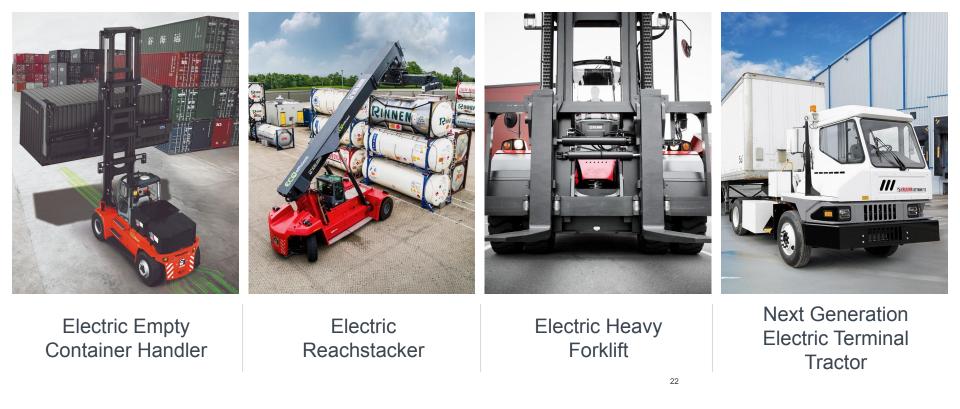
2013-2014 Drewry Global Container Terminal Operators Annual Report 2013 Investor presentation September 2021

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Kalmar provides integrated port automation solutions







2021: Kalmar introduces a fully electric portfolio.



Robotics as an opportunity

AUTOMATED SOLUTION

ROBOTICS FUNCTIONALITY Digitalisation • Autonomous • Electrification

KALMAR EQUIPMENT

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Towards new business models



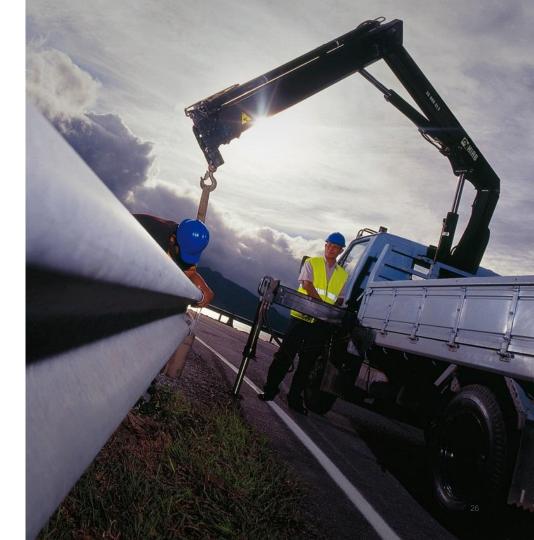
A digital life of the customer

Services provide our biggest medium-term growth opportunity

Market share	Equipment & Projects 20-30%	Software 20-30%	Services 3-5%
Market size	6 B€	0.5-1B€	8B€



Hiab





Hiab is a global market leader in on-road load handling solutions

Hiab's class-leading load handling offering includes loader cranes, forestry and recycling cranes, truck mounted forklifts, skiploaders and hooklifts, and tail lifts as well as intelligent services and smart and connected solutions. Hiab's customers come from a broad range of industries and segments. Number of personnel Sales 3,390 **MEUR 1,094** Service sales Geographical sales split (% of sales) 29% 54% 37% 1,094 71% 9% Service
 Equipment EMEA • APAC • Americas

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Development of historical financials

MEUR



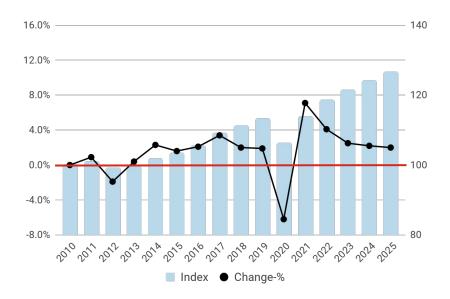


** defiinition changed 2021, figures 2020 onwards according to the new definition

Construction output driving growth opportunity

EMEA construction output

y/y change (%)



AMER construction output

y/y change (%)



Oxford Economics: Industry output forecast 6/2020

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Strong global market position and customers across diverse industries

	MARKET SIZE* (EUR billion)	KEY SEGMENTS	HIAB GLOBAL POSITION & TREND
LOADER CRANES	~1.5	Construction and Logistics	#2 🕢
TAIL LIFTS	~0.9	Retail Industry and Logistics	#2 🕢
DEMOUNTABLES	~0.6	Waste and Recycling, Defense	#1 🕢
TRUCK MOUNTED FORK LIFTS	~0.3	Construction and Logistics	#1 🕑
FORESTRY & RECYCLING CRANES	~0.3	Timber, Pulp, Paper & Recycling	#2 🔊

Industry segment indicative sales mix 2018





Attractive megatrends and growth drivers

MEGA TRENDS

MARKET GROWTH

KEY SEGMENTS

PRODUCT OFFERING

SERVICE SOLUTIONS



- Urbanisation and Consumption growth driving needs for efficiency
 Disiteliantian and Consectivity apphling new business solutions
- Digitalisation and Connectivity enabling new business solutions
- North America and main European markets continue to grow
- Developing markets strong load handling equipment penetration potential
- Construction, Waste & Recycling, Logistics and Governmental business segments show continued growth projection
 - New applications market and segment growth potential
- Developing for increasing demand in Electrification and Automation
- Growing demand for comprehensive life-cycle service offerings and tailored business solutions



Hiab's key growth drivers



Cranes

Gain market share in big loader cranes and crane core markets



Tail lifts

Enter fast growing emerging markets and standardise and globalise business model



Truck-mounted forklifts Accelerate penetration in North America and Europe



Services

Increase spare parts capture rates driven by connectivity and e-commerce



Hiab acquires US demountable manufacturer Galfab

- Announced on 21 August 2021
- A premier designer and manufacturer of waste equipment
- Adds roll-off hoist, a cable lift, to Hiab's portfolio
- Acquisition enables growth in the US and waste segment market
- Acquisition is in line with our strategy to grow from core businesses
- Galfab's sales estimate for 2021 is USD ~30 million, closing expected in Q3/21
- Galfab equipment will now be part of Hiab's sales and service network
- Synergies come predominantly from cross selling opportunities





MacGregor





MacGregor is a world-leading provider of intelligent maritime cargo and load handling solutions

and gas and renewable energy sectors; fishing, research and marine-resource vessels; naval operations and logistics vessels, and ports and terminals. Number of personnel Sales 1,987 **MEUR 642** Service sales Geographical sales split (% of sales) 11% 39% 46% 642 61% 43% • Service • Equipment EMEA APAC Americas

MacGregor offers engineering and lifetime service solutions

for merchant cargo and passenger vessels; the offshore oil

Development of historical financials

MEUR









** defiinition changed 2021, figures 2020 onwards according to the new definition

We are an active leader in all maritime segments

~2/3 of sales

~1/3 of sales



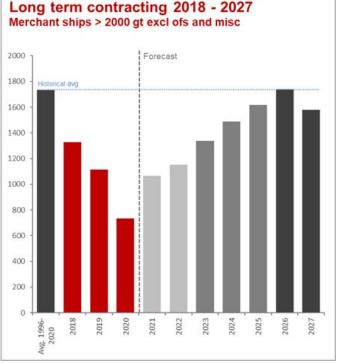
Lifecycle Services



Picture: Equinor



Merchant Ships and Offshore contracting – outlook improving

vg. 2010

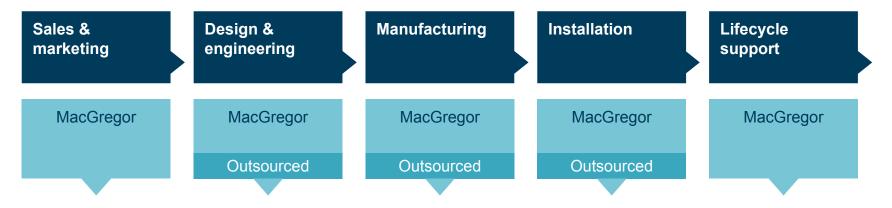
Merchant ships contracting to improve in line with accelerated fleet renewal driven by shipping decarbonisation.



Offshore wind drives ordering of dedicated offshore wind vessels, and also a wider range of other mobile offshore units.



MacGregor's asset-light business model gives flexibility



Cost-efficient scaling 90% of manufacturing outsourced 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced



Highlights of Q2 2021 – Comparable operating profit improved driven by strong Hiab performance

Orders received doubled

- Strong demand continued in Hiab and Kalmar's mobile equipment
- Improvement in Kalmar Automation & Projects and MacGregor

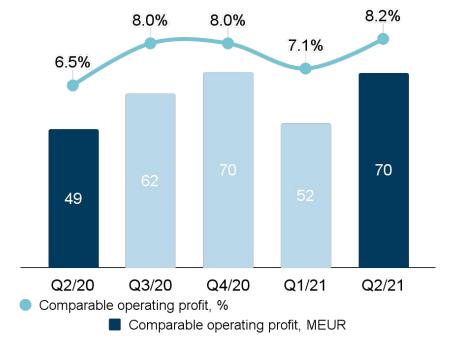
Sales increased by 13%

- Service sales increased in all businesses
- Share of eco portfolio 20%

Comparable operating profit

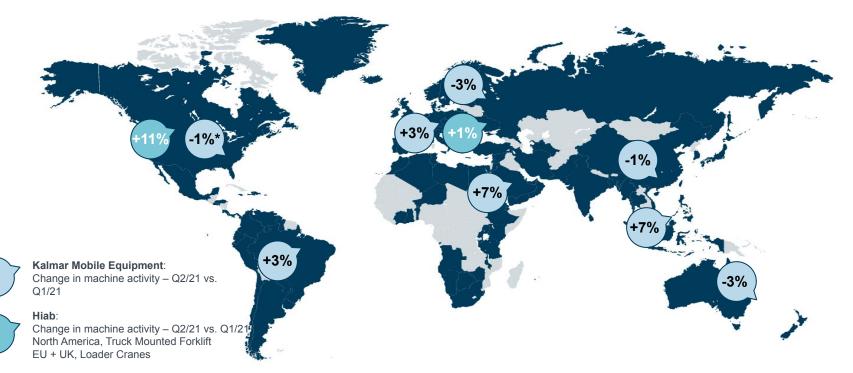
Increased by 41%

- Kalmar +1 MEUR
- Hiab +20 MEUR
- MacGregor +4 MEUR



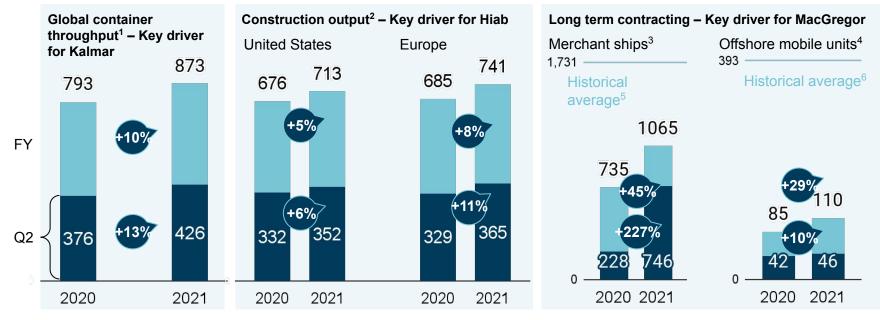


Equipment running hours stabilising





Market environment - Strong growth in all demand drivers



 Strong growth continues

- Growth in both US and in Europe

- 1) MTEU, Source: Drewry
- 2) EUR billion, Source: Oxford Economics
 3) > 2 000 dwt/at (excl. ofs & misc) Source: (
 - > 2,000 dwt/gt (excl. ofs & misc), Source: Clarkson Research

4) Source: Clarkson Research 5) Indicative 1996-2020 average 6) Indicative 2010-2020 average

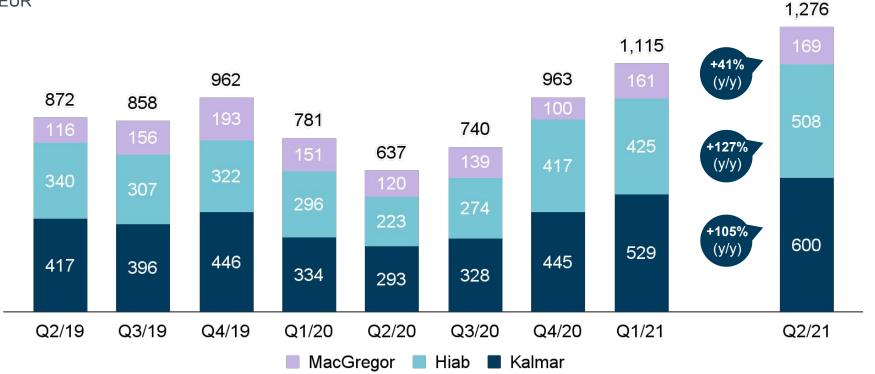
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Merchant ship market recovering

Offshore market still at a low level
Rapid growth in offshore wind

Record-breaking quarter in orders received in Kalmar and Hiab

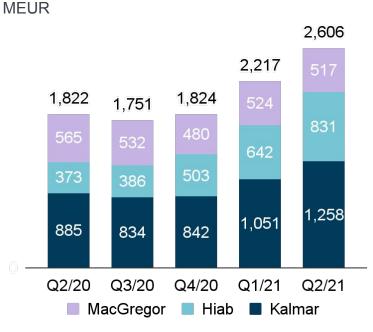
MEUR



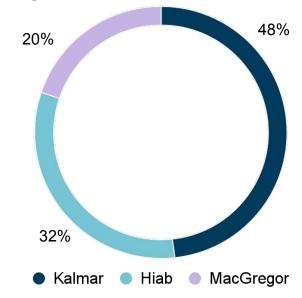


Strong order book in our most profitable segments

Order book



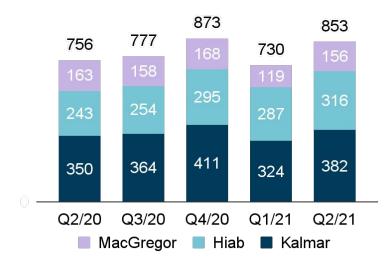
Order book by reporting segment, 30 June 2021



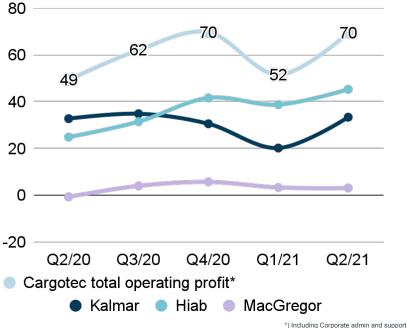


Sales and comparable operating profit improved

Sales MEUR

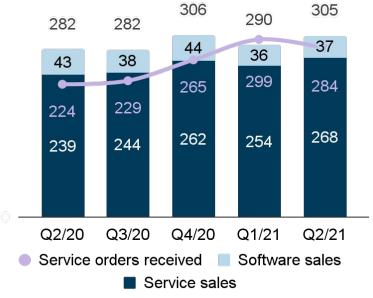


Comparable operating profit MEUR



Service sales increased in all business areas

Service and software* sales MEUR



*Software sales defined as strategic business unit Navis and automation software

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Service orders received +27%

Software orders received +26%

Service sales +12%

- Kalmar +5%
- Hiab +25%
- MacGregor +10%

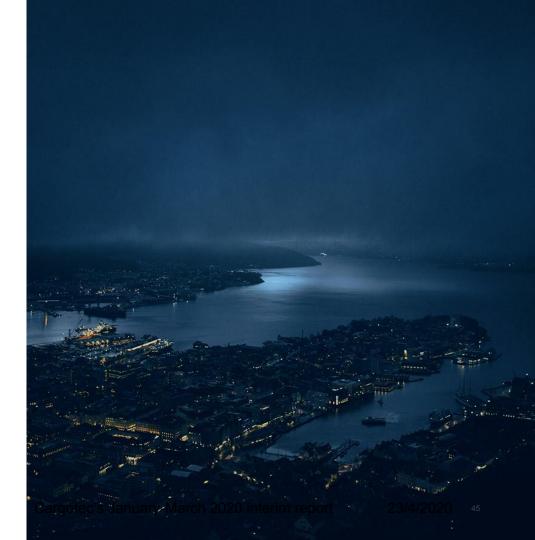
Software sales -15%

Service and software 36% of total sales

Business areas

Cargotec's January–June 2021 half year report





Kalmar Q2 – Strong demand in mobile equipment

Strong orders received driven by Mobile Equipment

Sales increased by 9%

- Increase in Mobile Equipment and services
- Decrease in Automation & Projects and in software

Comparable operating profit stable

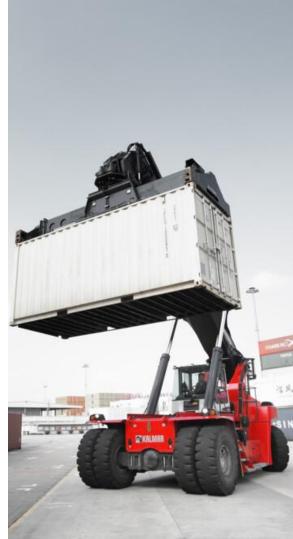
• Higher sales

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- Lower Navis result
- Additional costs due to supply chain challenges
- Higher freight and component costs
- Accelerated R&D investments

MEUR	Q2/21	Q2/20	Change
Orders received	600	293	105%
Order book	1,258	885	42%
Sales	382	350	9%
Comparable operating profit	33	33	2%
Comparable operating profit margin	8.8%	9.4%	-60bps

On 1 July, sale of Navis to Accel-KKR for EV MEUR 380 completed



Hiab Q2 – Excellent quarter

Orders received and order book surged across all product categories and regions

Sales increased by 30%

• Service sales +25%

Comparable operating profit increased

• Higher sales

MEUR	Q2/21	Q2/20	Change
Orders received	508	223	127%
Order book	831	373	123%
Sales	316	243	30%
Comparable operating profit	45	25	82%
Comparable operating profit margin	14.4%	10.3%	410bps





MacGregor Q2 - Positive development in the container ship market

Orders received increased in merchant vessels, offshore vessels and services

Sales decreased by 4%

• Service sales +10%

Comparable operating profit increased

- Higher share of services
- Cost saving actions

Productivity improvements ongoing

• 13 MEUR cost savings target for 2021 on track

MEUR	Q2/21	Q2/20	Change
Orders received	169	120	41%
Order book	517	565	-9%
Sales	156	163	-4%
Comparable operating profit	3	-1	>100%
Comparable operating profit margin	2.0%	-0.4%	240bps



Financials and outlook

Cargotec's January–June 2021 half year report





Key figures – Operating profit improved significantly

	Q2/21	Q2/20	Change	Q1-Q2/21	Q1-Q2/20	Change
Orders received, MEUR	1,276	637	>100%	2,392	1,417	69%
Order book, MEUR	2,606	1,822	43%	2,606	1,822	43%
Sales, MEUR	853	756	13%	1,583	1,614	-2%
Comparable operating profit, MEUR	70	49	41%	121	95	28%
Comparable operating profit, %	8.2%	6.5%	170bps	7.7%	5.9%	180bps
Items affecting comparability, MEUR	-25	-69	64%	-52	-88	41%
Operating profit, MEUR	45	-20	>100%	69	7	>100%
Operating profit, %	5.2%	-2.6%	780bps	4.4%	0.4%	390bps
Net income, MEUR	26	-37	>100%	35	-25	>100%
Earnings per share, EUR	0.40	-0.56	>100%	0.55	-0.39	>100%
Earnings per share, EUR*	0.67	-0.30	>100%	1.09	0.07	>100%
ROCE, %**	5.3%	3.4%	190bps	5.3%	3.4%	190bps

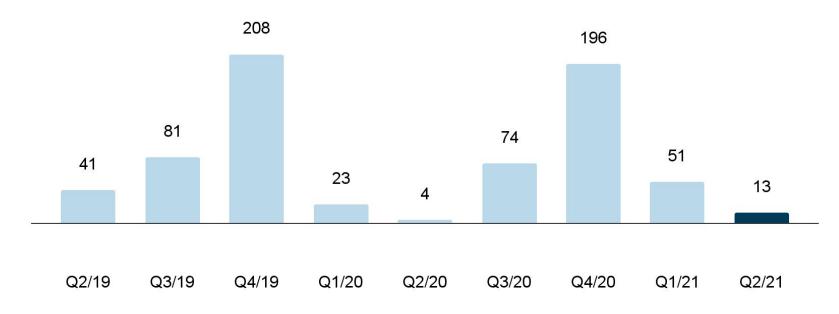


 $^{\ast})$ Excluding items affecting comparability and adjusted with related tax effect

**) ROCE (return on capital employed), last 12 months

Increasing volumes affected cash flow

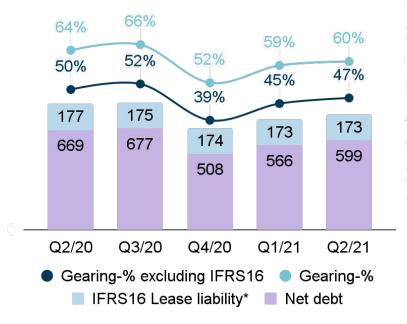
Cash flow from operations before financing items and taxes $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MEUR}}$



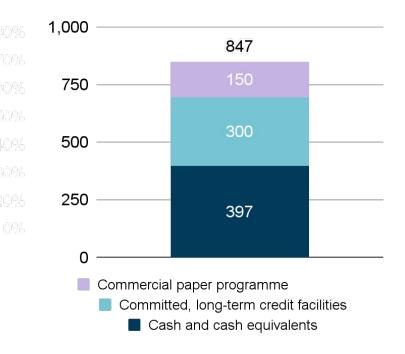


Strong financial position and liquidity

Net debt & gearing MEUR



Total liquidity, 30 June 2021

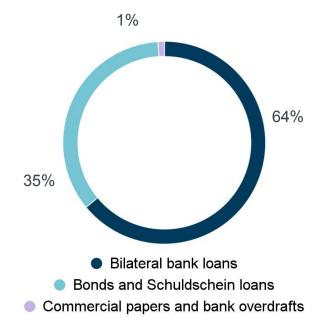


*Cargotec adopted the IFRS 16 standard on 1 Jan 2019.



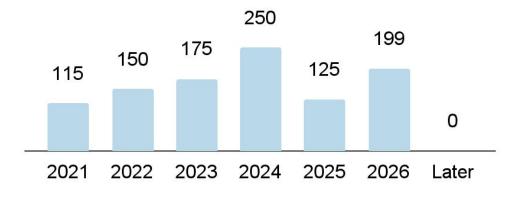
Balanced debt portfolio

Loan structure, 30 June 2021



Repayment schedule of interest-bearing liabilities





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Outlook for 2021

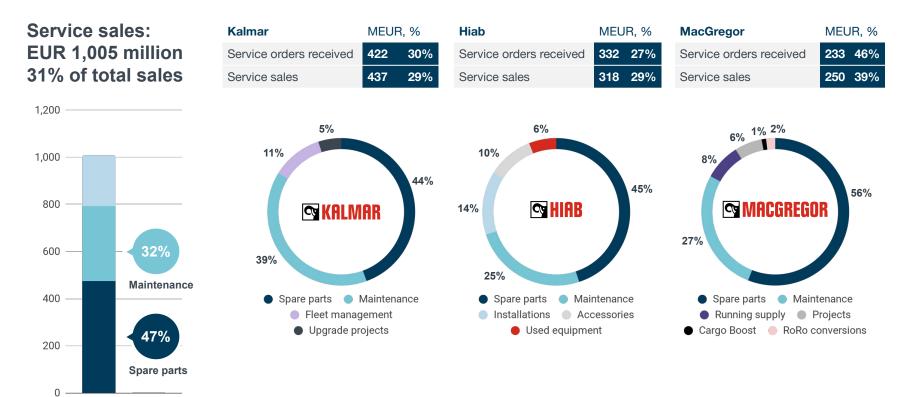
Cargotec estimates 2021 comparable operating profit to improve compared to 2020 (EUR 227* million)



*The comparable operating profit has been specified from EUR 228 million to EUR 227 million. Additional information about the comparable operating profit definition is presented in the stock exchange release published on 29 March 2021.



Service sales growth on track towards our targets

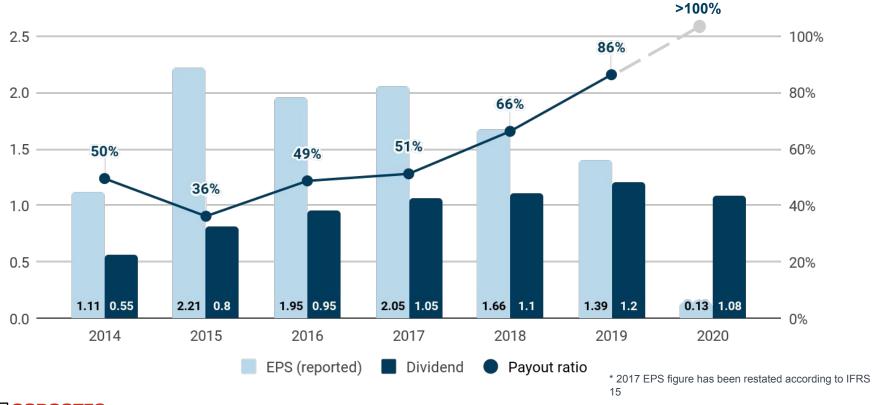




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Dividend of 1.08 EUR in 2020

- Calculated from EPS excl. items affecting comparability, payout ratio for 2020 is 78%



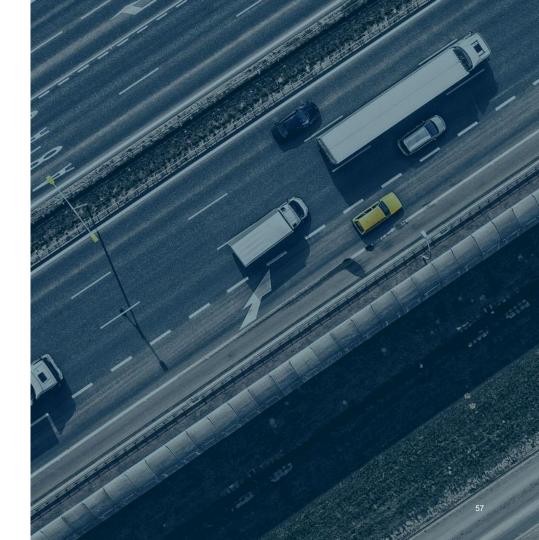
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Appendix

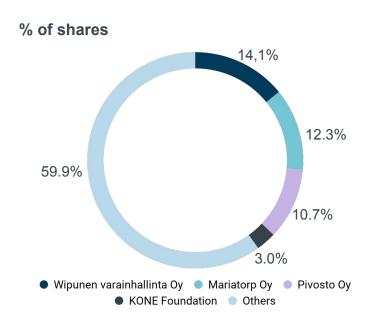
- 1. Largest shareholders and financials
- 2. Sustainability
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor





Largest shareholders 31 August 2021

		% of shares	% of votes
1	Wipunen varainhallinta Oy	14.1	23.7
2	Mariatorp Oy	12.3	22.9
3	Pivosto Oy	10.7	22.2
4	KONE Foundation	3	5.5
5	Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company	2.1	0.9
6	The State Pension Fund	1.2	0.5
7	Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.2	0.5
8	Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.0	0.4
9	Herlin Heikki Juho Kustaa	0.6	0.3
10	Sigrid Jusélius Foundation	0.6	0.2
	Nominee registered and non-Finnish holders	28.19%	
	Total number of shareholders	38,891	



Wipunen varainhallinta Oy is a company controlled by Ilkka Herlin, Mariatorp Oy a company controlled by Heikki Herlin and Pivosto Oy a company controlled by Ilona Herlin.



Examples of our wide equipment offering

KALMAR



Reachstacker





Terminal tractor





Container handler





Loader crane



Hooklift, Skiploader



Truck-mounted forklift







Marine self-unloaders



Offshore load handling



Forklift truck



Automatic stacking crane



Recycling and forestry cranes



Hatch covers,

container lashings

Cranes

Deck machinery



Mooring systems

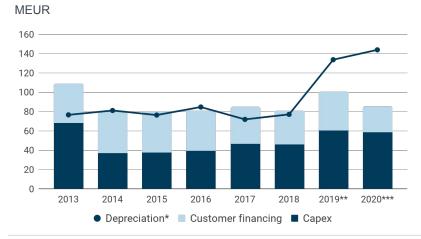


Taillift



Capex and R&D

Capital expenditure

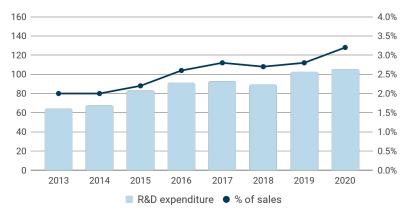


Main capex investments:

- Kalmar innovation centre in Ljungby, Sweden
- Investments in multi-assembly units in Kalmar and Hiab
- Intangible assets, such as global systems to improve efficiency in operational activities and support functions

Research and development

MEUR



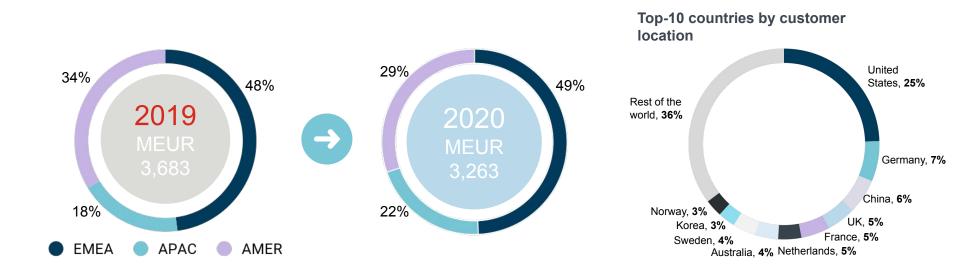
R&D investments focused on

- Themes supporting our climate targets such as digitalisation, electrification and automation
- Competitiveness and cost efficiency of products

*) Including amortisations and impairments **) depreciation increased due to IFRS 16 implementation ") depreciation includes impairments worth EUR 16 of which EUR 16 has been booked as restructuring costs

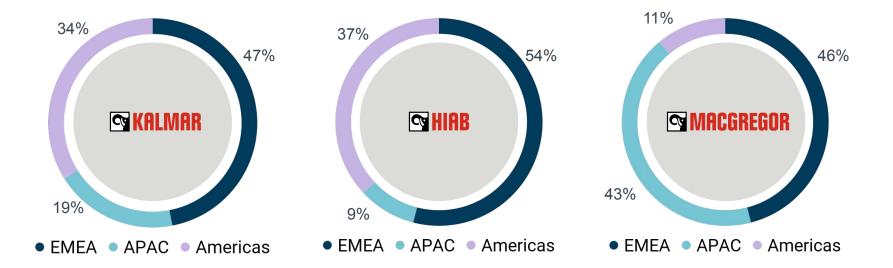


Well diversified geographical sales mix





Sales by geographical segment by business area 2020





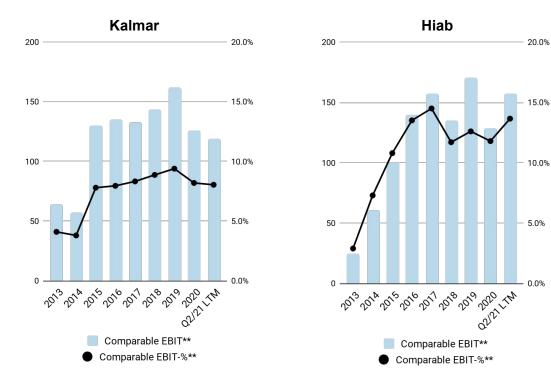
Cargotec's R&D and assembly sites

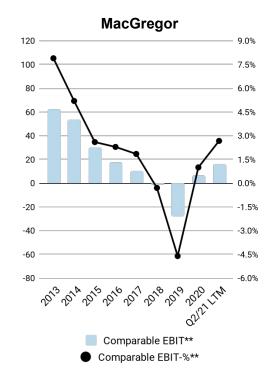




*In addition, Cargotec has presence in China through its joint ventures

Comparable operating profit development



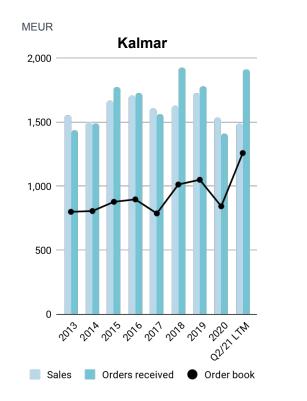


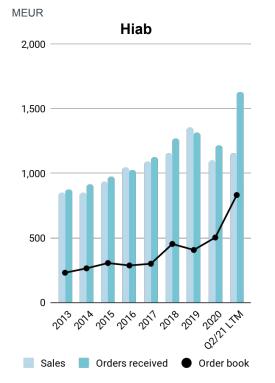


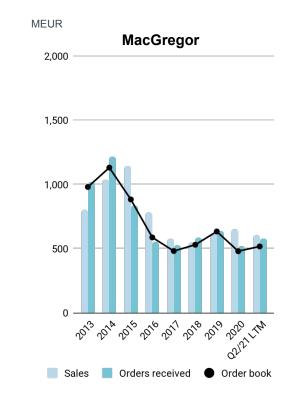
15.0%

10.0%

Sales and orders received development



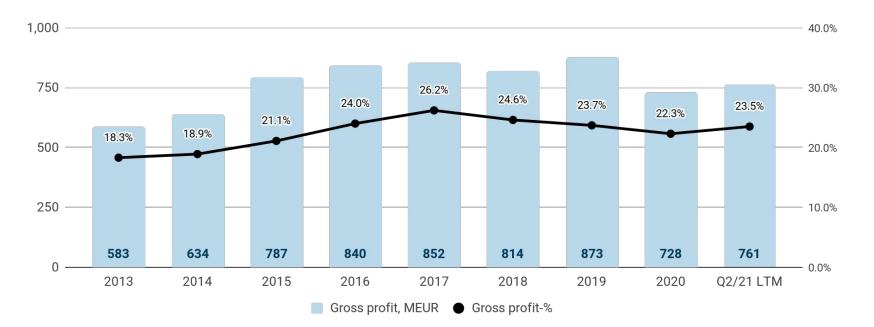






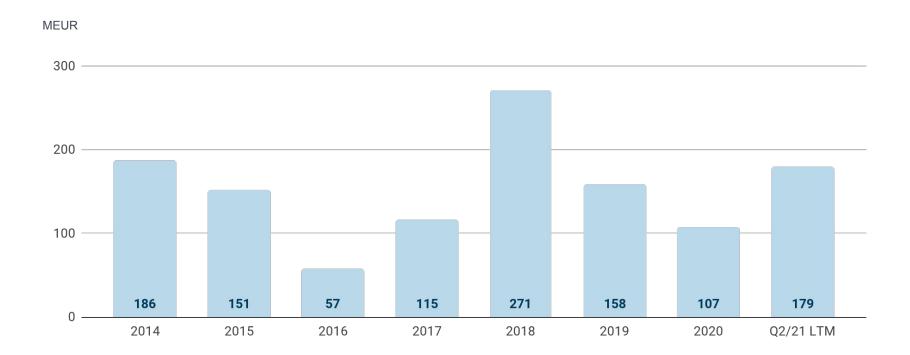
Gross profit development

MEUR



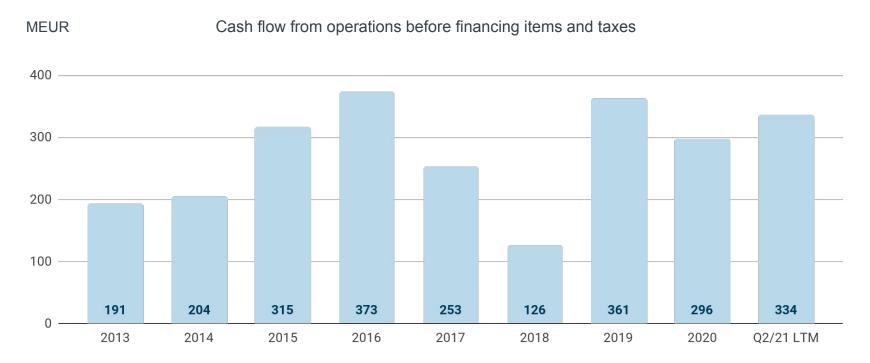


Net working capital development





Strong cash flow





Income statement Q2 2021

MEUR	Note	Q2/21	Q2/20	Q1-Q2/21	Q1-Q2/20	2020
Sales	5	853.2	755.8	1,582.8	1,614.0	3,263.4
Cost of goods sold		-648.5	-592.9	-1,197.0	-1,261.1	-2,535.5
Gross profit		204.7	162.9	385.7	353.0	727.9
Gross profit, %		24.0 %	21.6 %	24.4 %	21.9 %	22.3 %
Other operating income		12.8	15.9	29.7	26.4	48.0
Selling and marketing expenses		-49.2	-46.2	-95.8	-103.4	-199.5
Research and development expenses		-29.8	-26.8	-57.4	-56.4	-107.9
Administration expenses		-67.1	-52.2	-132.7	-119.4	-236.7
Restructuring costs	7	-6.7	-72.1	-16.4	-78.5	-131.0
Other operating expenses		-22.0	-3.9	-47.5	-17.1	-35.7
Costs and expenses		-162.1	-185.3	-320.1	-348.5	-662.9
Share of associated companies' and joint ventures' net						
income		2.2	2.9	3.6	2.4	5.3
Operating profit		44.8	-19.5	69.3	7.0	70.4
Operating profit, %		5.2 %	-2.6 %	4.4 %	0.4 %	2.2 %
Financing income		0.4	-0.6	1.2	2.2	2.8
Financing expenses		-7.7	-8.0	-14.7	-17.5	-38.7
Income before taxes		37.5	-28.1	55.8	-8.4	34.5
Income before taxes, %		4.4 %	-3.7 %	3.5 %	-0.5 %	1.1 %
Income taxes	9	-11.7	-8.4	-20.4	-16.8	-26.4
Net income for the period		25.8	-36.5	35.4	-25.1	8.1
Net income for the period, %		3.0 %	-4.8 %	2.2 %	-1.6 %	0.2 %
Net income for the period attributable to:						
Equity holders of the parent		25.7	-36.3	35.4	-25.0	8.1
Non-controlling interest		0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.1
Total		25.8	-36.5	35.4	-25.1	8.1
Earnings per share for profit attributable to						
the equity holders of the parent:						
Earnings per share, EUR		0.40	-0.56	0.55	-0.39	0.13
Diluted earnings per share, EUR		0.40	-0.56	0.55	-0.39	0.13
		1000	100000			



Balance sheet 30 June 2021

ASSETS, MEUR	Note	30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2020
Non-current assets				
Goodwill		954.2	1,036.7	971.9
Other intangible assets		176.7	276.3	185.8
Property, plant and equipment		418.7	454.6	429.7
Investments in associated companies and joint ventures	16	76.3	53.7	56.7
Share investments	16	33.4	30.0	37.5
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	11	12.2	27.2	18.4
Deferred tax assets		125.6	128.1	123.6
Derivative assets	12	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other non-interest-bearing assets		17.6	13.3	17.2
Total non-current assets		1,814.7	2,019.9	1,840.9
Current assets				
Inventories		705.4	763.8	579.7
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	11	3.2	1.5	4.3
Income tax receivables		29.6	22.3	25.4
Derivative assets	12	7.4	7.9	13.3
Accounts receivable and other non-interest-bearing assets		800.9	782.7	753.9
Cash and cash equivalents*	11	397.2	445.3	484.8
Total current assets		1,943.7	2,023.6	2,047.1
Assets held for sale	17	191.2		185.7
Total assets		3,949,7	4.043.5	3.888.0

	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES, MEUR	Note	30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2020	31 Dec 2020
	Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent				
)	Share capital		64.3 98.0	64.3	64.3
	Share premium account			98.0	98.0
į.	Translation differences		-81.2	-70.3	
,	Fair value reserves		-0.2	-8.8	
3	Reserve for invested non-restricted equity		54.0	57.4	57.4
1	Retained earnings		1,149.6	1,182.7	
•	Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent		1,284.5	1,323.3	1,298.7
	Non-controlling interest		2.5	2.5	2.7
5	Total equity		1,287.0	1,325.8	1,301.4
i	Non-current liabilities				
2	Interest-bearing liabilities*	11	881.2	1,155,4	1.027.4
1	Deferred tax liabilities		20.8	37.0	20.6
	Pension obligations		113.1	110.4	115.5
	Provisions		6.4	5.9	7.2
	Derivative liabilities	12	0.0	0.3	
	Other non-interest-bearing liabilities	1.75	66.8	61.0	62.6
5	Total non-current liabilities		1,088.3	1,370.0	
3	Current liabilities				
)	Current portion of interest-bearing liabilities*	11	285.5	71.0	136.1
\$	Other interest-bearing liabilities*	11	15.1	93.9	19.6
	Provisions		90.7	105.9	105.9
	Advances received		196.9	283.0	182.7
,	Income tax payables		19.9	23.8	21.7
	Derivative liabilities	12	11.4	9.0	19.4
	Accounts payable and other non-interest-bearing liabilities	12	881.0	761.1	797.5
1	Total current liabilities		1,500.6	1,347.7	
	Liabilition directly approxisted with appate hold for sale	17	73.7		70.5
	Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	17	13.1	-	70.5
	Total equity and liabilities		3,949.7	4,043.5	3,888.0



Cash flow statement Q2 2021

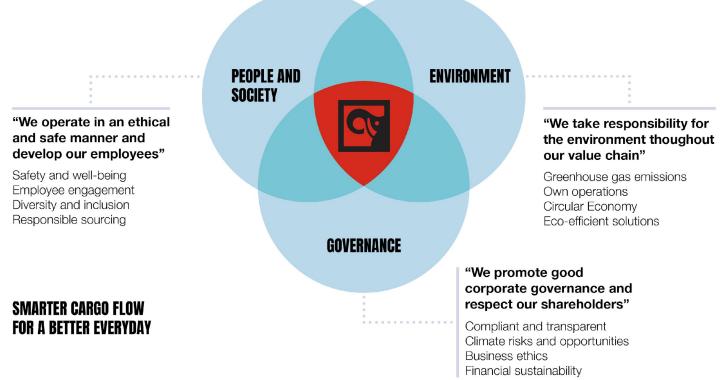
MEUR	Note	Q2/21	Q2/20	Q1-Q2/21	Q1-Q2/20	2020
Net cash flow from operating activities					05.4	
Net income for the period		25.8	-36.5	35.4	-25.1	8.1
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	8	28.6	43.1	59.2	74.8	144.0
Financing items		7.3	8.5	13.5	15.3	35.9
Taxes	9	11.7	8.4	20.4	16.8	26.4
Change in net working capital		-58.5	-44.1	-62.5	-85.1	56.4
Other adjustments		-1.8	24.1	-1.8	29.7	25.6
Cash flow from operations before financing items						
and taxes		13.1	3.6	64.3	26.4	296.4
Cash flow from financing items and taxes		-21.6	-8.9	-54.0	-30.2	-56.4
Net cash flow from operating activities		-8.5	-5.2	10.3	-3.8	240.0
Net cash flow from investing activities						
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	15	-1.0	-3.9	3.3	-11.6	-12.1
Disposals of businesses, net of cash sold	15	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.4	2.7
Investments in associated companies and joint						
ventures	16	-1.3	-	-1.9	-	-
Cash flow from investing activities, other items		2.4	0.1	-2.6	-10.2	-11.8
Net cash flow from investing activities		0.4	-2.4	-1.0	-20.4	-21.3
Net cash flow from financing activities						
Treasury shares acquired			-	-3.4		
Repayments of lease liabilities		-10.4	-11.6	-20.9	-22.0	-44.1
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		-	249.5	-	249.5	249.5
Repayments of long-term borrowings		-	-15.6		-198.6	-251.4
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		3.6	6.5	3.6	82.0	98.8
Repayments of short-term borrowings		2.1	-20.2	-11.9	-30.7	-106.9
Profit distribution		-8.5	-35.2	-69.8	-35.2	-77.8
Net cash flow from financing activities		-13.2	173.5	-102.4	45.2	-131.8
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-21.3	165.9	-93.0	20.9	86.9
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the						
beginning of period		412.4	260.6	482.3	409.8	409.8
of period			200.0			
Effect of exchange rate changes		0.4	2.4	1.9	-1.8	-14.8
Cash and cash equivalents included in assets held for	17	0.0		0.0		0.4
sale		0.0		0.2		0.4
Cash and cash equivalents, and bank overdrafts at the end of period		391.5	429.0	391.5	429.0	482.3
Bank overdrafts at the end of period		5.8	16.4	5.8	16.4	2.5
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		397.2	445.3	397.2	445.3	484.8
Ir	nvestor p	resentation		Septerr	ber 2021	71





Sustainability as a driver for future growth

We create value for all stakeholder by being a 1.5 degree company





Climate solutions is our focus area in sustainability





*CO2 equivalents, based on an estimate on emission in 2019 and products' lifecycle emissions

LIFETIME SAVINGS OF KALMAR'S ELECTRIC TERMINAL TRACTOR

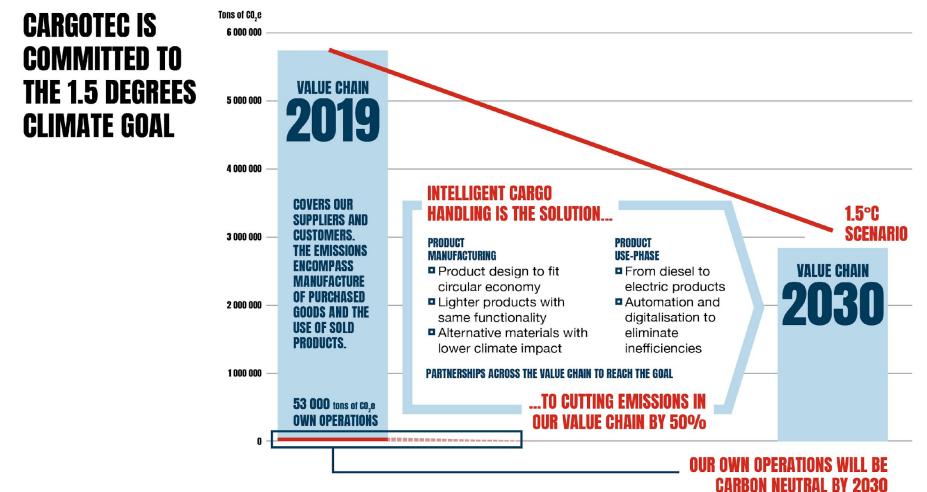
CARS OFF TONS CO₂ The road for a year



BIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

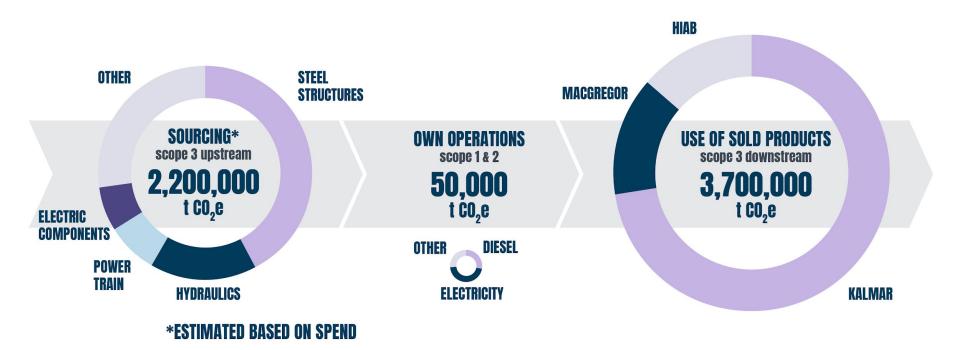
Our ambition, approved by The Science Based Targets initiative, is to reduce Cargotec's greenhouse gas emissions by 50% across all the three emission scopes by 2030, from 2019 base year. Cargotec's internal goal is to become carbon neutral in its own operations which goes beyond the required ambition level of the Science Based Targets initiative.







CARGOTEC'S CARBON FOOTPRINT 2019





Cargotec and SSAB pioneering to introduce fossil free steel in the cargo-handling industry

- SSAB is the first company to produce fossil-free steel
- Cargotec is nominated as SSAB's **preferred customer for fossil free steel** in the cargo handling industry
- Steel components are the main contributors for CO2 footprint at Cargotec's scope 3 upstream emissions
- Decarbonising steel is a concrete step towards Cargotec's ambition of to reduce CO2 emissions in the whole value chain by 50% by 2030

Benefits of fossil free steel:

- Significantly lower environmental impact
- Tightening carbon emission regulations
- Growing customer requirements and increased demand for carbon neutral products







Sea Freight Transport is by far the most sustainable transport mode in terms of emissions

Compared to transportation of goods

➡ by trains, sea freight emits ~2-3 times less emissions

- → by trucks, sea freight emits
 ~3-4 times less emissions
- → by air cargo, sea freight emits
 ~14 times less emissions



Kalmar appendix



Cargotec to sell Navis software business

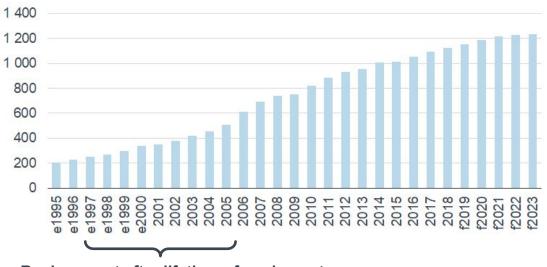
- In February 2020, Cargotec started the review alternative development paths of Navis business to secure best possible growth and value creation for the next development phase for Navis
- On 26 March 2021, Cargotec announced the sale of Navis to technology investment firm Accel-KKR for an EV of EUR 380 million = 3.6 x sales
- As of 1 July 2021, Navis results are no longer consolidated into Cargotec financials
- Approximately EUR 240 million positive impact on Cargotec's operating profit in 2021
- Cargotec's investment since 2011 has enabled Navis to become the market leader in terminal operating systems (TOS), and more than doubled revenue to MEUR 107
- Cargotec's other software business will not be sold





The current replacement market size for key terminal equipment is EUR 1 billion annually and the market is expected to double in the next decade

Total Capacity MTEU



The replacement market will grow in coming years, as the container terminal capacity has expanded significantly during the last two decades.

Average lifetime of type of equipment:

- STS 25 yrs
- RTG -15 yrs
- SC 8-10 yrs
- RS/ECH/TT 8 yrs

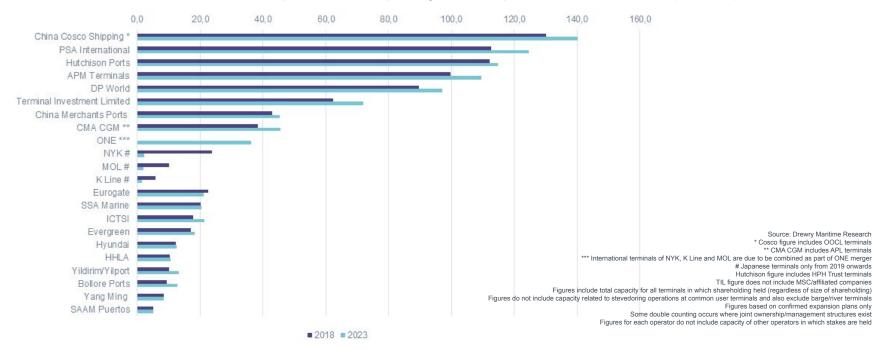
Replacement after lifetime of equipment

Source: Drewry reports: Global Container Terminal Operators 2001-2016 Note: 1995-2000 capacity is estimation based on the assumption that the utilisation rate has been between 70-72% in that period. 2019-2023 forecast based on Drewry's Global container terminal operators report, published in Q4/2019



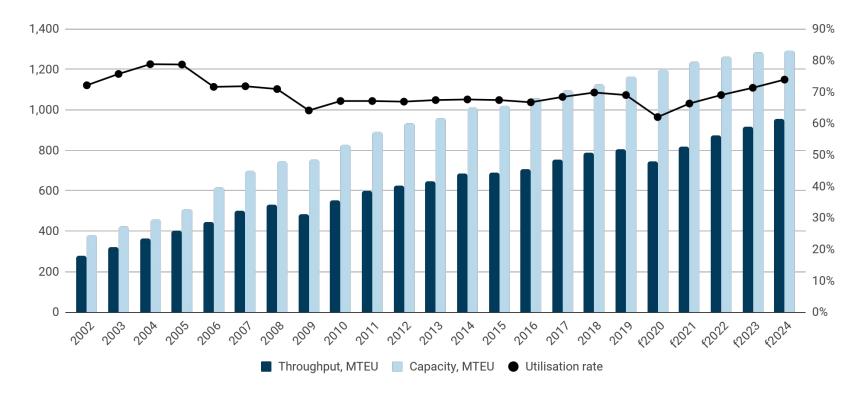
Global container terminal operators – Most capacity expected to be added by Cosco

Global/international terminal operators' capacity development, 2018-2023 (MTEU)



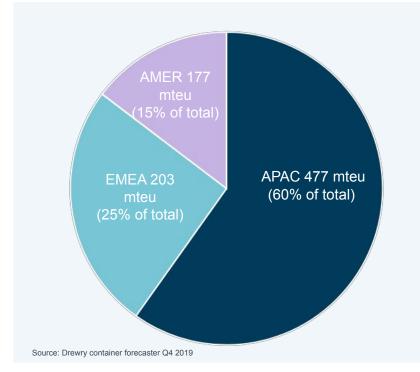


Global container throughput and capacity development





60% of global container throughput is expected to take place in APAC in 2020



Global container throughput expected to decrease 0.5% in 2020

- APAC -0.2% (-1 mteu)
- EMEA -1.3% (-3 mteu)
- AMER -0.3% (-0 mteu)

→ Drewry states that its scenario is not a "worst-case" COVID-19 scenario and that a more significant decrease is possible

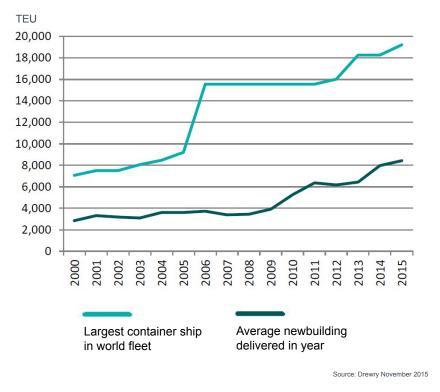


Three alliances controlling about 80% of global container fleet capacity

	Shipping line		Alliance/ Vessel sharing agreement	April 2017					
\rightarrow	Maersk MSC		P3 (denied)	2M	→	2M			
	CMA CGM China Shipping UASC		I China Shipping/ UASC	Ocean Three					
	NYK OOCL (acquisition ongoing) Hapag-Lloyd	Hapag-Lloyd	1 ⁻ I I Grand Alliance I		Oce	ean Alliance			
	APL MOL Hyundai		I I I New World Alliance I	G6 Alliance					
	Cosco China Cosco Shipping K Linc	中国近洋海运集团有限公司 「ペー」LINE AMERICA, INC.	CKYH Alliance		→ 				
4	Yang Ming Ocean Network Express Hagen Evergreen	YANG MING OCEAN NEW MINI WATHER MINI TAULOR OF THE CARE OCEAN EXPRESS OHANJIN SHIPPING O		CKYH Alliance		he Alliance			
	Hamburg Sud	HAMBURG	Independent						
	Total: 17 (9 after further consolidations)	 The arrows indicate changes, c currently officially part of any al Ocean Network Express (ONE) 							
	CARGOTE	 COSCO Shipping's planned ac Analyse excludes Zim, PIL and 	Investor presentation	Sources: Drewry, Alphaliner, Cargotec September 2021 87					

Ship sizes increasing dramatically

- The largest containership in the fleet has nearly tripled since 2000
- The average size of new builds doubles between 2009 and 2014



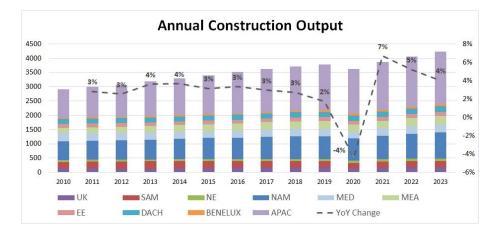
Investor presentation



Hiab appendix



Construction output forecast



F	Percenta	ge point	change	vs last	YoY Changes							
2	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
NAM	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%	2.3%	5.3%	NAM	0.0%	-2.1%	5.8%	5.6%	5.3%
SAM	-0.2%	- <mark>0.1%</mark>	1.3%	1.8%	1.6%	2.0%	SAM	-2.4%	-15.0%	10.0%	4.6%	3.5%
NE	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-0.8%	-0.8%	-0.9%	NE	1.6%	-1.2%	2.7%	2.6%	1.7%
UK	0.0%	0.0%	-1.5%	-0.1%	-0.8%	-1.3%	UK	2.0%	-14.0%	14.1%	3.5%	1.6%
DACH	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	-0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	DACH	2.8%	1.1%	1.7%	2.3%	1.1%
BENELUX	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	2.7%	1.7%	1.7%	BENELUX	4.4%	-2.4%	5.1%	2.3%	2.0%
MED	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	1.9%	1.6%	1.6%	MED	2.9%	-11.6%	11.7%	4.9%	2.5%
EE	-0.3%	-1.1%	-0.3%	-0.4%	-0.2%	-0.2%	EE	0.2%	-0.8%	3.3%	4.0%	2.9%
MEA	0.3%	2.3%	-0.4%	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	MEA	1.0%	-6.3%	6.9%	5.8%	4.1%
APAC	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	-1.7%	-1.1%	-1.2%	APAC	3.1%	-2.7%	6.5%	5.9%	4.6%
Total	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	-0.5%	0.2%	0.8%	Total	1.7%	-4.4%	6.7%	5.2%	4.0%

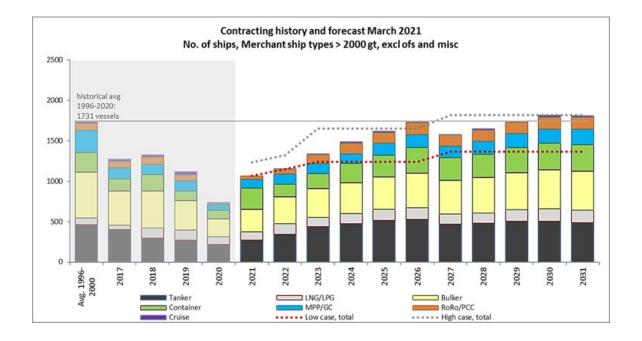


MacGregor appendix



Merchant ships: Contracting forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

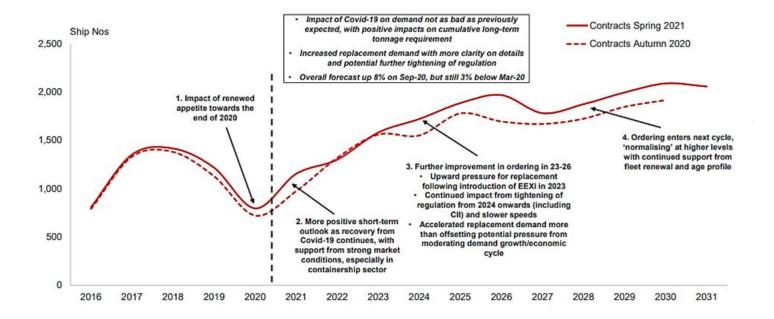
Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case





Contracting forecast upgraded from Sep 2020

Average 2021-30 up 8% or ~130 vessels p.a., but still 3% below Mar-20

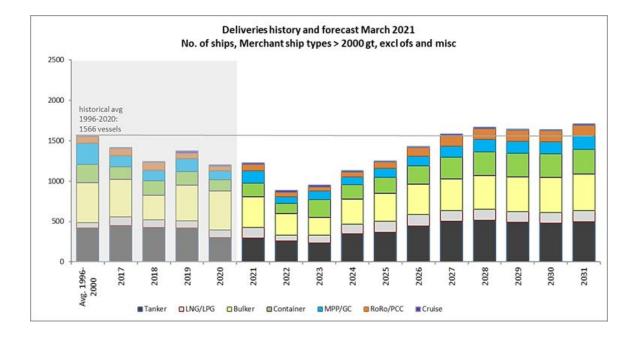




93

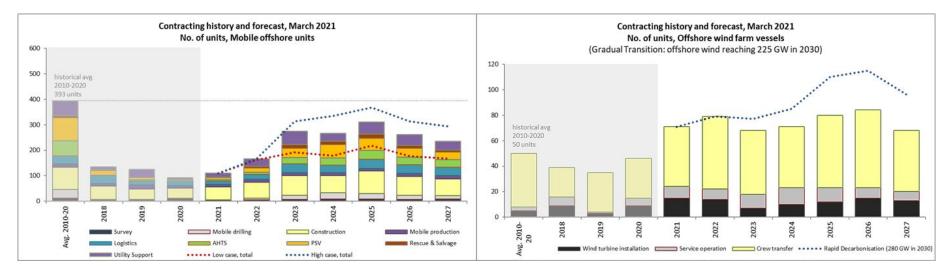
Merchant ships: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

Merchant ship types > 2000 gt excl offshore and misc, base case





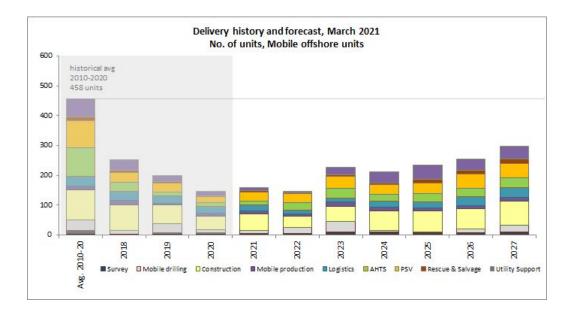
Offshore mobile units: Contracting forecast by shiptype (number of units), base case



Offshore wind is expected to drive ordering of dedicated offshore wind vessels, but also a wider range of other mobile offshore units, such as crane units, cable layers, heavy lift and multipurpose vessels.



Offshore mobile units: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (number of units), base case





96

New ship investments recovering from 2020 low levels,

especially container ships; China and South Korea yards dominate shipbuilding

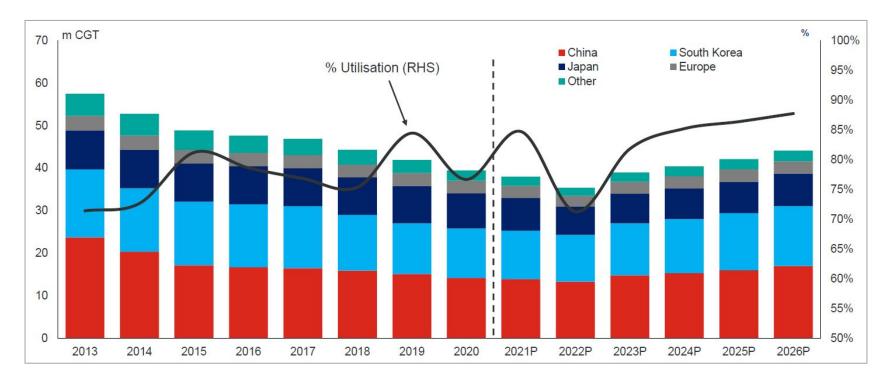
- Merchant (>2000 dwt/gt, excl. ofs and misc.) contracting total 746 new contracts ytd 1st July, annualised 1492 vs March fcst 1065. Chinese and South Korean yards continue to dominate new contracting with 85% share. Contracting ytd by shiptype: 317 container ship (154 > 8000 teu), 120 bulker, 144 tanker and 97 gas carrier.
- Offshore mobile unit contracting 46 new contracts ytd 1st July, new contracts in June included two WTIV at COSCO HI for Cadeler, 2 SOVs at Shanghai Zhenhua for Shanghai Electric, a FPSO at DSME for Petrobras and two FLNG conversions in the US.
- HHI-DSME merger still pending, deadline extended by another three months
 - European Union's (EU) antitrust regulator has not yet resumed its review of the proposed merger between South Korea's two leading shipbuilders, putting its decision on hold for nearly a year. The approval by the EU has been considered as crucial for the merger, as a big part of customers for HHI and DSME are European shipping firms. - As of June, China, Kazakhstan and Singapore gave green light to the deal, but approval still pending from Japan, EU and South Korea.

Global Contracting Activity (1st June 2021)												Builder country split			
	No.			Sbn				m. CGT			YTD 1st June 2021				
	2019	2020	2021ytd	%y-o-y*	2019	2020	2021ytd	%y-0-y*	2019	2020	2021ytd	%y-0-y*	2%	3%	2%
TOTAL (>2,000 Dwt/GT**)	1,262	884	589	60%	80.7	48.5	41.2	104%	30.1	22.2	18.0	95%			
Vessel Type	1 - C - C													43 %	49 %
Bulkers	381	267	99	-11%	11.4	7.1	3.1	6%	7.4	4.8	2.0	3%	54.%		49.76
Tankers	279	225	104	11%	12.2	11.0	5.1	10%	6.4	5.6	2.6	13%			
Containerships	122	112	239	412%	6.6	7.8	19.3	496%	3.5	4.2	9.6	456%			
Gas Carriers	125	99	75	82%	14.1	13.7	5.7	-1%	5.7	5.2	2.2	4%			
Offshore	88	63	23	-12%	8.3	4.6	5.6	194%	1.3	1.2	0.5	9%		46 %	41%
Others	267	118	49	0%	28.1	4.3	2.4	32%	5.7	1.3	0.9	68%	33 %		41 /0
Builder Country/Region															
China	529	420	317	81%	22.5	16.8	17.8	154%	10.3	9.1	8.8	134%	7 %	6 %	7%
South Korea	231	192	196	145%	22.8	19.3	18.9	136%	9.8	8.6	7.3	106%	No. of Ships	Value	CGT
Japan	292	147	43	-30%	9.2	4.1	2.4	39%	5.1	2.4	1.2	24%	589 ships	\$41.2b	18.0m
Europe	116	54	19	-16%	22.6	6.3	1.2	-54%	3.6	1.3	0.3	-37%	■ Japan = Korea ■ China ■ Europe ■ Othe		- 01
Other	94	71	14	-53%	3.6	2.0	0.8	-1%	1.2	0.9	0.2	-36%			urope Others



Shipbuilding capacity and utilisation scenario

Capacity projected to reach low in 2022 before uptick in line with delivery volumes

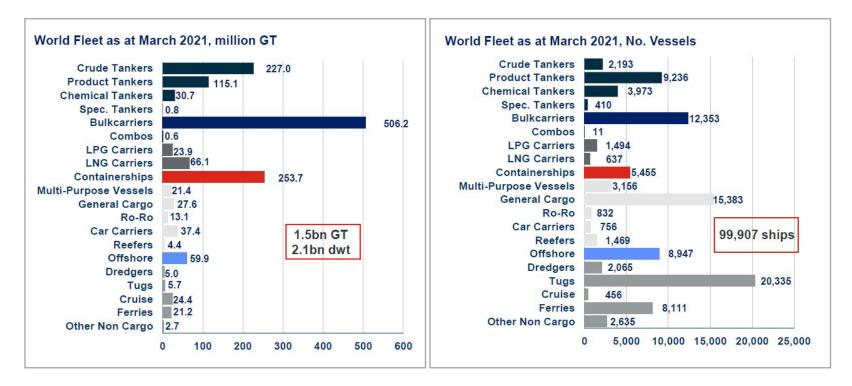




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Shipping – The world fleet

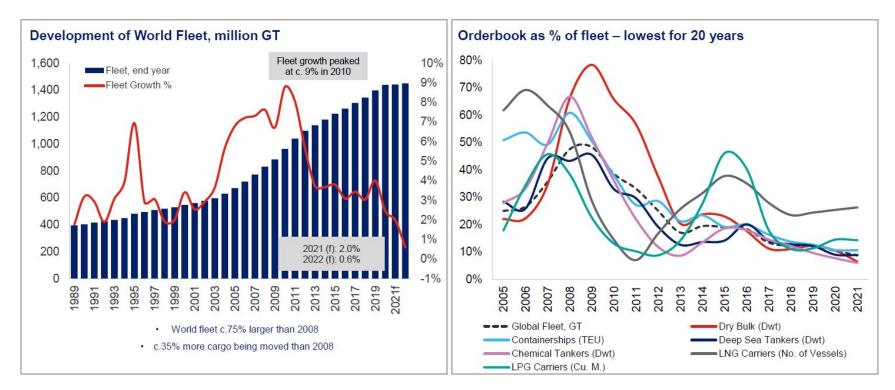
Total world fleet (>100 gt) comprises currently ~100 000 ships





World fleet and order book development

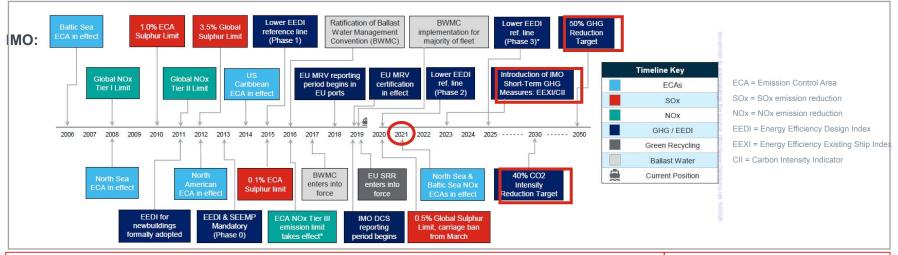
World fleet growth slow; orderbook at just 8% of the fleet





Environmental regulations accelerating, focus on GHG regulation

Shipping decarbonisation high on the agenda



European Union Green Deal - shipping to be included in the EU ETS in 2022.

- In September 2020, the European Parliament voted for the inclusion of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from ships over 5,000 gross tonnes in the emissions trading system (EU ETS) by 1 January 2022. It also wants firms to cut ships' annual average CO2 emissions by more than 40% by 2030. It also voted to include methane emissions in the monitoring and reporting obligation.
- The commission is set to announce a revision of the EU's GHG emissions reduction target for 2030 upwards from 40% to 55%. It has proposed to include intra-EU and international maritime transport in the EU ETS.
- It called for 50% of revenues from the sale of EU ETS allowances to the maritime sector to be used for an Ocean Fund, established for the period 2022-2030 to improve the energy efficiency of ships and support investment in decarbonisation.
- An additional amendment adopted would oblige the commission to propose by 31 December 2022 "additional requirements to reduce GHG emissions other than CO2, as well as to reduce air pollutants and the discharge of wastewater, including from scrubbers, into open waters from ships". And the review should also "consider" an extension of the scope of the regulation to include ships of 400-5,000 gross tonnage.

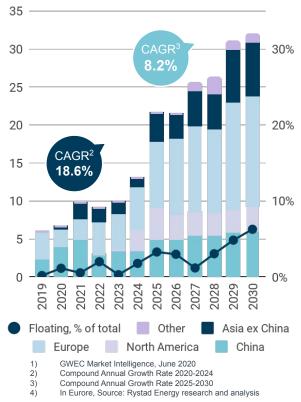
- U.K. government considering to include shipping industry in its new carbon market.
- China looks at adding shipping to its emissions trading scheme kicked off in Feb, but after watching how EU's ETS for shipping goes before making decisions.
- US to push IMO to adopt target of absolute zero emissions by 2050



Global offshore wind market is in rapid growth

- Offshore wind related capex exceeding oil & gas by 2022⁴
- Growth drivers
 - Increasing electricity
 usage
 - Demand for sustainable energy
 - Affordable
 - Economic stimulus
- MacGregor focuses on installation and service vessels and is involved in floating solutions
- Addressable market size in 2021-2030 cumutively a few billion EUR
 CARGOTEC

Global offshore wind installations





Blue Growth, aquaculture and offshore wind energy offer us new interesting growth opportunities



For more information, call us or visit our <u>IR-page</u>

Upcoming IR events

28 September 2021	Hiab investor event
28 October 2021	Interim report January–September 2021

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