estor presentation, November 2017

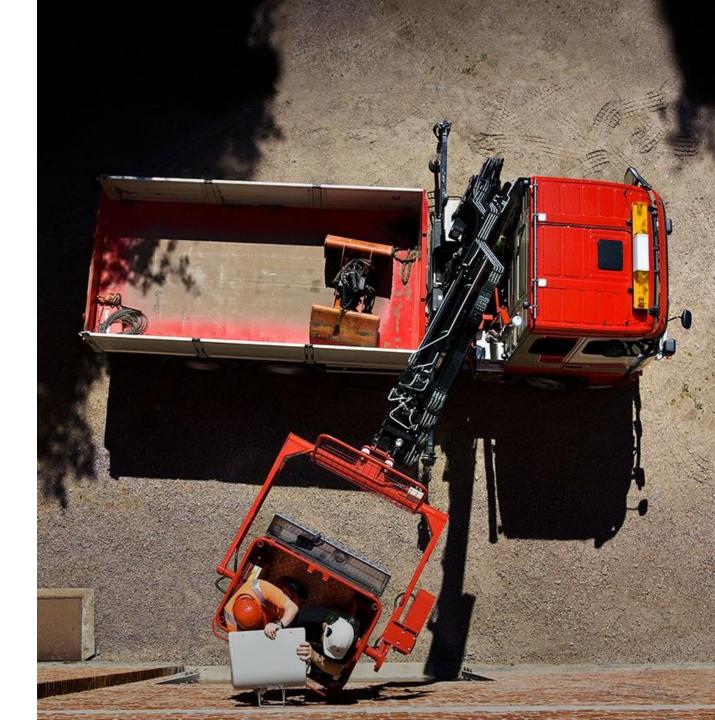
Becoming the leader in intelligent cargo handling



Content

- 1. Cargotec in brief
- 2. Investment highlights
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor
- 6. Recent progress
- 7. Appendix





Cargotec in brief





Strong global player with well-balanced business

Sales: Sales split: new Sales by Sales by EUR 3,311 million equipment vs service business areas geographical area and software **EBIT: 7.5%** Service and Kalmar Kalmar MacGregor **EMEA** software 49% AMER 19% 43% Sales: EUR 1,621 million 31% 31% EBIT: 8.2% (EUR 133.6 million) Hiab Sales: EUR 1,061 million EBIT: 14.2% (EUR 150.2 million) Hiab MacGregor 32% APAC Sales: EUR 631 million 26% New equipment EBIT: 1.6% (EUR 10.0 million) 69% Strengths we are building upon Leading market positions Strong brands Loyal customers Leading in technology in all segments

Figures: Q3 2017 LTM (Q4/16-Q3/17) EBIT % excluding restructuring costs

Key competitors

Cargotec is a leading player in all of its business areas





Cargotec's portfolio is well diversified

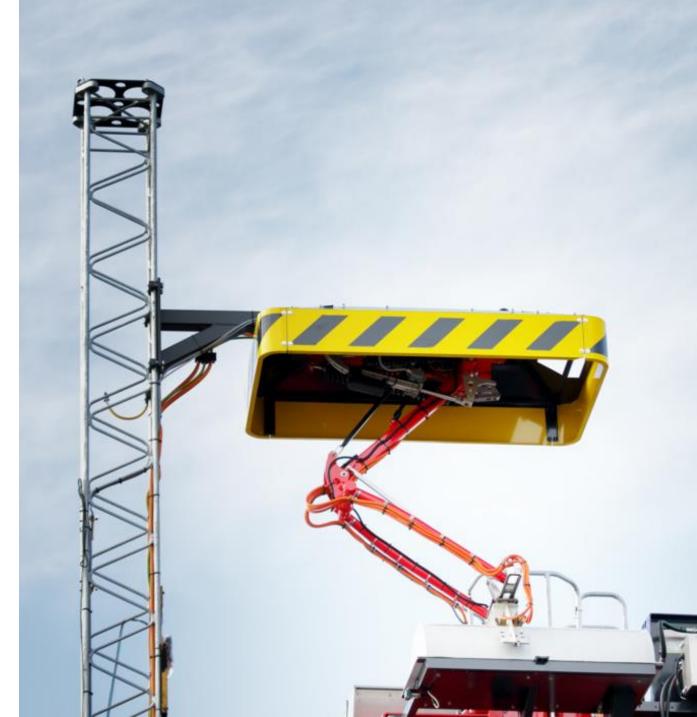
Net sales*, Q4/16 – Q3/17 EUR million		Trend in orders, last 12 months	Profitability: EBIT margin, last 12 months
~400 ~1,200	Kalmar software (Navis) and Automation and Projects division	•	Low due to long term investments
~600 3,311	MacGregor	-21%	1.6%
~1,100	Hiab	+13%	14.2%
 Kalmar equipment Hiab MacGregor Kalmar APD and software 	Kalmar equipment and service (excluding Automation and Projects Division & Navis)	\rightarrow	Low double digit



Investor presentation

* Figures rounded to closest 100 million

Investment highlights





Investment highlights: Why invest in Cargotec?

- 1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential
- 2. Transforming from equipment provider into the leader in intelligent cargo handling
- Growing service & software business and asset light business model are increasing stability
- 4. Capitalizing global opportunities for future automation and software growth
- 5. On track for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets





1. Technology leader and strong market positions, leading brands in markets with long term growth potential

Global megatrends

- Globalisation and trade growth
- Urbanisation
- Growing middle class

Growth drivers

- Container throughput growth
- Construction activity
- Automation
- Digitalisation

Competitive advantages

- Strong brands
- Full automation offering
- Technology leadership

Market position

 #1 or #2 in all major segments



2. We are transforming from equipment provider into a leader in intelligent cargo handling

2013 Product leadership

Good equipment company

→ Product R&D drives offering development and higher gross profit 2018

Services leadership

World-class service offering

- → Connected equipment and data analytics building value on data
- \rightarrow Significant software business

2020

Leader in intelligent cargo handling

40% of the sales from services and software

→ More efficient and optimised cargo handling solutions

Lead digitalisation

World class service offering

MUST-WINS

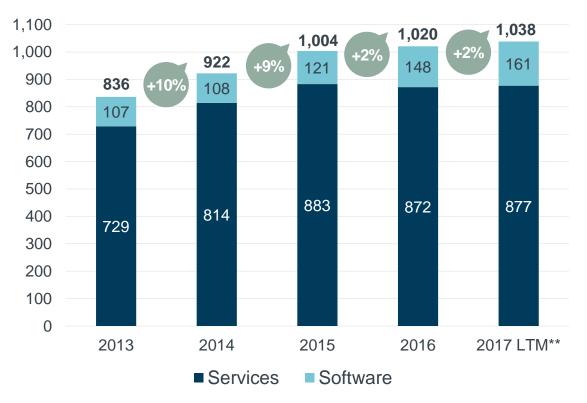
Build word class leadership



3. Growing service & software business and asset light business model are increasing stability

Service and software* sales

MEUR



Asset light business model with a flexible cost structure

- Kalmar and Hiab: efficient assembly operation
- MacGregor: efficient project management and engineering office: > 90% of manufacturing and 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced
- No in-house component manufacturing

Next steps to increase service and software sales:

- All new equipment connected by 2018
- Build on Navis position as industry leader
- Increase spare parts capture rates
- Boost service contract attachment rates



4. Capitalizing global opportunities for future automation and software growth

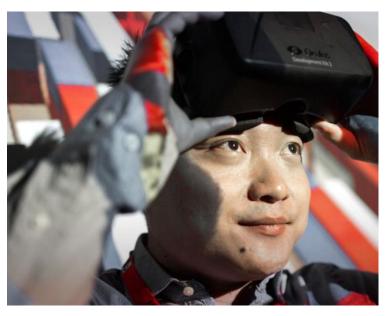
Industry trends support growth in port automation:

- Only 40 terminals (out of 1,200 terminals) are automated or semiautomated currently globally
- Ships are becoming bigger and the peak loads have become an issue
- Increasing focus on safety
- Customers require decreasing energy usage and zero emission ports
- Optimum efficiency, space utilization and reduction of costs are increasingly important
- Shortage and cost of trained and skilled labour pushes terminals to automation

Significant possibility in port software:

- Container value chain is very inefficient: total value of waste and inefficiency estimated at ~EUR 17bn
- Over 50% of port software market is in-house, in long term internal solutions not competitive
- Navis has leading position in port ERP

Automation creates significant cost savings*		
Labour costs	60% less labour costs	
Total costs	24% less costs	
Profit increase	125%	



* Change when manual terminal converted into an automated operation



5. Clear plan for profitability improvement and to reach financial targets

Growth

Target to grow faster than market

- Megatrends and strong market position supporting organic growth
- M&A potential

Service and software

Targeting service and software sales 40% of net sales, minimum EUR 1.5 billion in 3-5 years*

Balance sheet and dividend

Target gearing < 50% and increasing dividend in the range of 30-50% of EPS, dividend to be paid twice a year***

Profitability

Target 10% operating profit and 15% ROCE in 3-5 years*

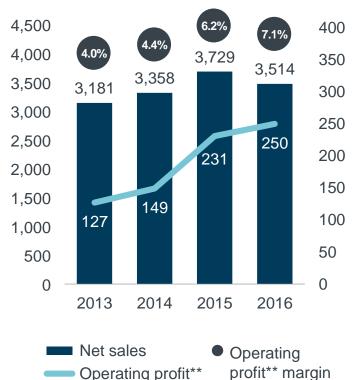
Higher service and software sales key driver for profitability improvement

Cost savings actions:

- 2017 EUR 25 million (MacGregor)
- 2017 Interschalt EUR 2 million
- 2018 EUR 13 million (Lidhult assembly transfer in Kalmar)
- 2020 EUR 50 million (indirect purchasing and new Business Services operations)

Product re-design and improved project management

Sales and operating profit** development



*Target announced in September 2017 **Excluding restructuring costs ***Proposal to be made to AGM 2018

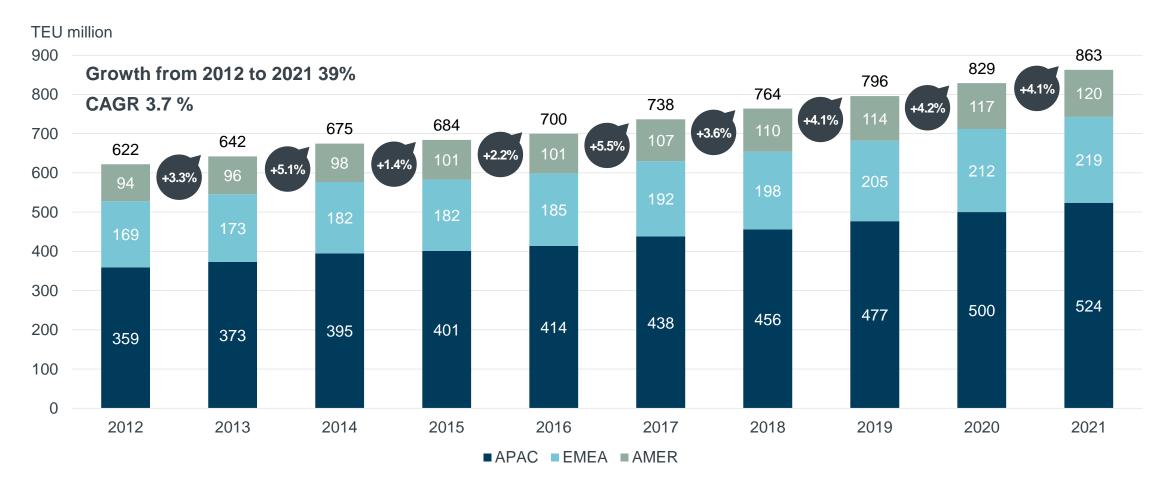


Kalmar



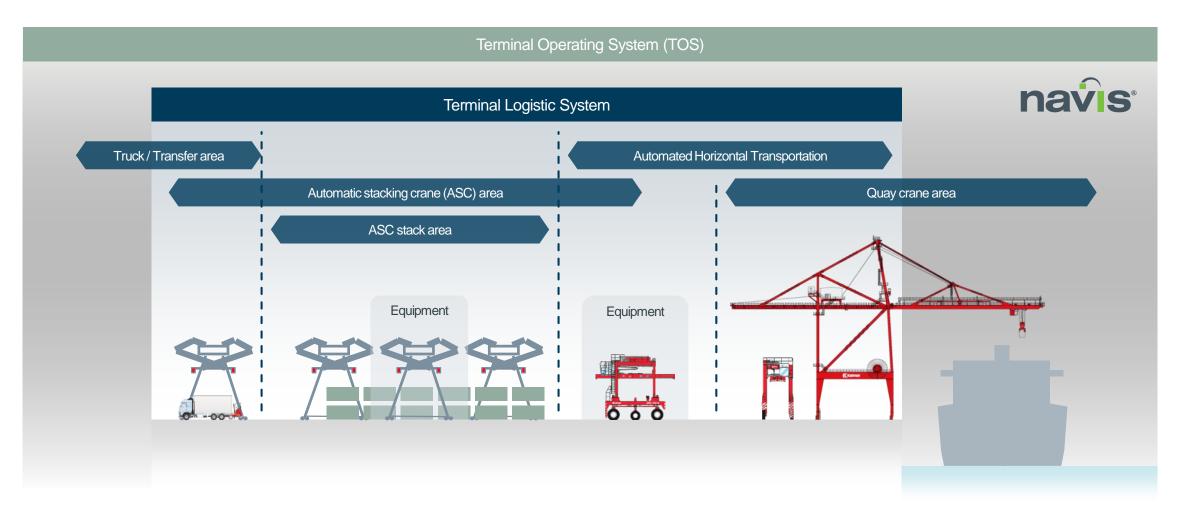


Container throughput still forecasted to grow year on year



Source: Drewry: Container forecaster Q3 2017 (Figures for 2012-2013 from Drewry Global Container Terminal Operators Annual Report 2013)

Flexible and scalable Navis TOS software





Kalmar's operating environment

Provides integrated port automation solutions including software, services and a wide range of cargo handling equipment

navis

TOS coordinates and optimises the planning and management of container and equipment moves in complex business environments.

Navis provides also maritime shipping solutions:

- Stowage planning
- Vessel monitoring
- Loading computer
- Route planning

XVELA.

The collaboration platform serving the needs of ocean carriers, terminals and their shipping partners

BROMMA

Industry leading spreader manufacturer





Services provide our biggest medium term growth opportunity

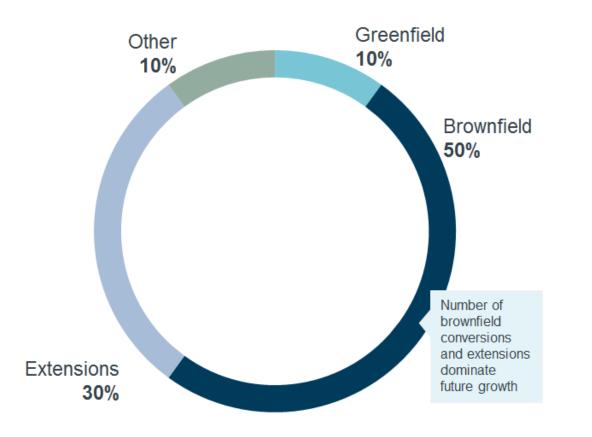
	larket	Equipment & Projects	Software	Services
5	hare	20-30%	20-30%	3-5%
	larket ize	6B€	0.5-1B€	8B€



Number of automated/semi-automated prospects has even grown since CMD 2015 but decisions to go ahead have been postponed

1

1



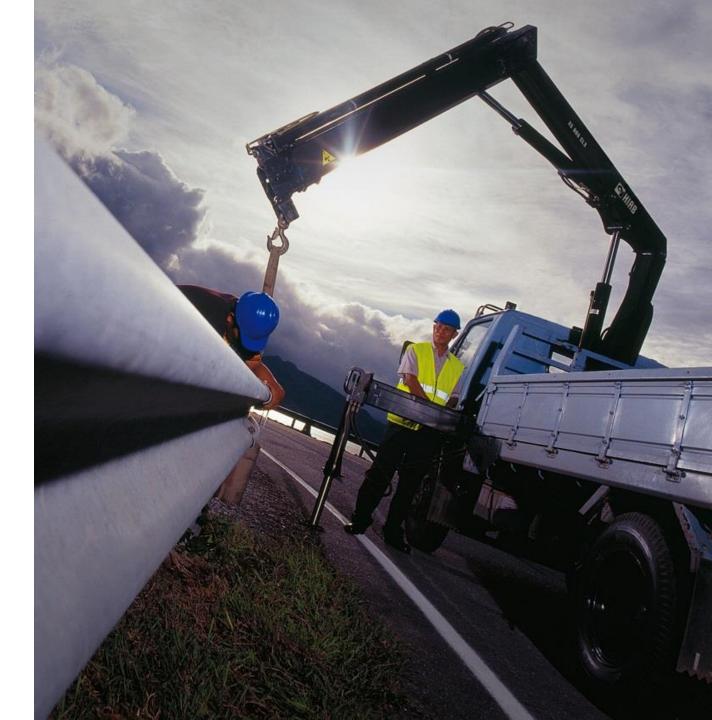
160			
140	Main reasons that have postponed the development:		
120	Waiting for confirmed performance of over 30 moves per hour		
100	Lower degree of container traffic growthWaiting for shipping alliances to be fully		
80	operational		
60			
40			
20			
0	1990-1999 2000-2009 2010-2016 2017-2020		

- Number of automated/semi-automated terminals
- CMD 2015 estimate
- Number of prospects of automated/semi-automated terminals

Source: Kalmar SalesForce Automated RTG projects and prospects excluded



Hiab

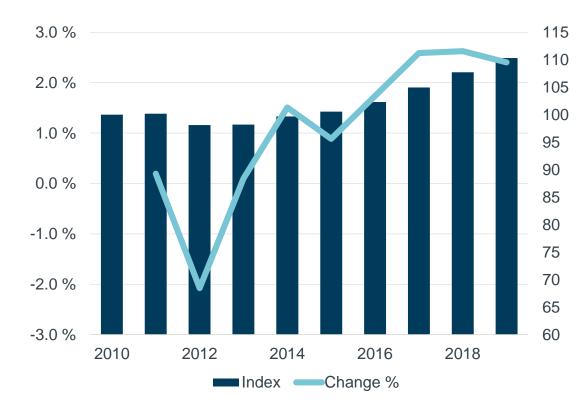




Construction output driving growth opportunity

EMEA construction output

y/y change (%)



AMER construction output

y/y change (%)



Oxford Economics: Industry output forecast 9/2017

Strong market positions in all product lines

	MARKE (EUR bi	E T SIZE * Ilion)	KEY SEGMENTS	HIAB POSITION & TREND
LOADER CRANES		~1.3	Construction and Logistics	#1-2 🚺
TAIL LIFTS		~0.5	Retail Logistics	#1 🕢
DEMOUNTABLES		~0.5	Waste and Recycling	#1 🕢
TRUCK MOUNTED FORK LIFTS		~0.3	Construction and Logistics	#1 🗲
FORESTRY CRANES		~0.2	Timber, Pulp and Paper	#2 🕢





Attractive megatrends and growth drivers

MEGA TRENDS

MARKET GROWTH

KEY SEGMENTS

PRODUCT OFFERING

SERVICE SOLUTIONS



- Urbanization and Consumption growth driving needs for efficiency
 Digitalization and Connectivity enabling new business solutions
- North America and main European markets continue to grow
- Developing markets strong load handling equipment penetration potential
- Construction, Waste & Recycling, Logistics and Governmental business segments show continued growth projection
 - New applications market and segment growth potential
- Developing for increasing demand in Electrification and Automation
- Growing demand for comprehensive life-cycle service offerings and tailored business solutions



Hiab's key growth drivers



Cranes

Gain market share in big loader cranes and crane core markets



Tail lifts

Enter fast growing emerging markets and standardise and globalise business model



Truck-mounted forklifts Accelerate penetration in North America and Europe

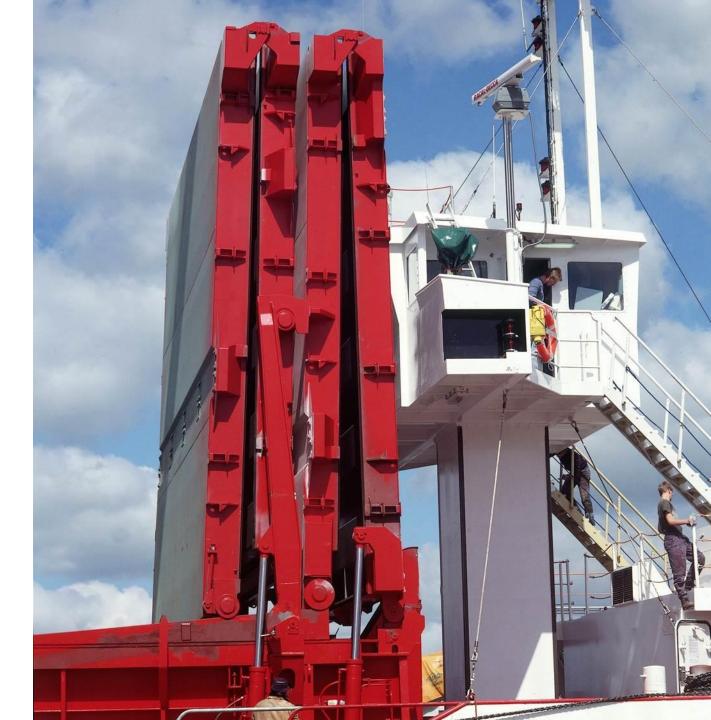


Services

Increase spare parts capture rates driven by connectivity and e-commerce



MacGregor





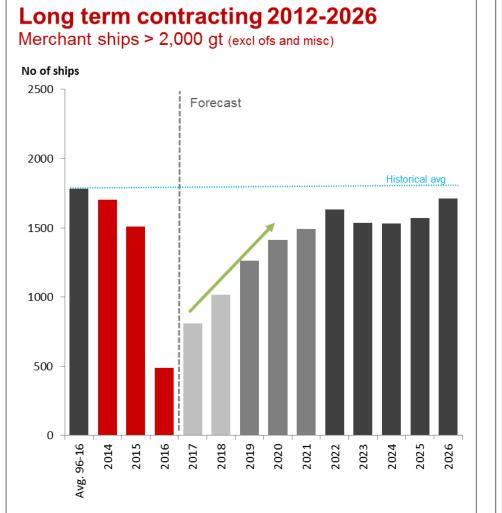
We are an active leader in all maritime segments

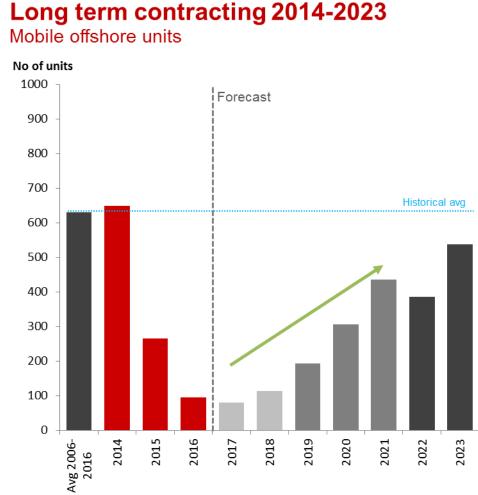




26

Merchant Ships and Offshore contracting activity picking up

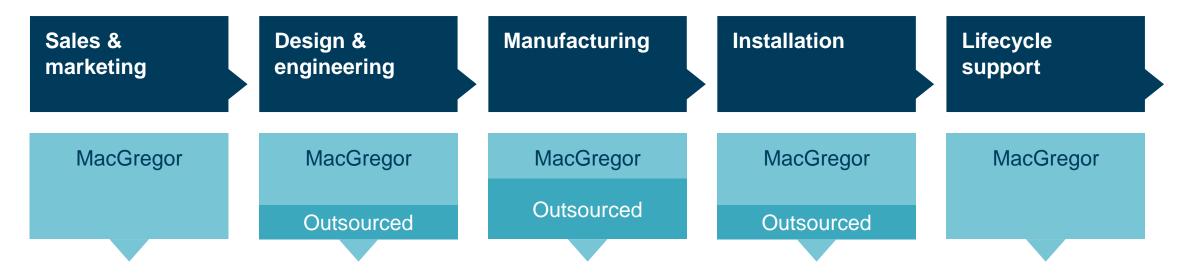




Source: Clarksons September 2017



MacGregor's asset-light business model gives flexibility



Cost-efficient scaling 90% of manufacturing outsourced 30% of design and engineering capacity outsourced





Recent progress



Leading cargo flow digitalisation to create new revenues



MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS

Significantly increased resources and competences

- 100 full-time employees more focusing on digitalisation
- Establishment of the IoT Cloud data platform and connectivity solutions
- Solid 54% growth in software sales since 2013
- XVELA industry collaboration platform introduced
- Digital business accelerator programme

NEXT STEPS

All new equipment connected by 2018

- 20+ new digital products to be launched in 2017-2018
- Build on Navis position as industry leader

FUTURE AMBITION

Target to double software and digital services revenues during next 3-5 years

 Deliver customer value and drive the industry towards better optimization and sustainability with software, automation, data and collaboration platforms



Becoming industry benchmark in services



MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS

Dedicated service organizations

- Increased focus on services
- Over 4,000 persons in global service network
- Value adding services product portfolio
- E-commerce platforms launched
- Service sales growth 20% since 2013

NEXT STEPS

Increase spare parts capture rates

- Boost service contract
 attachment rates
- Design to service to enhance spare parts sales
- Enable connectivity for all new equipment
- Strengthen own service network
- Introduce new service products

FUTURE AMBITION

Become benchmark in services in our industry

- Culture change from products to customer value
- Capturing increasing value through service-based business models



Investing in world-class leadership to deliver high performance

MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS

Tailored, data-based leadership model to drive our performance and strategy execution

 Top 300 and next 700 leaders assessed and trained during 2016-17

NEXT STEPS

Complete the roll-out of the leadership assessments and training

 Personal change planning to help leaders turn around lowperforming organizational climates - leader by leader

FUTURE AMBITION

Leadership is competitive advantage for Cargotec

- Leadership performance is embedded in all aspects of the employment lifecycle
- 50% increase in leaders who create high performing organizational climates

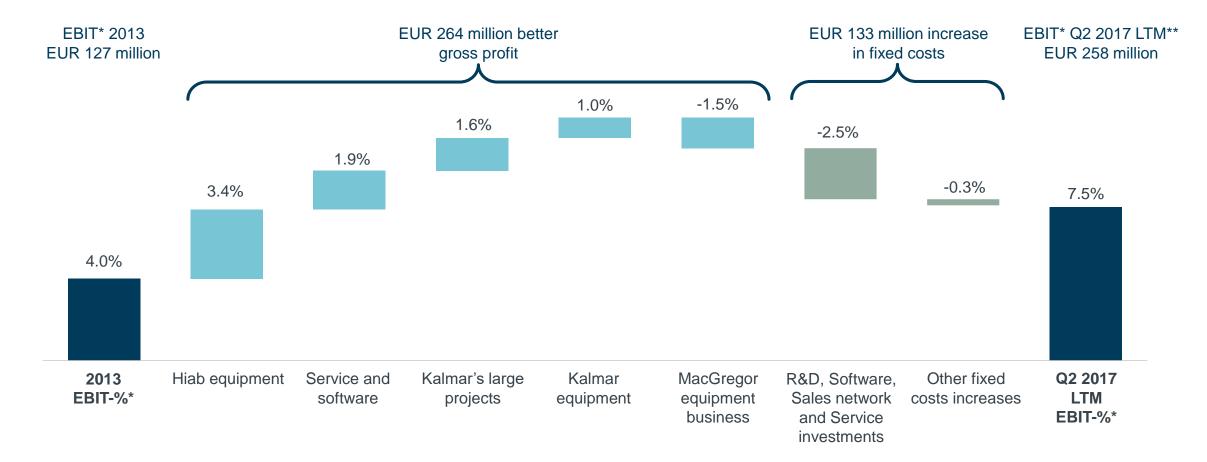


DIGITALISATION

SERVICES

1 2010 3:22 115

We have increased EBIT* margins since 2013 through operational improvements





Business Area cost efficiency programs are on track

	Scope and Target	Status September 2017
MacGregor	Reduction of 230 FTEs in China, Finland, Norway, Singapore and Sweden	Layoffs, asset divestments and lease contract terminations completed
	Annual savings EUR 25 million in 2017	EUR 20 million savings in 1–9/2017
Interschalt	Re-organising operations in Germany, USA and China	Layoffs completed
	Annual savings EUR 2 million in 2017	
Transfer of Kalmar production site	Forklift trucks production from Lidhult, Sweden to Stargard, Poland Annual savings EUR 13 million from 2018 onwards	Production facilities ready. Light and medium fork lift trucks already moved, heavy transferred in H2 2017.



Group wide EUR 50 million cost savings programme proceeding faster than expected

WHY

- Investments in common systems as enabler
- EUR ~600 million addressable indirect cost base

WHAT

 Reductions in indirect purchasing spend (EUR 30 million), and more efficient support functions (EUR 20 million)

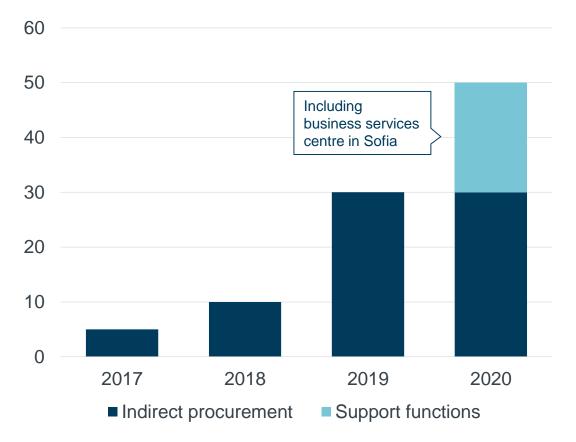
HOW

- Central procurement organization to drive indirect procurement cost and efficiency
- Establishing support function services in Sofia
- Automation in Finance, HR, information management and procurement

RESULTS

EUR 3 million savings realised in 1–9/2017

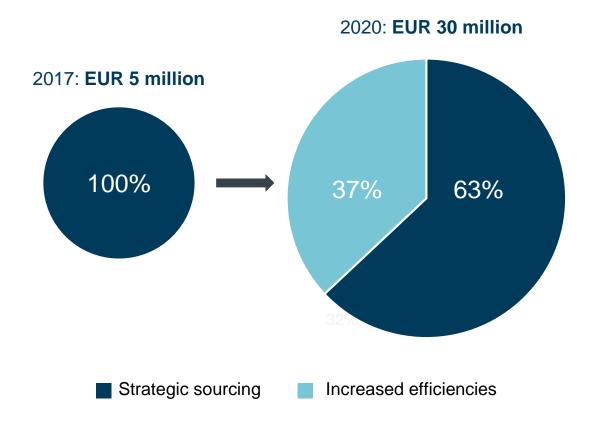
Expected savings compared to 2016 cost level, MEUR





35

Strategic sourcing actions and increased efficiencies drive the EUR 30 million indirect procurement savings



Strategic sourcing

- Consolidation of current supplier base
- Example categories: logistics, facilities management, MRO & investments

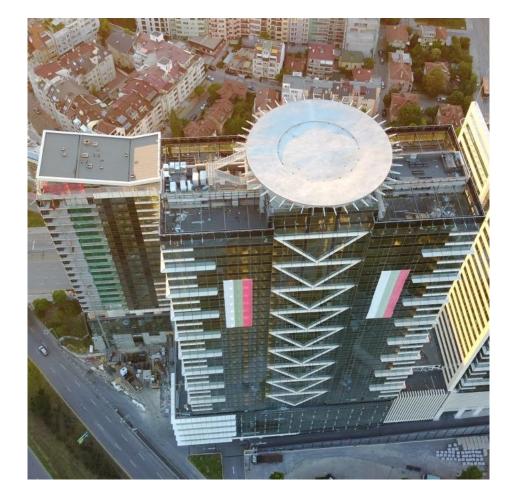
Increased efficiencies

 New tools, harmonised processes, automation and internal procurement savings



We establish Cargotec Business Services in Sofia to improve support function efficiency by EUR 20 million

- Savings from consolidation, outsourcing of certain activities, labour arbitrage and robotics
- Scope: Finance, Human Resources, Information Management and Indirect Procurement services primarily from Sofia, Bulgaria
- Good progress in establishing Cargotec Business Services
 - Infrastructure ready, key positions manned
 - First 53 employees joined on 1st of August, induction has started
- Finland as pilot, cooperation negotiations completed in June 2017

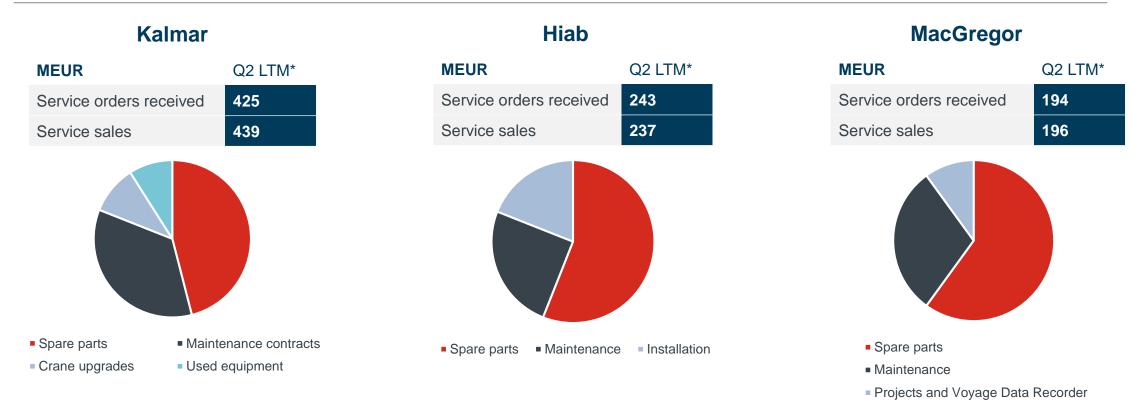




Targeting EUR 1.5 billion service sales in 3-5 years

Cargotec service sales total EUR 872 million (Q2 2017 LTM*)

- Spare parts the biggest category, around 50% of total service sales
- Maintenance around 30% of total service sales





M&A strategy focusing on bolt-on acquisitions

Key acquisition criteria

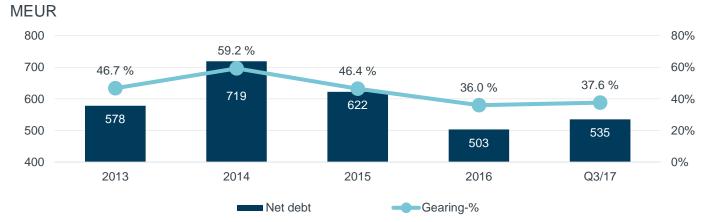
Contribution to 15% ROCE target

Recurring business

Increase the potential for services through larger installed base and increased presence

Group gearing long term target of 50%

Net debt and gearing



M&A focus by business area:

Kalmar

Expand service footprint and software offering

Hiab

Expand geographical presence, service and product offering

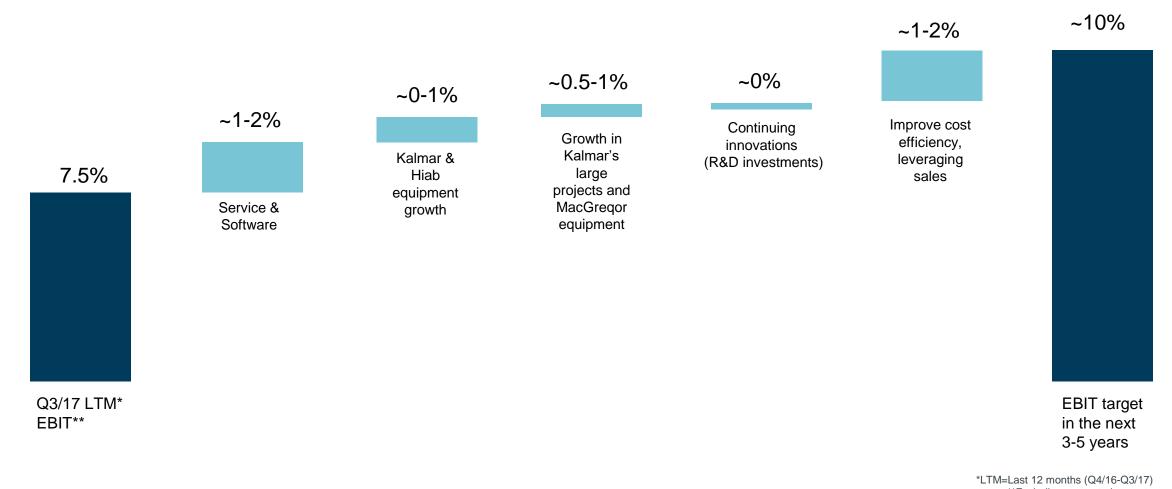
MacGregor

Focus on distressed assets and software and intelligent technology



39

Our target is to reach 10% EBIT in the next 3-5 years





Market environment in 2017

Growth in number of containers handled at ports accelerated

Strong interest for efficiency improving automation solutions

Customers' decision making is slow

Construction activity on good level

 Good development continued in Europe and the US

Marine cargo handling equipment market still weak

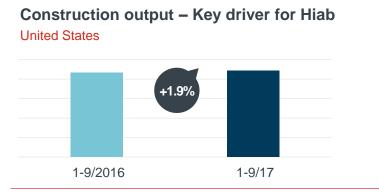
 Market improved in merchant sector, but orders remained well below historical levels

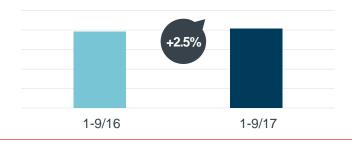


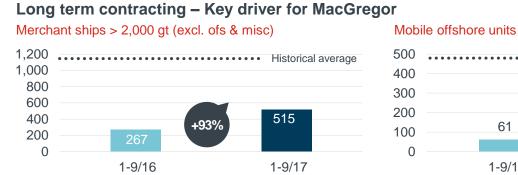




Europe



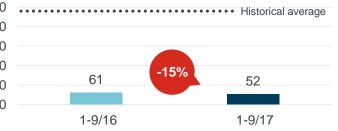




Source: Clarkson Research (number of ships and offshore units) Indicative historical average

41

Source: Oxford Economics



Highlights of Q3 2017 – Service and software one third of sales

Orders received increased in Hiab, MacGregor and services

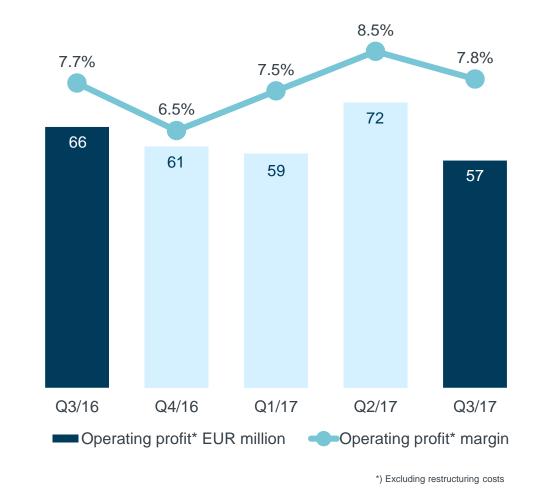
- MacGregor's orders grew 12% y/y
- Service orders grew 6%
- Kalmar orders decreased 10%

Sales below expectations

Hiab continues to show strong development

Service and software sales 33% (29%) of total sales

 Good development in Kalmar: service sales grew 8%



CARGOTEC

Gross profit margin continued to improve





Key figures – Orders received increased

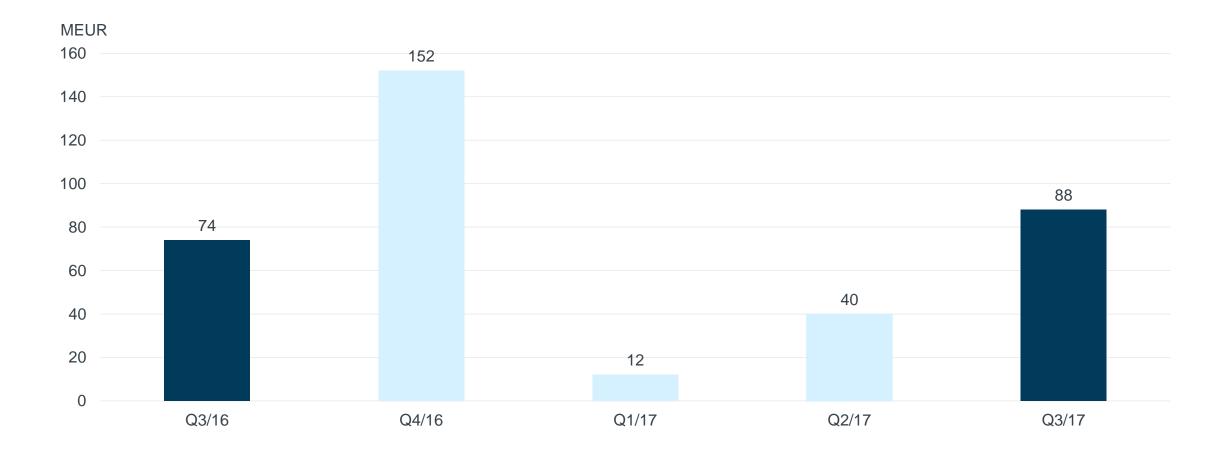
	7–9/17	7–9/16	Change	1–9/17	1–9/16	Change
Orders received, MEUR	749	733	+2%	2,406	2,461	-2%
Order book, MEUR	1,698	1,874	-9%	1,698	1,874	-9%
Sales, MEUR	740	854	-13%	2,378	2,581	-8%
Operating profit*, MEUR	57.4	65.9	-13%	188.6	189.3	0%
Operating profit*, %	7.8%	7.7%		7.9%	7.3%	
Restructuring costs, MEUR	4.7	9.7	-52%	19.2	12.8	+50%
Operating profit, MEUR	52.7	56.2	-6%	169.4	176.4	-4%
Operating profit, %	7.1%	6.6%		7.1%	6.8%	
Earnings per share, EUR	0.51	0.52	-2%	1.66	1.75	-5%
Earnings per share, EUR**	0.56	0.63	-11%	1.87	1.89	-1%

*) Excluding restructuring costs

**) Excluding restructuring costs, using reported effective tax rate

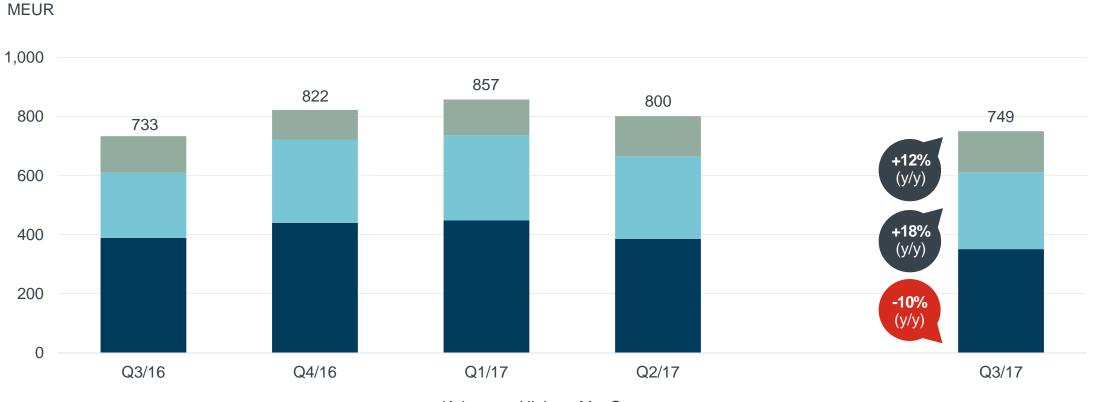


Cash flow from operations improved





Orders received increased in Hiab and MacGregor



■ Kalmar ■ Hiab ■ MacGregor

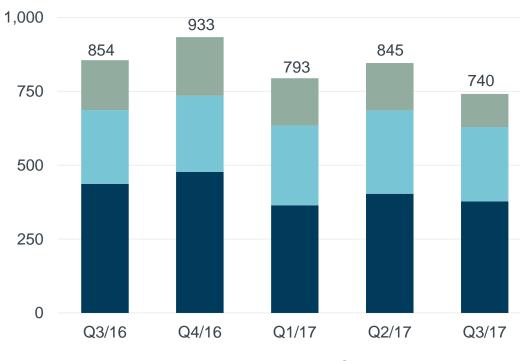


Hiab's order book strengthened



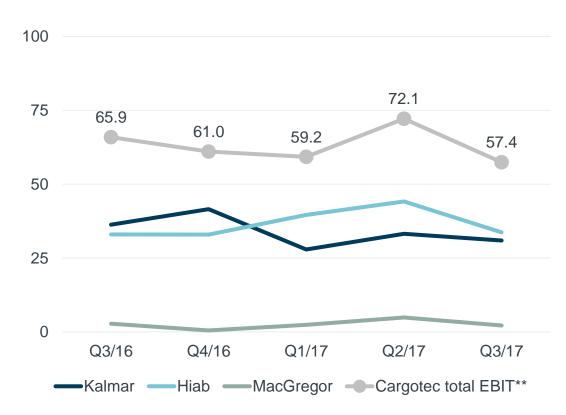


Operating profit* declined due to delivery volumes



■Kalmar ■Hiab ■MacGregor

Operating profit*



*) Excluding restructuring costs, **) Including Corporate admin and support

CARGOTEC

Sales

MEUR

Kalmar Q3 – Good development in service sales

Orders received increased in Americas

 Good development in mobile equipment, decrease in automation and software

Sales decreased mainly due to timing of project deliveries as well as supply chain challenges in mobile equipment

Service sales increased 8%

Operating profit* decreased due to lower sales in project business

MEUR	Q3/17	Q3/16	Change
Orders received	351	389	-10%
Order book	887	922	-4%
Sales	377	436	-14%
Operating profit*	30.9	36.3	-15%
Operating profit margin*	8.2%	8.3%	



Hiab Q3 – Strong increase in orders received

Orders received grew in EMEA and APAC

- Growth in EMEA +37%
- Growth in all business lines

Sales and operating profit at last year's level

 Sales impacted negatively by supply chain bottlenecks

Service sales grew 2%

MEUR	Q3/17	Q3/16	Change
Orders received	260	220	+18%
Order book	293	258	+14%
Sales	252	250	+1%
Operating profit*	33.7	33.0	+2%
Operating profit margin*	13.4%	13.2%	



MacGregor Q3 – Orders received increased

Orders received increased in EMEA and Americas

 Strong increase especially in cargo handling

Sales declined both in merchant and offshore due to low delivery volumes

Operating profit* decreased due to lower business volumes

MEUR	Q3/17	Q3/16	Change
Orders received	139	124	+12%
Order book	519	696	-25%
Sales	112	169	-34%
Operating profit*	2.2	2.8	-23%
Operating profit margin*	2.0%	1.7%	



*) Excluding restructuring costs



Gearing below target level

Net debt EUR 535 million (31 Dec 2016: 503)

- Average interest rate 2.2% (2.3%)
- Net debt/EBITDA 2.0 (1.8)

Total shareholders' equity EUR 1,420 million (1,395)

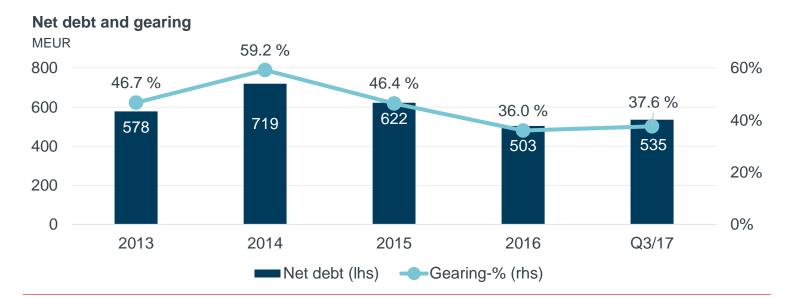
Equity/total assets 42.3% (39.1%)

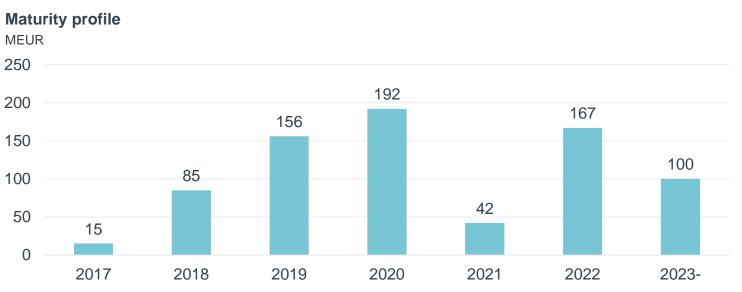
Well diversified loan portfolio:

- Bonds EUR 464 million
- Bank loans EUR 293 million
- EUR 300 million revolving credit facility refinanced in Q2/17, the facility is fully undrawn

Balanced maturity profile

EUR 15 million loans maturing in 2017







Service and software 33% of total sales

MEUR Services Software 300 51 250 44 35 31 35 200 150 231 215 215 215 210 100 50 0 Q3/16 Q4/16 Q1/17 Q2/17 Q3/17

Services and software* sales

*Software sales defined as Navis business unit and automation software

- Service sales increased 2% y-o-y
 - Strong 8% growth in Kalmar
- Software sales decreased in Q3/17
 - 1-9/17 growth +14%
- Services and software sales 33% (29%) of total sales in Q3/17





2017 outlook – as given 8 February 2017

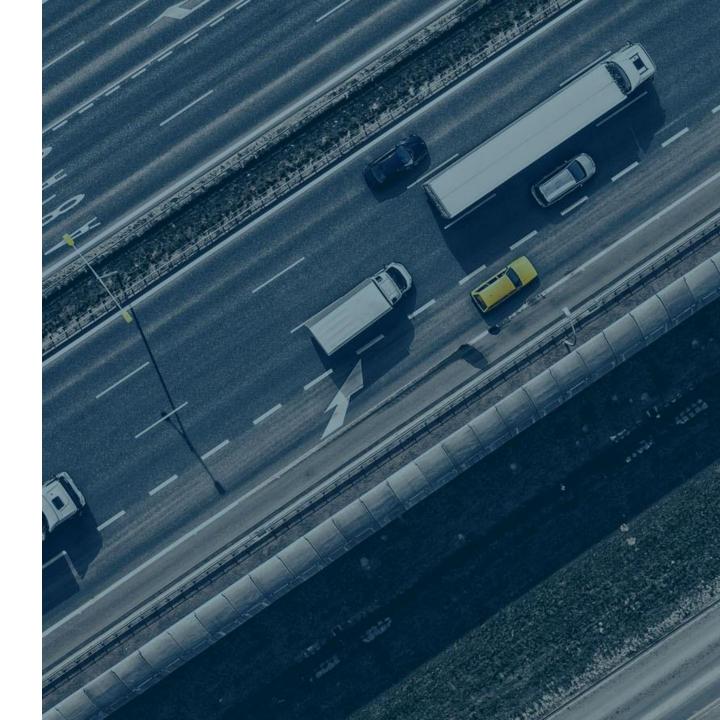
Operating profit excluding restructuring costs for 2017 is expected to improve from 2016 (EUR 250.2 million)



Appendix

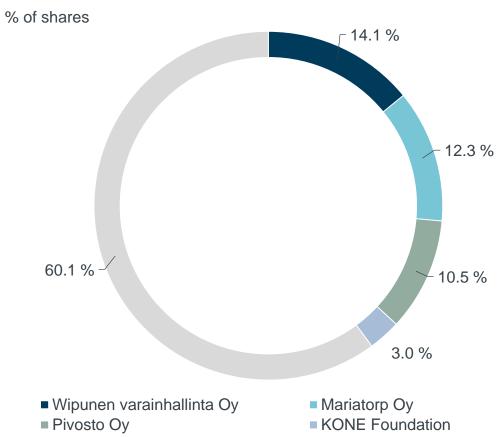
- 1. Largest shareholders and financials
- 2. Sustainability
- 3. Kalmar
- 4. Hiab
- 5. MacGregor





Largest shareholders 31 October 2017

		% of shares	% of votes
1.	Wipunen varainhallinta Oy	14.1	23.7
2.	Mariatorp Oy	12.3	22.9
3.	Pivosto Oy	10.5	22.1
4.	KONE Foundation	3.0	5.5
5.	The State Pension Fund	1.3	0.6
6.	Ilmarinen Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1.2	0.5
7.	Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	0.8	0.3
8.	SEB Gyllenberg Finlandia Fund	0.7	0.3
9.	Herlin Heikki Juho Kustaa	0.6	0.3
10.	Sigrid Jusélius Foundation	0.6	0.2
Non holo	ninee registered and non-Finnish lers	31.2	
Tota	I number of shareholders	21,288	



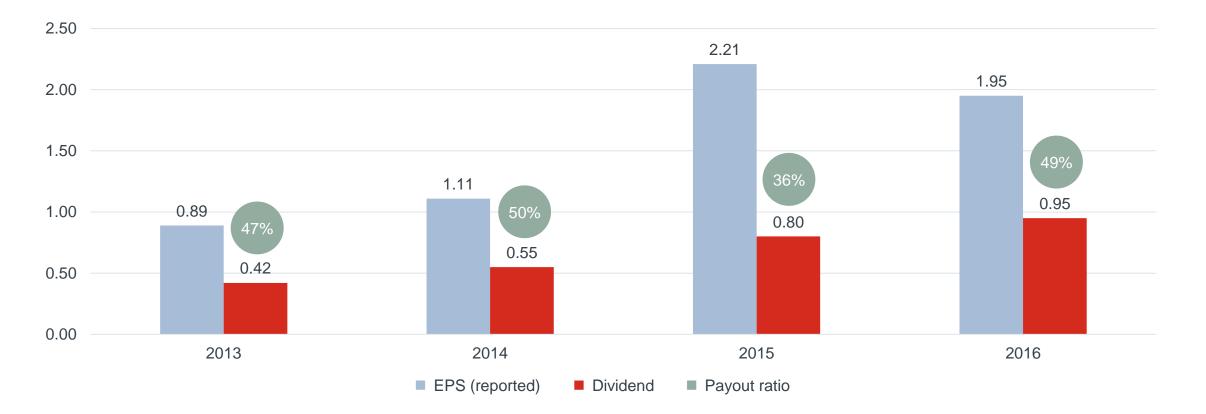
Others

Wipunen varainhallinta Oy is a company controlled by Ilkka Herlin, Mariatorp Oy a company controlled by Niklas Herlin and Pivosto Oy a company controlled by Ilona Herlin.



Solid track record to increase the dividend

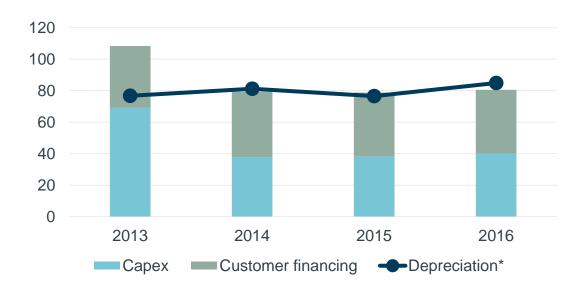
EUR 0.95 dividend per B share for 2016





Capex and R&D

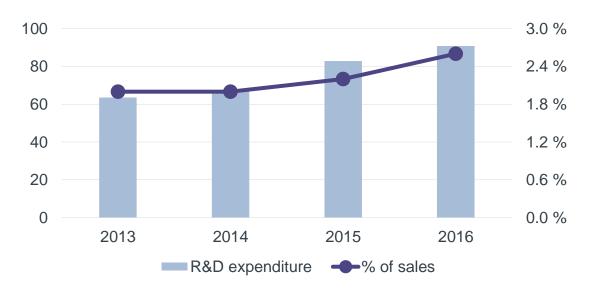
Capital expenditure



Main capex investments:

- Kalmar assembly unit in Stargard, Poland
- Manufacturing plant expansion in Kansas, US for Kalmar

Research and development



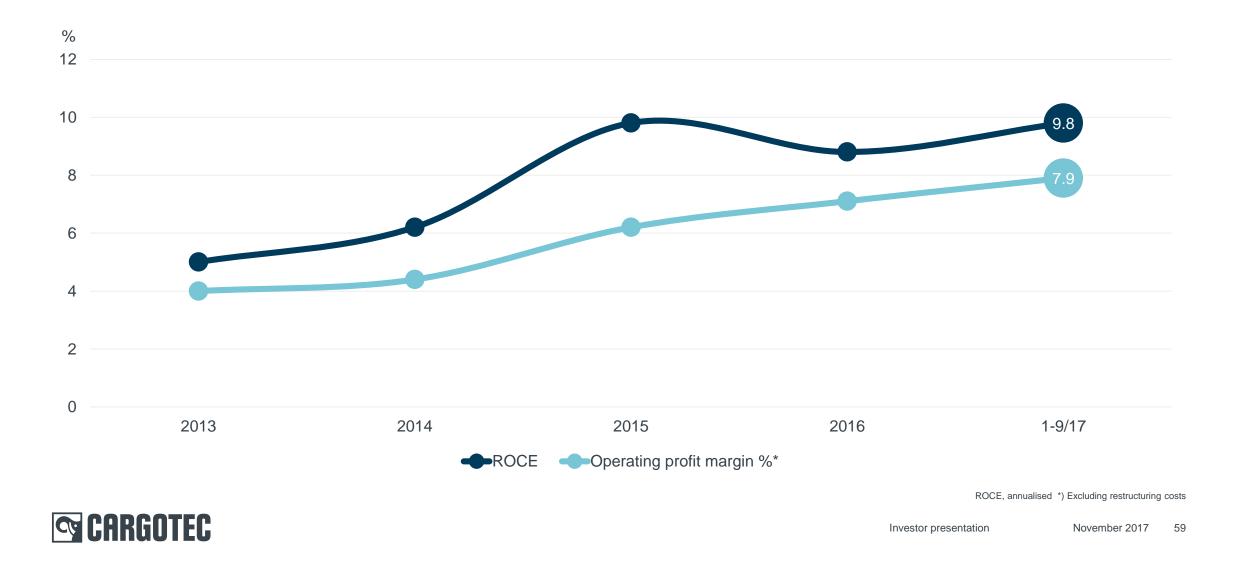
R&D investments focused on

- Digitalisation
- Competitiveness and cost efficiency of products

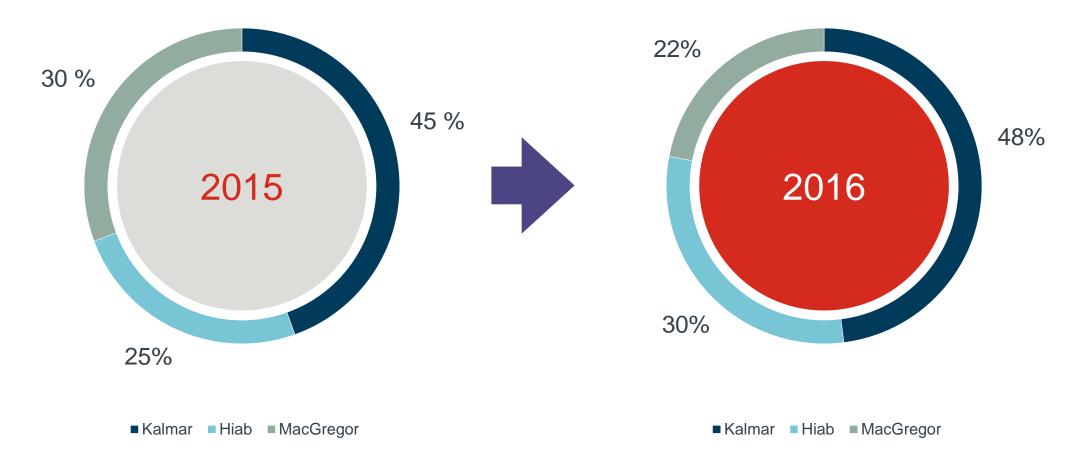
*) Including amortisations and impairments



Operating profit* margin and ROCE improved



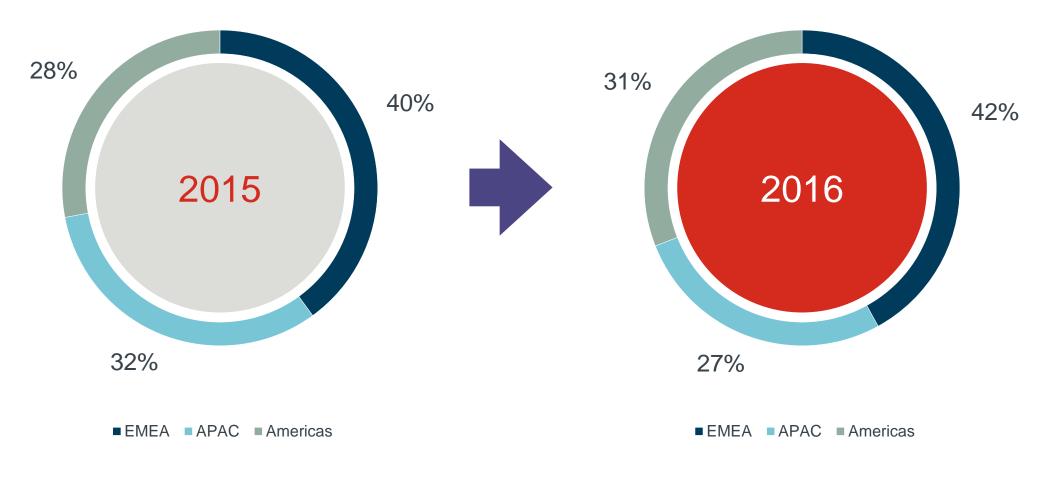
Hiab's share increasing in sales mix





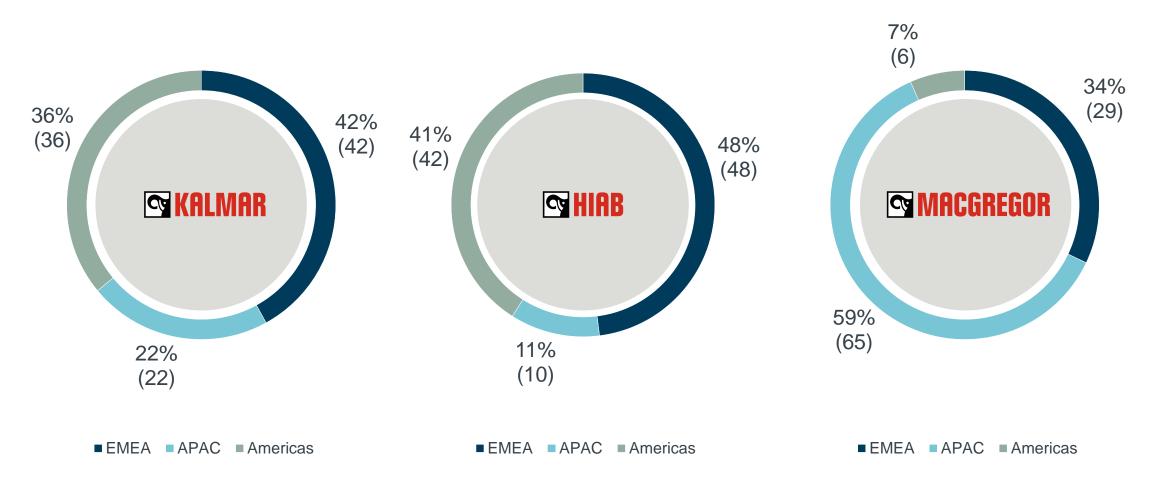
60

Well diversified geographical sales mix





Sales by geographical segment by business area 2016





Cargotec's R&D and assembly sites



EMEA

- Arendal, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Averøy, Norway (Macgregor prod + R&D)
- Kristiansand, Norway (MacGregor R&D)
- Dundalk, Ireland (Hiab prod. + R&D)
- Witney, UK (Hiab prod.)
- Whitstable, UK (MacGregor prod.)
- Zaragoza, Spain (Hiab prod.)
- Uetersen, Germany (MacGregor prod. + WS + R&D)
- Schwerin, Germany (MacGregor prod.)
- Stargard Szczecinski, Poland (Kalmar + Hiab prod.)
- Bispgården, Sweden (Hiab prod.)
- Lidhult, Sweden (Kalmar prod. + R&D)
- Bjuv, Sweden (Kalmar prod.)
- Örnsköldsvik, Sweden (MacGregor WS + WH + R&D)
- Hudiksvall, Sweden (Hiab R&D)
- Helsinki, Finland (HQ)
- Kaarina, Finland (MacGregor R&D)
- Raisio, Finland (Hiab prod.)
- Tampere, Finland (Kalmar WS + R&D)

APAC

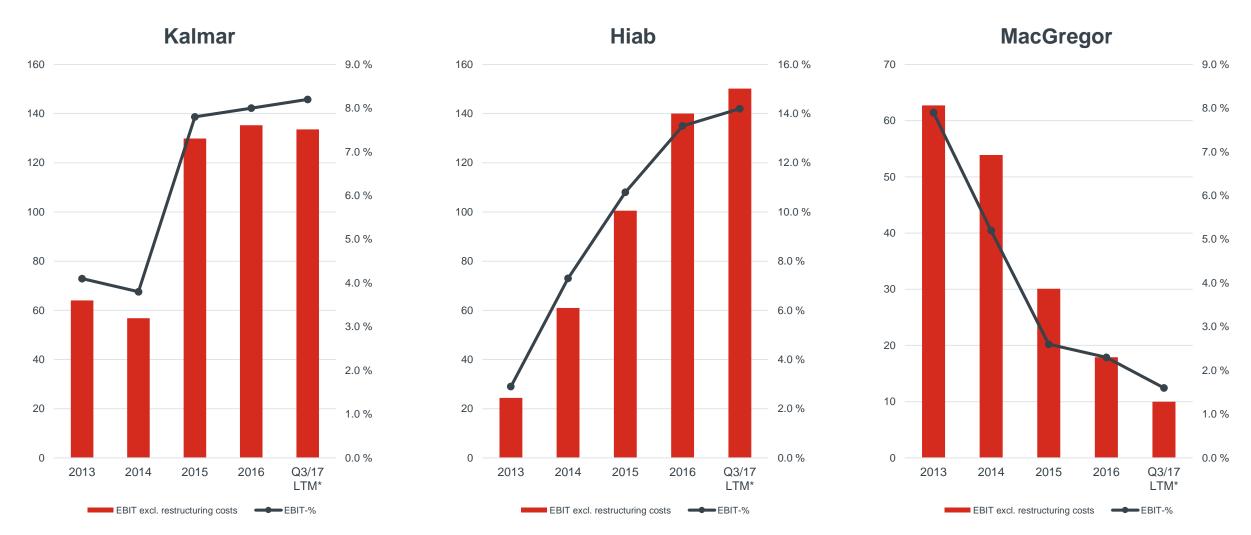
- Chungbuk, South Korea (Hiab prod.)
- Tianjin, China (MacGregor prod.)
- Bangalore, India (Kalmar prod. + R&D)
- Chennai, India (Navis–Kalmar R&D)
- Ipoh, Malaysia (Bromma prod.)
- Shanghai, China (Kalmar prod. + WH)
- Busan, South Korea (MacGregor prod.)
- Singapore, (R&D)

Americas

- Ottawa, Kansas (Kalmar prod.)
- Oakland, California (Kalmar R&D)
- Cibolo, Texas (Kalmar prod.)
- Tallmadge, Ohio (Hiab prod.)

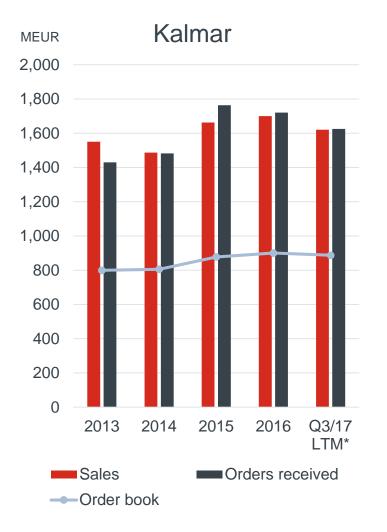


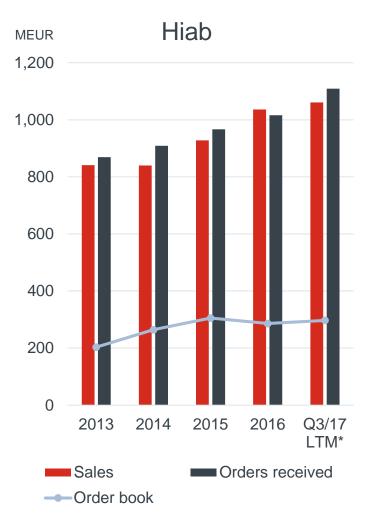
Operating profit excl. restructuring costs development

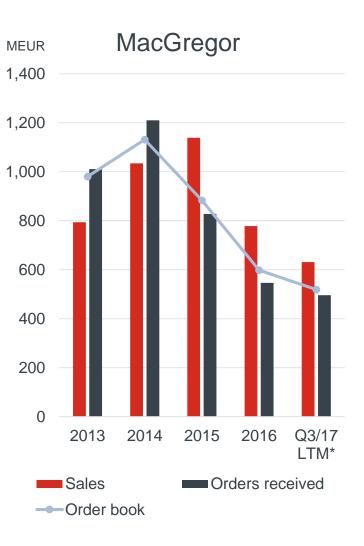




Sales and orders received development

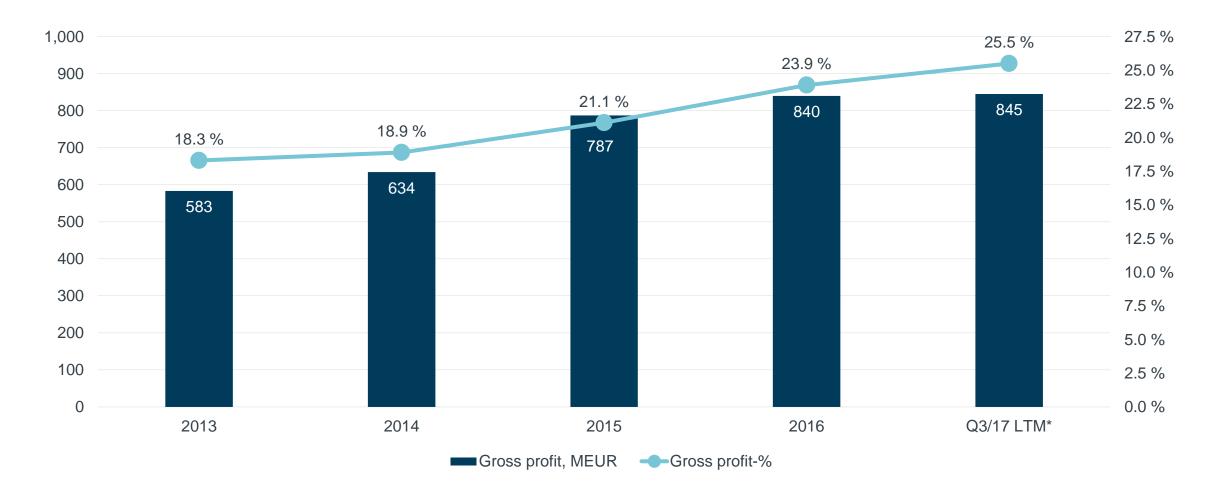








Gross profit improvement driven by new products





Working capital efficiency supports cash flow generation

9% 300 8% 250 7% 6% 200 5% 150 4% 142 100 3% 2% 50 1% 0 0% 2017 Q3 LTM* 2013 2014 2015 2016 Net working capital (LTM* average) —NWC % of sales

Net working capital

Key drivers

MEUR

- + Supply chain optimisation
- + Central spare parts inventory
- + Supplier financing
- + Payment term harmonisation
- Services growth
- Low project orders in Kalmar and MacGregor



Key drivers

- Higher profit
- Working capital efficiency actions
- Asset light business model

*LTM=Last 12 months (Q4/16-Q3/17)



Income statement Q3 2017

MEUR	7-9/2017	7-9/2016	1-9/2017	1-9/2016	1-12/2016
Sales	740.0	854.2	2,378.1	2,580.8	3,513.7
Cost of goods sold	-544.5	-656.7	-1,755.2	-1,963.1	-2,674.0
Gross profit	195.5	197.5	622.9	617.7	839.7
Gross profit, %	26.4%	23.1%	26.2%	23.9%	23.9%
Other operating income	8.4	10.3	27.6	28.8	38.1
Selling and marketing expenses	-51.9	-52.5	-165.3	-163.5	-221.1
Research and development expenses	-21.6	-21.5	-70.7	-67.5	-94.1
Administration expenses	-64.2	-66.1	-200.1	-202.2	-277.0
Restructuring costs	-4.7	-9.7	-19.2	-12.8	-52.5
Other operating expenses	-9.0	-6.4	-26.9	-26.9	-37.8
Costs and expenses	-142.9	-145.9	-454.7	-444.0	-644.4
Share of associated companies' and joint ventures' net income	0.2	4.6	1.2	2.8	2.5
Operating profit	52.7	56.2	169.4	176.4	197.7
Operating profit, %	7.1%	6.6%	7.1%	6.8%	5.6%
Financing income and expenses	-7.9	-9.6	-25.2	-21.5	-28.6
Income before taxes	44.8	46.6	144.2	154.9	169.1
Income before taxes, %	6.1%	5.5%	6.1%	6.0%	4.8%
Income taxes	-12.2	-13.1	-37.5	-41.9	-43.8
Net income for the period	32.6	33.5	106.6	113.0	125-0
Net income for the period, %	4.4%	3.9%	4.5%	4.4%	3.6%
Net income for the period attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent	32.7	33.6	107.0	113.3	126.0
Non-controlling interest	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.7
Total	32.6	33.5	106.6	113.0	125.3
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the parent:					
Basic earnings per share, EUR	0.51	0.52	1.66	1.75	1.95
Diluted earnings per share, EUR	0.50	0.52	1.65	1.75	1.94



Balance sheet Q3 2017

ASSETS, MEUR Non-current assets	30 Sep 2017	30 Sep 2016	31 Dec 2016
Goodwill	994.9	1,016.1	1,024.5
Other intangible assets	262.8	291.2	
Property, plant and equipment	202.8	307.1	308.6
Investments in associated companies and joint ventures	113.8	118.0	123.4
Available-for-sale investments	3.8	3.8	
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	4.5	2.2	3.0
Deferred tax assets	184.4	169.1	185.0
Derivative assets	7.5	12.9	16.9
Other non-interest-bearing assets	7.0	8.9	7.9
Total non-current assets	1,870.5	1,929.5	1,963.4
Current assets			
Inventories	659.8	698.6	647.0
Loans receivable and other interest-bearing assets*	2.6	1.7	1.9
Income tax receivables	47.1	19.4	26.1
Derivative assets	15.1	33.8	45.8

		10.1	20.1
Derivative assets	15.1	33.8	45.8
Accounts receivable and other non-interest-bearing assets	673.6	785.6	778.9
Cash and cash equivalents*	232.5	199.6	273.2
Total current assets	1,630.7	1,738.8	1,773.0

Total assets	3,501.1	3,668.3	3,736.3

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES, MEUR	30 Sep 2017	30 Sep 2016	31 Dec 2016
Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent			
Share capital	64.3		64.3
Share premium account	98.0		98.0
Translation differences	-12.9		37.3
Fair value reserves	4.4		-24.7
Reserve for invested non-restricted equity	69.0		69.0
Retained earnings	1,196.9	1,141.7	1,151.1
Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent	1,419.6	1,394.5	1,395.0
Non-controlling interest	2.3	1.6	2.2
Total equity	1,421.9	1,396.1	1,397.2
Non-current liabilities			
Interest-bearing liabilities*	730.3	656.7	656.8
Deferred tax liabilities	75.3	71.9	73.1
Pension obligations	83.0	74.1	81.4
Provisions	19.3	33.7	37.6
Other non-interest-bearing liabilities	59.4	53.3	49.4
Total non-current liabilities	967.2	889.8	898.2
Current liabilities			
Current portion of interest-bearing liabilities*	17.6	117.2	119.4
Other interest-bearing liabilities*	35.0	39.8	45.8
Provisions	103.4	80.9	112.8
Advances received	138.8	175.1	160.6
Income tax payables	17.0	31.2	32.0
Derivative liabilities	5.6	20.4	34.1
Accounts payable and other non-interest-bearing liabilities	794.6	917.7	936.2
Total current liabilities	1,112.0	1,382.4	1,440.8
	3,501.1		

*Included in interest-bearing net debt.

The notes are an integral part of the interim report.



Cash flow statement Q3 2017

MEUR	1-9/2017	1-9/2016	1-12/2016
Net income for the period	106.6	113.0	125.3
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	52.7	58.0	84.8
Other adjustments	65.3	58.5	72.5
Change in net working capital	-83.5	-8.5	90.5
Cash flow from operations before financing items and taxes	141.1	221.0	373.0
Cash flow from financing items and taxes	-67.9	-22.5	-59.5
Net cash flow from operating activities	73.3	198.5	313.5
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	-1.3	-67.1	-66.8
Disposals of businesses, net of cash sold	-1.2	-	-
Investments in associated companies and joint ventures	-4.7	-2.7	-2.7
Cash flow from investing activities, other items	-44.5	-34.9	-61.9
Net cash flow from investing activities	-51.8	-104.7	-131.5
Proceeds from share subscriptions	-	0.5	0.5
Treasury shares acquired	-	-	-7.6
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-0.4	-	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	250.0	-	-
Repayments of long-term borrowings	-241.4	-3.0	-3.2
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	9.4	30.0	38.2
Repayments of short-term borrowings	-33.6	-61.6	-58.9
Profit distribution	-61.6	-52.2	-52.8
Net cash flow from financing activities	-77.7	-86.4	-83.9
Change in cash and cash equivalents	-56.2	7.4	98.1
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the beginning of period	260.8	164.9	164.9
Effect of exchange rate changes	9.4	0.6	-2.2
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the end of period	214.0	172.9	260.8
Bank overdrafts at the end of period	18.4	26.7	12.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	232.5	199.6	273.2



Sustainability

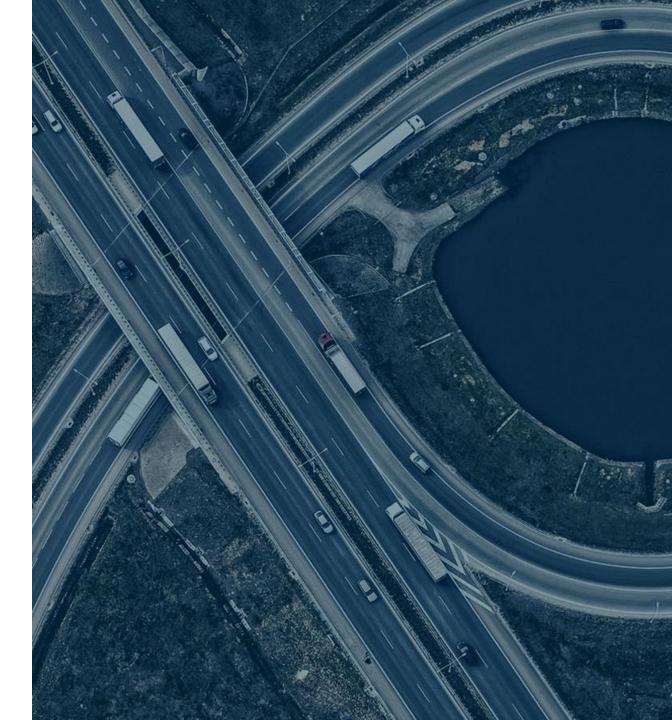


Sustainability is a great business opportunity

We serve an industry, which produces the majority of emissions as well as GDP in the world - Inefficient industry with potential to improve

Our vision to be the leader in intelligent cargo handling also drives sustainability - Increasing efficiency and life-time solutions

We are in a position to be the global frontrunner, setting the sustainability standards for the whole industry - We are ready to shape the industry to one that is more sustainable







Sea Freight Transport is by far the most sustainable transport mode in terms of emissions

Compared to transportation of goods

→ by trains, sea freight emits
 ~2-3 times less emissions

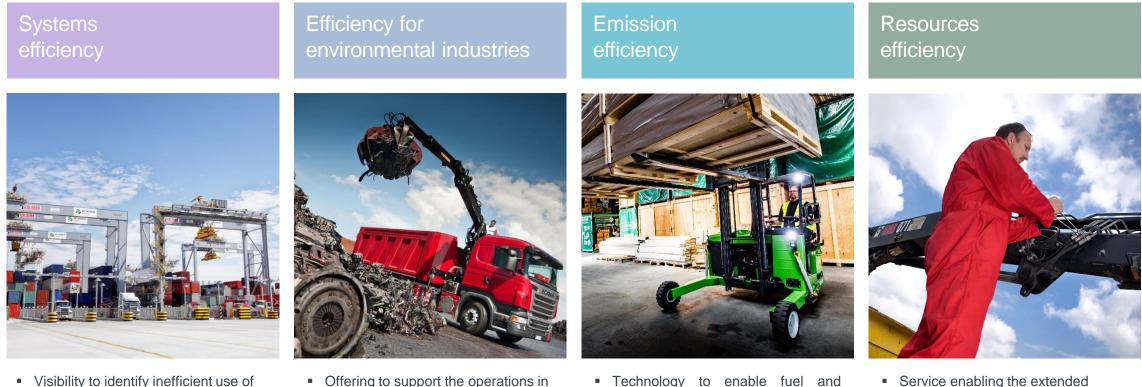
- → by trucks, sea freight emits
 ~3-4 times less emissions
- → by air cargo, sea freight emits
 ~14 times less emissions



Sustainability is our competitive advantage

Sales account for around 20% of the total revenue in 2016:

Significant R&D and digitalisation investments drive the growth of offering for eco-efficiency



- Visibility to identify inefficient use resources and fuel
- Software and design system

- Offering to support the operations in environmental industries
- Cargotec solutions for environmental industries
- Technology to enable fuel and emission efficient offering
- Products with features to decrease fuel usage and avoidance of maritime hydraulic oil emissions
- Service enabling the extended usage of products or new applications
- Product conversions and modernizations



Cargotec will set the industry standard for sustainability

- Cargotec is a supporter of UN Global Compact and other major international sustainability initiatives
- We set the industrial standard in compliant and transparent operations
- We have a clear governance on sustainability issues with Board overview on the subject
- Safety is our key priority and we have clear improvement program to further decrease our current IIFR rate of 5.76
- Certification coverage of production sites:
 - ISO14001 92%
 - OHSAS18001 80%
 - ISO9001 **94%**





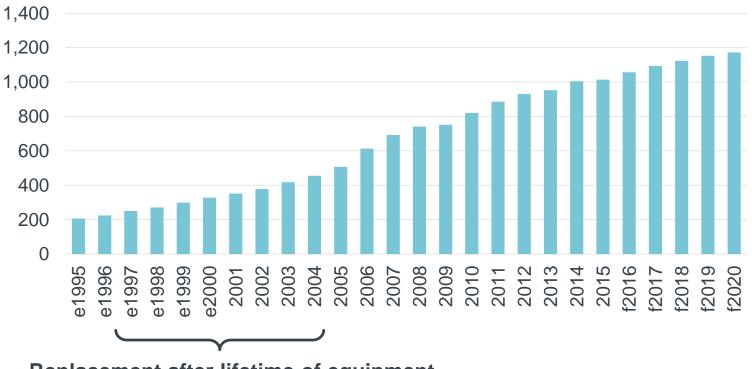


Kalmar appendix



The current replacement market size for key terminal equipment is EUR 1 billion annually and the market is expected to double in the next decade

Total Capacity MTEU



The replacement market will grow in coming years, as the container terminal capacity has expanded significantly during the last two decades.

Average lifetime of type of equipment:

- RTG -15 yrs
- SC 8-10 yrs
- RS/ECH/TT 8 yrs

Replacement after lifetime of equipment

Source: Drewry reports: Global Container Terminal Operators 2001-2016 Note: 1995-2000 capacity is estimation based on the assumption that the utilisation rate has been between 70-72% in that period. 2016-2020 forecast based on Drewry's Global container terminal operators report, published in August 2016

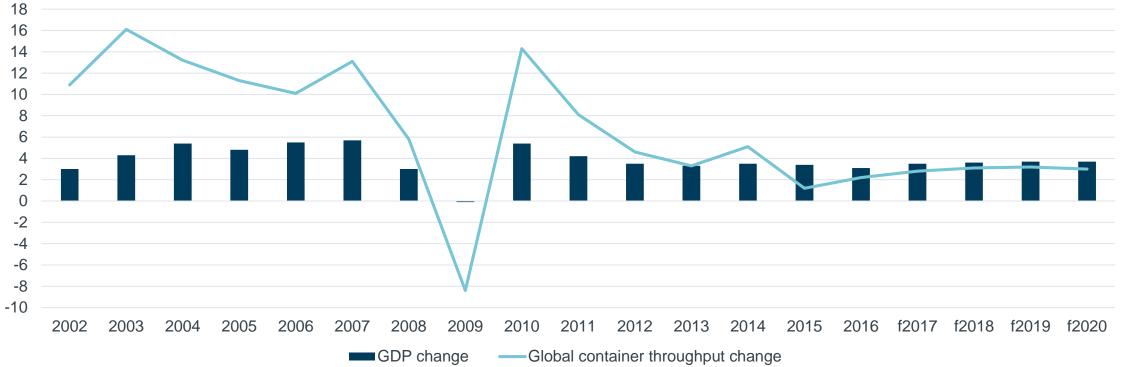


Global container throughput development

Growth stabilising in the short-mid term

Global container throughput and GDP

Change % y/y



Sources: Drewry Q1 2017 Drewry Q3 2016 (2018-2020) IMF World Economic Outlook Database, April 2017

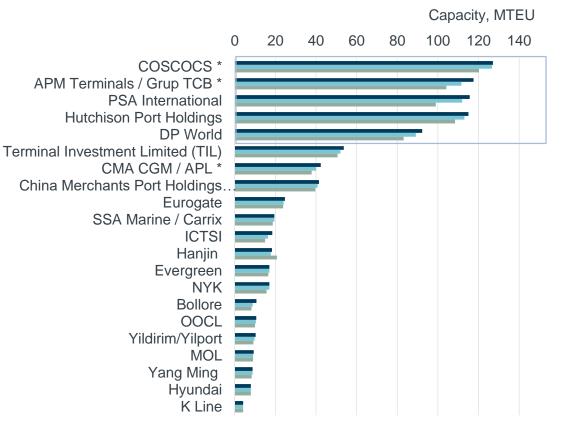


Consolidation leading to five dominant container terminal operators in 2020

24 Global Terminal Operators' total forecasted capacity increase 2015-2020 is 125 Mteu, increasing 3.1% p.a to 892 Mteu by 2020

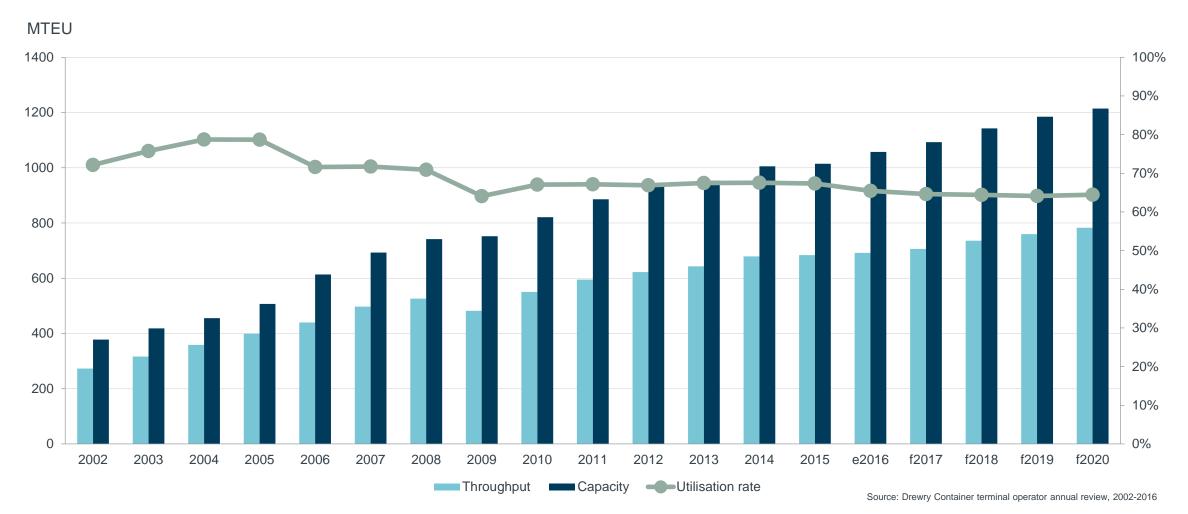
Terminal operators consolidating, recent M&A activity:

- COSCO and China Shipping merged
- APMT bought Group TCB
- CMA CGM bought APL
- Yildrim bought Portugese Tertir group and the company is also eyeing Ports America



■2020 ■2018 ■2016

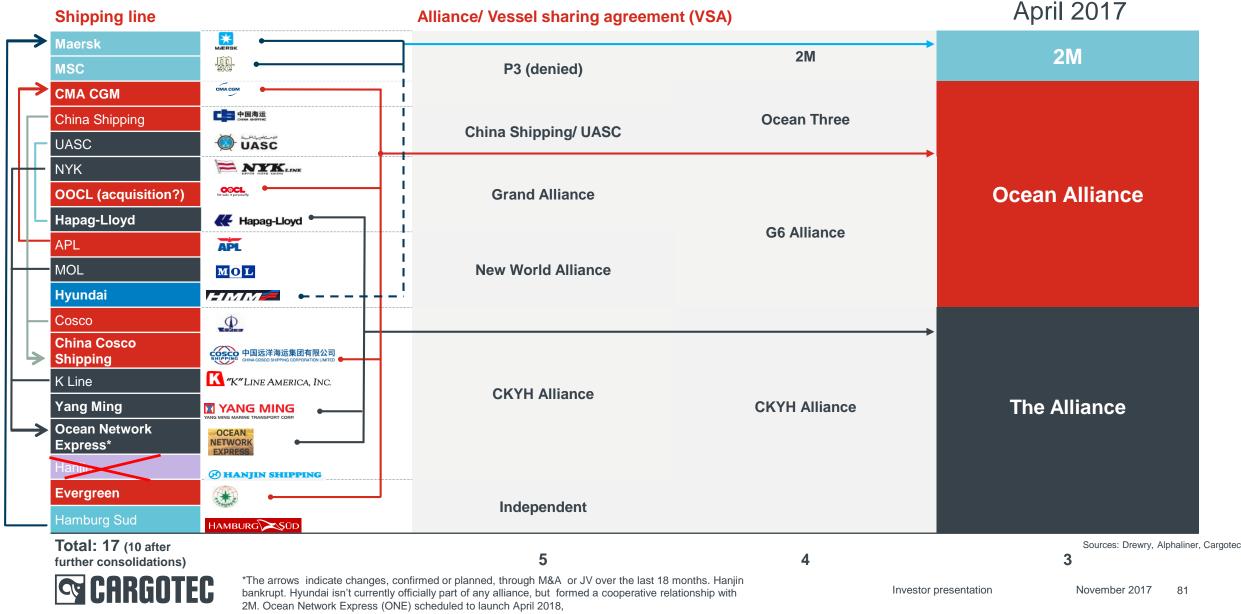
Global container throughput and capacity development





Three alliances controlling about 80% of global container fleet capacity

In 2018 there could be only 9-10 major global shopping lines

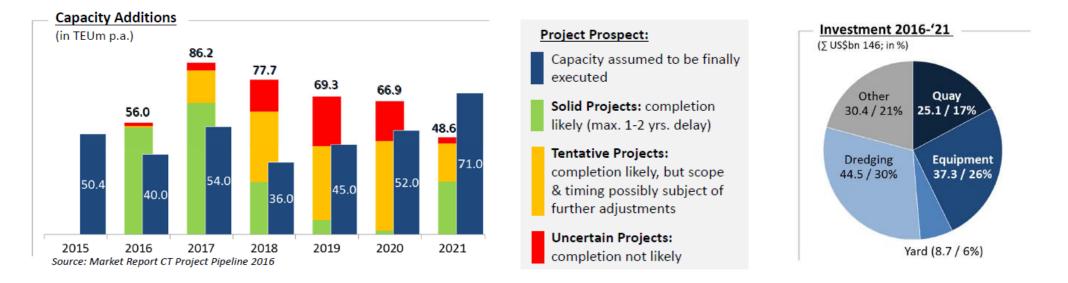


Analyses excludes Zim, PIL and Wan Hai

DS Research: 298 Mteu new capacity to be added 2016-2021 which could trigger US\$bn 37 investments for container handling equipment

According to DS Research, the project pipeline of all upcoming container terminal projects consists of 405 TEUm additional capacity scheduled for completion until 2021. 298 TEUm new capacity is expected to be finally executed until 2021, assuming that further project postponements are required to adjust to the weakening demand. This would trigger roughly US\$bn 146 investment.

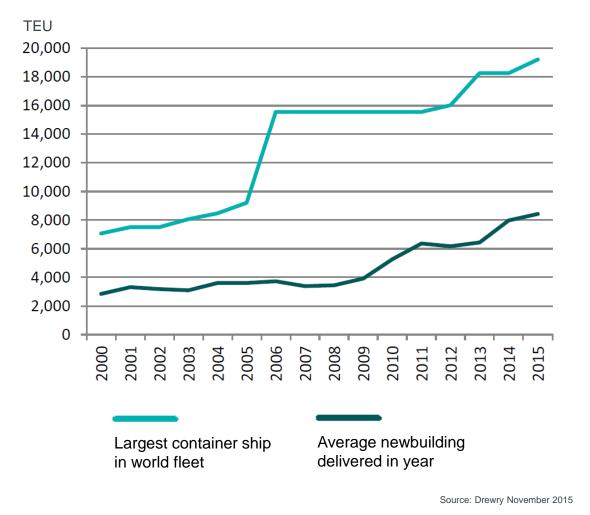
Depending on the type of project, different cost have been assumed for quay construction, container handling equipment, yard construction, dredging & land reclamation and other cost. Overall, DS Research has estimated that investments for container terminal projects 2016-'21 include about US\$bn 37 for container handling equipment.





Ship sizes increasing dramatically

- The largest containership in the fleet has nearly tripled since 2000
- The average size of new builds doubles between 2009 and 2014



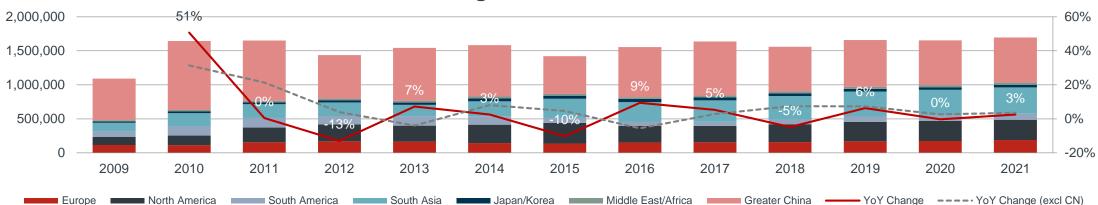


Hiab appendix



Global truck volumes

IHS predicts global truck volumes to increase in 2017, driven by China and South Asia, Outlook on Europe has been upgraded significantly compared to previous forecasts



Truck registrations, GVW >15t

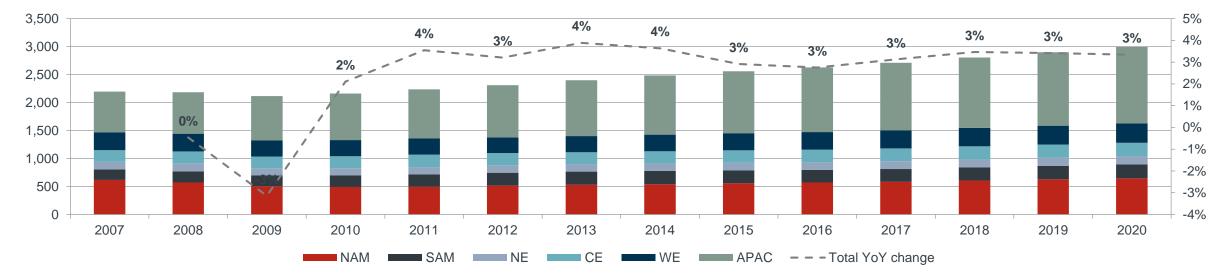
Ch	YoY changes (vs. prev. year)											
	2 017	2 018	2 019	2 020	2 021		2 016	2 017	2 018	2 019	2 020	2 021
Europe	5,1%	1,8%	0,5%	0,5%	1,1%	Europe	10,5%	1,3%	2,2%	7,8%	2,4%	7,7%
North America	1,9%	0,7%	1,2%	1,4%	2,0%	North America	-19,6%	-0,8%	9,6%	8,5%	2,4%	2,2%
South America	-0,3%	-1,5%	1,2%	-1,5%	-0,2%	South America	-20,9%	4,9%	12,3%	12,5%	4,4%	7,9%
South Asia	-4,8%	-3,6%	-1,4%	-1,2%	-1,4%	South Asia	4,5%	7,3%	9,3%	6,7%	3,0%	2,5%
Japan/Korea	3,9%	3,3%	3,3%	3,4%	3,1%	Japan/Korea	1,8%	-3,4%	-4,0%	-2,8%	-3,9%	-2,6%
Middle East/Africa	1,1%	0,0%	0,2%	0,2%	0,6%	Middle East/Africa	-4,5%	1,8%	4,6%	2,8%	6,3%	3,5%
Greater China	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	Greater China	32,8%	8,0%	-17,8%	5,0%	-4,4%	1,1%
Total	0,0%	-0,4%	0,2%	0,2%	0,3%	Total	9,4%	5,3%	-4,8%	6,3%	-0,3%	2,6%



Source: IHS Truck registration (Jun 2017 compared to Feb 2017)

Construction output forecast

Annual Construction Output



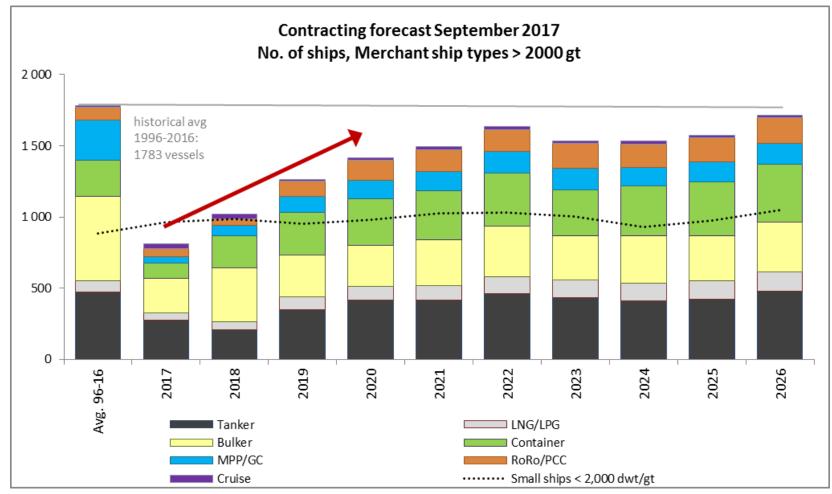
C	YoY changes											
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
NAM	-0,3%	-2,3%	-4,4%	-5,9%	-6,6%	NAM	3,1%	2,3%	2,4%	3,9%	3,5%	2,9%
SAM	-1,8%	-2,6%	-2,4%	-2,6%	-2,7%	SAM	-1,4%	-2,0%	0,5%	2,6%	2,6%	2,9%
NE	3,3%	4,8%	4,8%	4,8%	4,7%	NE	1,0%	-0,4%	2,7%	1,5%	1,5%	1,6%
CE	0,5%	1,3%	1,4%	1,5%	1,4%	CE	1,6%	1,1%	2,4%	2,1%	1,6%	1,4%
WE	0,2%	0,6%	0,7%	0,7%	0,6%	WE	2,2%	3,1%	2,0%	2,3%	2,6%	3,0%
APAC	-0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,1%	0,1%	APAC	4,5%	4,6%	4,5%	4,2%	4,3%	4,2%
Total	-0,1%	-0,3%	-0,8%	-1,1%	-1,3%	Total	2,9%	2,8%	3,1%	3,5%	3,4%	3,3%



MacGregor appendix



Merchant ships: Contracting forecast by shiptype (no of ships) Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, base case



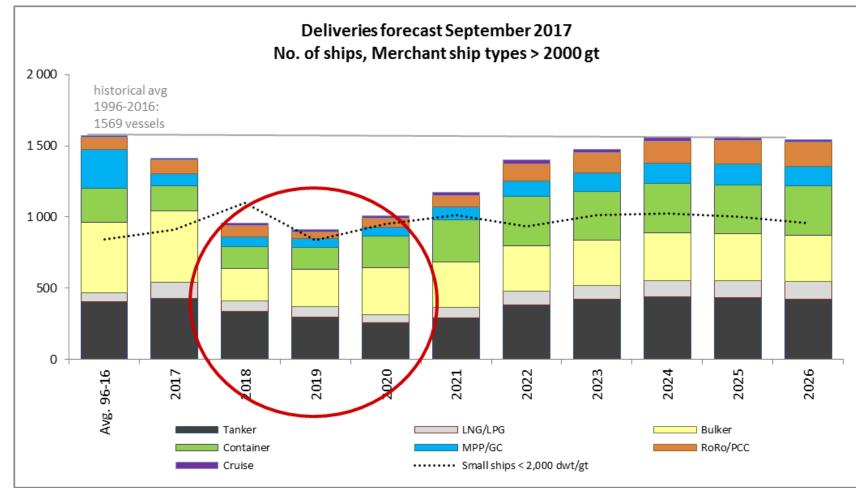


Source: Clarksons September 2017

Merchant ships: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (no of ships)

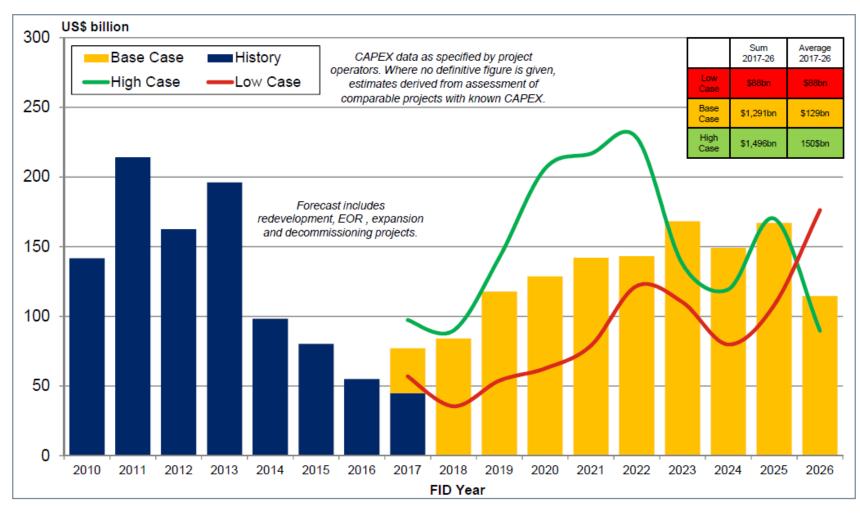
Merchant ship types > 2000 gt, base case

Deliveries 2018 and onwards decrease due to the extremely low contracting levels 2015-2017, and will remain at historically lower levels in medium-term due to the continued lower contracting.





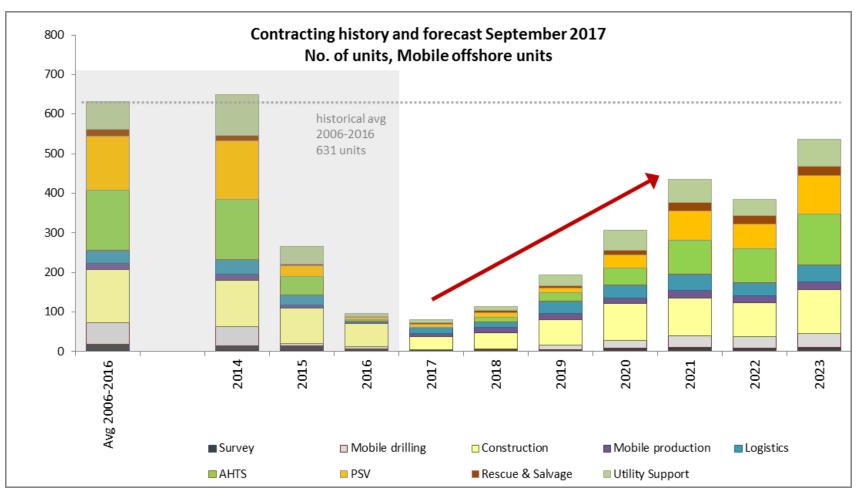
Offshore oil & gas CAPEX – historical and projected - Base case USD 60/bbl 2021





Offshore mobile units: Contracting forecast by shiptype (number of units)

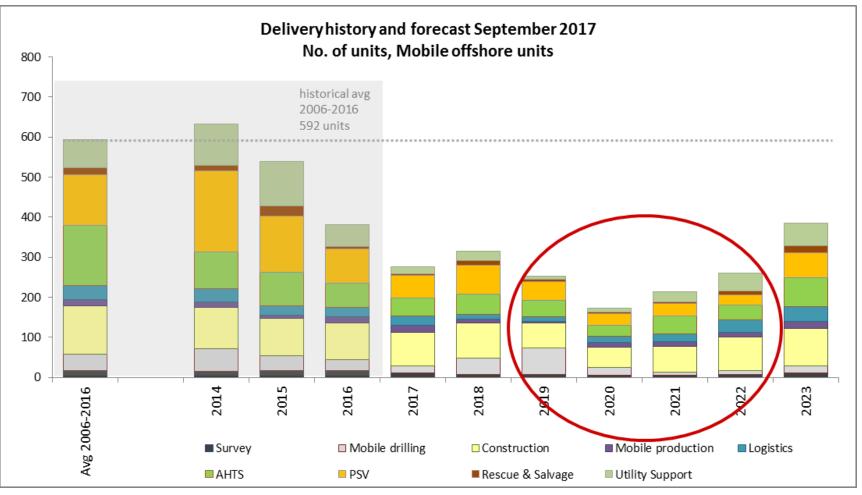
Offshore mobile units, base case USD 60/bbl 2021





Offshore mobile units: Deliveries forecast by shiptype (no of units)

Offshore mobile units, base case (USD 60/bbl 2021)





Shipbuilding – Contracting ships >2000 gt/dwt

Global Contracting Activity (1st October 2017)												
		Ν	lo.		\$bn				m. CGT			
	2015	2016	2017ytd	%y-o-y*	2015	2016	2017ytd	%у-о-у*	2015	2016	2017ytd	%у-о-у*
TOTAL (>2,000 Dwt/GT**)	1,731	561	558	33%	91.8	36.6	45.0	64%	40.6	12.8	16.0	67%
Vessel Type												
Bulkers	344	55	150	264%	9.2	3.4	4.6	80%	6.1	1.9	3.4	135%
Tankers	564	185	197	42%	26.2	5.8	9.2	109%	13.0	3.2	5.1	116%
Containerships	268	95	48	-33%	19.4	2.9	2.6	20%	10.7	2.0	1.9	30%
Gas Carriers	111	21	34	116%	11.6	1.9	3.6	159%	4.6	0.7	1.5	163%
Offshore	186	54	32	-21%	8.3	2.2	6.2	271%	1.6	0.6	0.5	26%
Others	258	151	97	-14%	17.1	20.4	18.7	23%	4.7	4.4	3.5	8%
Builder Country												
China	593	249	215	15%	23.7	8.9	10.0	51%	11.9	4.7	5.1	44%
South Korea	299	73	133	143%	25.0	4.4	12.1	266%	11.2	2.2	5.0	205%
Japan	532	84	75	19%	23.8	3.2	2.6	11%	12.5	1.6	1.5	22%
Europe	126	106	70	-12%	13.7	18.6	18.2	31%	2.7	3.6	3.2	20%
Other	181	49	65	77%	5.5	1.6	1.9	63%	2.4	0.6	1.1	139%

Contracting Volumes 2009-2017 Estimated newbuilding investment no. of ships \$bn 3,500 300 \$bn --- 2017ytd 275 2016 3,000 250 2015 2014 225 2,500 2013 200 2012 175 2011 2,000 2010 150 2009 125 1,500 100 75 1,000 50 Cumulative contracting 500 ----25 0 2008 2009 2010 2012 2013 2007 0 2011 Jan May P Aug Sept Dec Not Feb Mar Apr ηη

CARGOTEC

2014

2015

2016

2017ytd

Bulkers

Tankers

Offshore

Others

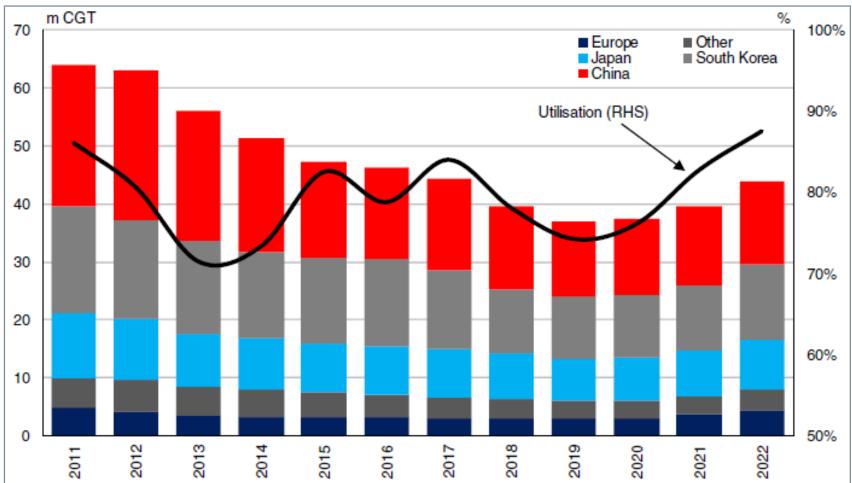
Containerships

Gas Carriers

Shipbuilding capacity and utilisation scenario

Total 'commercially available' shipyard capacity peaked at around 63.9m CGT at the end of 2011 and has since declined by an estimated 28% to reach 46.3m CGT at the end of 2016.

A further 20% fall in capacity is expected between the end of 2016 and the end of 2019, when 'commercially available' capacity is forecast to decline to a low of 37.1m CGT.

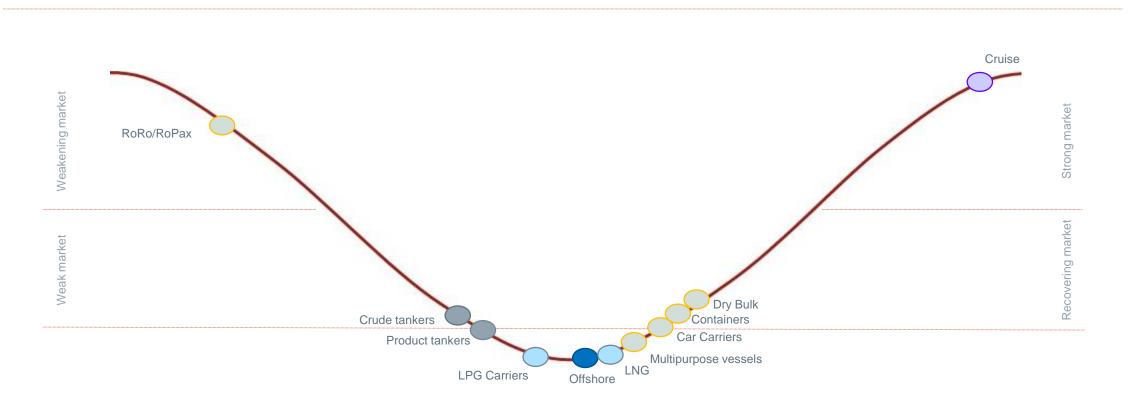


Source: Clarksons September 2017



Shipping cycle positions

Freight/earnings indicative cycles by ship type, timeline of each cycle not exact as they vary



Source: MacGregor internal & Clarksons September 2017



We are capturing "blue growth" opportunities





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